"All the News That's Fit to Print"

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Clearing and colder; brisk to high northwest winds.

VOL. LIII...NO. 16,813. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1903.—SIXTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Elsewhere, Jersey City and Newark. TWO CENTS.

MORGAN SAYS PRESIDENT FOSTERED REVOLUTION

Administration's Course in Panama Sharply Attacked.

Senator Says Mr. Roosevelt Has Not Kept Faith with Congress in Interpretation of Spooner Law.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Declarations that President Roosevelt was using his position to advance his personal views, that he fostered the revolution in Panama, and that he has not kept faith with Congress in the recent interpretation of the Spooner law were made on the floor of the Senate to-day. Senator Morgan of Alabama began a speech, which will be continued to-morrow, in which he made the expected attack on the Administration's course.

Mr. Hale, in the afternoon, presented the list of Senate committees as adopted by the caucuses of the Republican and Democratic Senators. On the motion to adopt the report Mr. Morgan took the floor and addressed himself to the Isthmian Canal question. He said he did not regret his retirement as Chairman of the Committee on Interoceanic Canals.

Mr. Morgan disclaimed partisanship in the conduct of the affairs of that committee, and declared that he had not, and would not, reverse his position on the canal question at the instance of any party caucus. He discussed at some length the attitude of the President in the matter of the selection of a route for the proposed canal, and in doing so accused Mr. Roosevelt of using his official position to advance his personal views. One man in the Presidential office might be able, the Senator said, to crush all opposition, but it remained to be seen whether he could crush the statutes of Congress. He referred to the Spooner act, and said no one could nullify it. The revolution in Panama, he said, was a Caesarian operation which took Panama alive from the womb of Colombia.

Mr. Morgan charged that the President had made the canal question a party question, and added:

"I think that the President's appeal to party discipline to force his opinions on the country and his measures of aggression on foreign countries, in addition to his power as Commander in Chief of the army and navy, which he uses with a dreadful latitude of construction, is so strong a proof of heart failure in the present wild moments that I am encouraged to hope that there are still some barriers that we may rely upon to protect the peace and save the commerce of the country. I regret that party discipline is to be used as a domestic police force to protect 'the transit' in Panama and to guard the interests of the new canal company. That we will get a canal if one can be built in Panama I have no doubt, for the President has said so. Yet this result is not nearly so certain or so safe as if he should obey the Spooner law."

Mr. Morgan said that he had only consented to the enactment of the Spooner bill because of his confidence in the good faith of the President in enforcing the law, and now that the President had not been fit to keep that faith it remained to be seen whether the Senate would support him in that position. The President had completed his campaign against the Spooner act by having Mr. Hay sign a treaty with "somebody from Panama," who had no authority except that conveyed in a cablegram from a junta at Panama.

The Senator read the correspondence bearing upon the revolution to show, as he said, "that the President had known of the uprising on the Isthmus before it began, and had stood ready with armed ships to protect those engaged in it."

The pertense in Assistant Secretary Loomis's dispatch that it was this country's desire to maintain peace was, Mr. Morgan declared, the grimmest piece of irony that had ever graced diplomatic annals.

Mr. Morgan expressed the hope that Mr. May had been asleep when some of the messages of his subordinates had been flying over the wire. "As for the President," he said, "he never sleeps on his post of duty or desire, although he sometimes closes his eyes to what is going on about him."

Mr. Morgan contended that Colombia had a perfect right to suppress an uprising of the Isthmians, and declared that the United States had failed utterly to observe its treaty obligations in pursuing the course it had taken. Indeed, he said, the country's course there had been such that it would "bring down the censure of future generations upon us," and he predicted that the immediate result would be disastrous and cause the loss of both men and treasure. The consequence would be such that the President would have no time for dreams of diplomatic triumphs.

Mr. Hay, said Mr. Morgan, had not been in his (Mr. Morgan's) opinion a free agent in negotiating either of the canal treaties. Mr. Morgan charged that the President had resolved when the Hay-Herran treaty was under consideration to push the canal through, and, if authority did not exist, had made up his mind to create it.

With the understanding that he should continue his speech to-morrow, Mr. Morgan yielded the floor.

GEN. REYES GRATEFUL.

Thanks the President and Secretary Moody for the Courtesies Extended to Him at Colon.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Rear Admiral Coghlan, commander of the Caribbean Squadron, cables the Navy Department from Colon, under date of Nov. 21, that Gen. Reyes, the Special Commissioner of the Bogota Government, tenders his sincere thanks to President Roosevelt and Secretary of the Navy Moody for the gracious treatment accorded to him at Colon by this country's naval force.

Admiral Coghlan confirms the press dispatches that Gen. Reyes has departed for Washington via Port Limon, for a conference with Dr. Amador, a member of the Panama Commission, and others in the United States. Before his departure he informed Admiral Coghlan that the Panama Government had cabled Dr. Amador to await his (Reyes's) arrival.

Admiral Coghlan further states that Gen. Reyes expects to make amicable relations with the Special Commissioners from Panama now in Washington.

It is understood that the commission from Bolivar, which has arrived here, has no definite programme for its movements, but it is probable that when Gen. Reyes arrives in Washington, about the end of the month, there will be a general conference of the various Colombian and Panamanian elements.

PANAMA'S PROMISE TO FRANCE.

M. Delcasse Reads a Dispatch Guaranteeing the Continuance of the Rights Granted by Colombia.

PARIS, Nov. 23.—Foreign Minister Delcassé addressed the Chamber of Deputies to-day in reply to questions regarding foreign affairs. He opened with a statement with reference to the Panama question, saying:

"I am asked for information concerning the action of France. Here is what has been done. Having received notification that Panama had constituted herself an independent republic we had only to consider, once she had fulfilled the necessary conditions for the maintenance of order, what guarantees she offered.

"From the French point of view we had not been without apprehension for some time. It has been said at Bogota for several months that the decision of the Colombian Government prolonging the canal concession was open to dispute, and that in 1904 the concession might be declared to have lapsed.

"If this theory had ever been put forward officially we would not have accepted it. It was our strict duty to demand from the Republic of Panama assurance that all French interests, including the canal concession, be respected. This assurance has been given us in decisive form, the following being the textual form of the promise:

"'The Republic of Panama solemnly, expressly, and definitely pledges itself vigilantly to protect French interests and to maintain and interpret in their widest sense the contracts made before Nov. 3, which, referring to the Isthmus, follow the transmission of sovereignty and bind the Republic of Panama. All these contracts are maintained, notably the contract prolonging the concession until 1910.'

"Under these conditions we had only to follow the example set by the United States and permit our agents to enter into relations with all the agents of the new republic."

The declaration of the Foreign Minister was received with applause.

VESSELS FROM COLON BARRED.

Not Allowed to Enter Cartagena, and Steamers There Not Permitted to Clear for Colon.

COLON, Nov. 23.—A decree was issued at Cartagena on Nov. 10, setting forth that no steamers should be allowed to clear from Cartagena for Colon, or to enter Cartagena coming from Colon.

All the foreign Consuls and steamship agents at Cartagena have protested, without effect, against the decree.

PRAISES AMERICA'S COURSE.

London Times Says the President and Mr. Hay Have Displayed Consummate Ability.

LONDON Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—In an editorial article to-day The Times says the construction of the Panama Canal is apparently assured.

"Apparently," says The Times, "the consummate ability with which Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Hay have carried through the whole business has won reluctant approval even in very antagonistic quarters among their fellow-countrymen. Seldom do the barriers of obstruction collapse so satisfactorily."

NO RUPTURE WITH COLOMBIA.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Minister Beaupré's status at Bogota remains unchanged so far as the officials here know, and, notwithstanding the menacing tone of the notes addressed to him by the Colombian Minister for Foreign Affairs, the State Department does not consider that there has been a breach in the relations between the United States and Colombia.

The fact that the Colombian Legation here is still open for business under instructions from Bogota is confirmatory evidence of the fact that there has been no rupture of relations.

CHINA FOLLOWS SUIT.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Sir Chentung Liang-Cheng, the Chinese Minister, called at the State Department to-day officially to notify Secretary Hay that his Government had authorized him to extend the recognition of China to the Panama Government on the same terms as that accorded by the United States.

KAISER RECOGNIZES PANAMA.

BERLIN, Nov. 23.—Emperor William has directed the German authorities officially to recognize the Republic of Panama.

An announcement of the recognition of the new State is expected daily.

MR. DIETRICH SEEKS TRIAL.

Is in Omaha to Secure an Immediate Hearing Which, He Says, Will Vindicate Him.

OMAHA, Nov. 23.—United States Senator Charles H. Dietrich arrived in Omaha to-day and went directly to the office of his attorney, with whom he had a conference. He said with regard to the indictment recently brought against him:

"I am in Omaha to secure an immediate trial. I want all the evidence brought before the court, which will show a complete vindication. I consider this not merely a trial before a Federal Judge, but also before the great tribunal—the people of Nebraska and of the whole country.

"It is a case in which the honor of the United States Senate is involved, and I wish to have the people of the country know all the facts."

MEMPHIS VEILED IN SMOKE.

Special to The New York Times.

MEMPHIS, Nov. 23.—Memphis has been shrouded in smoke for forty-eight hours, and there is no relief in sight. Trolley cars have been forced to operate at half speed, and general traffic has suffered, so dense is the veil since Saturday night.

The smoke extends from a point below Vicksburg to Memphis and further north. It comes from the burning of dry grass, leaves, and brush on cattle pastures along the Yazoo, Mississippi, Arkansas, and other rivers. It is augmented by forest fires thus originated.

Mississippians arriving in Memphis report the woods between Helena and this city blazing fiercely. As yet no loss of life has been reported, although many head of live-stock have been suffocated from smoke in interior portions of the delta.

NEW NIGHT EXPRESS TO PITTSBURG VIA PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

With the general change of time November 29 the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will inaugurate a new fast express train, the "Pittsburg Special," leaving West 23d St. Station, New York, 9.55 P. M. daily; Cortlandt and Desbrosses Sts., 10.00 P. M., arriving Pittsburg 9.00 A. M. This train will be equipped with standard vestibule coaches, Pullman drawing-room sleeping cars, and a dining car, Altoona to Pittsburg.—Adv.

PITCHED BATTLE IN PIT

Irish and Italian Laborers Clash with Serious Results.

Two Men Seriously Injured—One Nervy Policeman with a Revolver Overawes Rioters on Broadway.

At the bottom of an excavation at Broadway and Twenty-ninth Street, forty feet below the level of the street, in and out among huge beams and over boulders and ropes and blocks, fifty Italian laborers and seventy Irish rock drillers fought for a half hour yesterday afternoon, while a crowd of more than a thousand persons stood about the edge of the big hole and shouted and threw stones promiscuously at the contestants until the arrival of the police reserves.

Two men were more or less seriously injured during the riot, and a score of others received bruises. Broadway became blocked with excited spectators, and street-car traffic was interrupted. Many women guests in the Gilsey house, who witnessed the struggle from the upper windows of the hotel, were thrown into a state of panic.

The excavation is being made for the foundation of the new hotel building to be erected by the Fuller Construction Company at the southeast corner of Broadway and Twenty-ninth Street, and at present presents an enormous pit, which, with the heavy shoring around its edges, yawns darkly, so that the men working down at its bottom were going about in yesterday's mist with flaring torches.

The trouble started between James Kennedy, twenty-nine years old, of 172 East One Hundred and Twelfth Street, a rock driller, and Lorenzo Vito, twenty-nine years old, of 330 West Sixty-ninth Street. Kennedy was running a drill, and Vito, it is said, began to berate him for taking some tool he wanted to use. Blows were struck, and the men clinched and rolled over and down the shelving rock, striking and yelling, their voices being sent upward to the street as through a giant megaphone.

Almost instantly every Italian laborer in the excavation quit work and made a general move toward the contestants. Then, with one accord, the Irishmen left their drills and other work and got together quickly. Luigi Vito, a brother of one of the contestants, was the first to rush forward, and he carried a four-foot wrench in his hand. Drill Foreman Richard Sweeney quickly threw himself in front of the enraged brother, whereupon the latter struck him over the head with the heavy weapon, knocking him senseless and laying open the scalp for several inches.

This was the signal for a general fracas, during which the opposing gangs struggled over the slippery boulders, into and out of pools of water, over and under beams and pumps and hose pipes, using fists and stones and feet. The shouts of the belligerents soon lined the bridges about the edge of the excavation far above with excited spectators.

On the street were numbers of Irish truckmen engaged in the work, and these became wildly excited when they saw their friends fighting below. Many seized stones and took pot shots with them at the Italians.

The noise emptied the lobbies of the Gilsey House across the street, and from the hotel office ward of the riot was sent into the West Thirty-fifth Street Station-house. Roundsman John J. Daly, whose station is at the crossing, was early up-town, but for some time he could find no means of getting down into the excavation where the men were fighting like tigers.

He finally found the ladder and rushed down to the bottom of the hole, but was swallowed up in the crowd of fighting men and pushed this way and that. His helmet was knocked off his head by a stone thrown from above, and, becoming desperate, he drew his revolver.

The sight of the weapon cleared a space around him, and he managed to get to where Lorenzo Vito was kneeling on Kennedy's chest.

According to the officer, the Italian had a big axe raised over the prostrate man's head and was about to strike when Daly struck him down with the butt. Another driller took the axe away from Vito and held him until Daly put the Italian under arrest.

At the point of his pistol Daly drove the Italian before him up the ladder to the street. When nearing the top of the ladder the Italian heard the drivers of the sand trucks crying out threats against him, and he refused to go on. The policeman prodded him with his club, and several of the truck drivers reached down, and, grabbing him by the collar, hustled him to the surface, where they set upon him. He begged the men not to kill him. Daly soon reached the surface and rescued his prisoner.

The fighting down below was still going on when the reserves under Roundsman Shatlock arrived. Luigi Vito was arrested on Sweeney's complaint. Kennedy was found to be suffering from various bruises and had a big piece bitten out of his cheek. He and Sweeney were taken to the New York Hospital, and after their wounds were dressed went to the Jefferson Market Police Court, where the Vito brothers were arraigned. The prisoners were held in $500 bail each for examination to-day.

BOSTON BOOKSHOPS RAIDED.

One of Them the Famous Old Corner Book Store—Proprietors Arrested.

BOSTON, Nov. 23.—Three well-known book stores, one of them the Old Corner Book Store, were raided to-day by the Watch and Ward Society, and four men, the proprietors of the three stores, and a clerk, were arrested, charged with selling and having in possession for sale books unfit for the public to read.

The raid was the result of the recent conviction of another bookseller in the Municipal Court. The books seized were twenty-two in number, including the "Decameron" of Boccaccio, and other classics.

The Old Corner Book Store was for years one of Boston's most famous literary landmarks. James T. Fields at one time had a controlling interest in it, and Longfellow, Holmes, Whittier, and other well-known poets and authors were accustomed to meet there regularly. The firm recently moved to Bromfield Street, where the raid took place.

J. OGDEN ARMOUR SUBPOENAED.

Asked to Testify in Porter Brothers' Bankruptcy Case.

CHICAGO, Nov. 23.—Extensive private interests of James S. Watson, former President of the Porter Brothers Company, were revealed before Bankruptcy Referee Wean to-day. Attorney Albert Bach of New York using the schedules of the witness's own debts and assets as a basis for his examination.

It was shown that the witness was interested as stockholder in half a dozen or more large corporations, as well as the owner of much real estate, now heavily mortgaged. The private schedules of Mr. Watson showed his debts to be $1,295,000. Of the total liabilities only $164,375 were secured by shares of stock.

Attorneys Bach and C. W. Greenfield have subpoenaed J. Ogden Armour and George S. Robbins to appear before Referee Wean Nov. 30. Mr. Armour is said to be the principal backer of the Fruit Growers' Express Company, from which Mr. Watson is said to have received rebates of $1,800,000, while Mr. Robbins is its manager.

The schedules of Mr. Watson, presented before Referee Wean, show the following secured claims: John E. Bleekman, New York, for $65,000; Armour & Co., for $35,400; Fruit Auction Company, New York, for $10,000. There are other smaller claims for which securities were given.

Thanksgiving Dinner.

Dewey's assorted cases of pure wines. Prices from $4.00 to $6.00 per case. Price per bottle, 35c. to $1.00. Dewey's, 198 Fulton St., New York City.—Adv.

SENATORS ACCUSED OF UNDERMINING LABOR.

Hanna, Morgan, Lodge, and O. H. Platt Named by Union Delegate—Convention Ends.

BOSTON, Nov. 23.—At the meeting of the American Federation of Labor to-day the report advocating the reappointment by the executive council of the Legislation Committee to follow labor legislation at Washington occasioned one of the most earnest debates of the session.

In justifying the existence of the committee, Mr. Furuseth in a dramatic manner delivered an arraignment of the United States Senate.

"I tell you," he said, "and I want to leave these words with you, that there is in the Senate a party without a name, that deliberately and with malice aforethought, step by step, is taking from the working people every right the men have, and that it is creating conditions which will make all your legislation in other directions of no use."

Mr. Furuseth closed by telling the convention that Senators Platt of Connecticut, Lodge of Massachusetts, Hanna of Ohio, and Morgan of Alabama should be watched with greatest care.

"A few more I could name, but if I don't mention them I will get along better," were his words.

The report of the committee was concurred in.

The convention at 8:30 o'clock was declared adjourned sine die.

GRAND RAPIDS BRIBERY CASE.

Ex-Alderman Schriver Pleads Guilty and ex-Mayor Perry Is Held in Bail.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Nov. 23.—Ex-Mayor George R. Perry, charged with having received a bribe of $5,333 from L. K. Salsbury while the Garman-Cameron water deal was in progress, waived examination in the police court to-day and was bound over to the Superior Court for trial. He furnished $5,000 bail.

Ex-Alderman Adrian Schriver has pleaded guilty to the charge of having received $325 as a bribe from L. K. Salsbury for his assistance in pushing the water deal. Schriver was arraigned in the Superior Court to-day, and after pleading guilty, was remanded for sentence. It is expected that sentence will be deferred, as Schriver will be a witness for the State in the other prosecutions. He has already told the prosecution secretly what he knows of the deal.

In addition to the confessions of Aldermen Schriver and Ghysels, several other Aldermen have confessed to their share in the deal, and are expected to become State's witnesses. Their names are not yet known, however.

AWAIT DIVORCE TO MARRY.

Mrs. Kemp and Hollis H. Hunnewell May Wed in Newport Saturday.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, Nov. 23.—It is reported that the marriage of Mrs. Belle Kemp to Hollis H. Hunnewell will take place here Saturday next. A Judge of the Supreme Court will hold a special session of the Appellate Division of the court Friday to grant final decrees in a number of petitions of divorce which were heard six months ago. Mrs. Kemp's petition being among the number.

There is considerable speculation regarding who is to perform the marriage. Mrs. Kemp is a Roman Catholic and Mr. Hunnewell an Episcopalian. The clergymen of neither of these Churches will marry a divorced person. The laws of Rhode Island permit only ministers or elders of established churches, Justices of the Supreme Court, or in the case of New Shoreham, the Wardens of that town, to perform marriage ceremonies, and it is possible that a Supreme Court Justice, possibly the one who grants the divorce, may marry Mrs. Kemp and Mr. Hunnewell.

In whatever event, the wedding will be a very quiet affair, with only a very few presents.

COAL ROYALTY DECISION.

Pennsylvania Lessees to be Paid on Smaller Sizes.

Special to The New York Times.

WILKESBARRE, Penn., Nov. 23.—Judge Halsey decided to-day in the case of the heirs of ex-Gov. Hoyt and others against the Kingston Coal Company that the company had to pay them 15 cents excess royalty on each ton of the smaller sizes of coal marketed within the last several years.

The original lease, as in many other cases, called for royalty on only that coal which would pass over a five-eighth screen, but for many years the smaller sizes have been very profitable, and the coal companies have refused to pay for them.

Judge Halsey decided the lessors were entitled to royalty on all marketable coal. If the Supreme Court upholds this decision the coal companies will have to pay lessors many thousands of dollars.

BIG NEW ORLEANS EXCHANGE.

Consolidation of Three Will Form One Large Organization.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 23.—After considerable effort the Board of Trade and Merchants and Maritime Exchanges of this city will be consolidated.

While the plan has not been definitely accepted, the details of their amalgamation have practically been decided, and in a few days the deal will be put through without opposition. The name of the consolidation is to be the Board of Trade, Limited.

Special Exchange rooms will be leased for the maritime branch. Each member of the Maritime Exchange will receive a share of stock in the present Board of Trade, now worth $200, but with the consolidation effected it is probable it will advance to $500.

The Maritime Exchange has 130 members, and the Board of Trade 608, making a total for the new Exchange of 738.

New Alabama Electric Lines.

Special to The New York Times.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 23.—The last steam dummy disappeared from Birmingham to-day, when the Birmingham Railway, Light, and Power Company put into operation its Powderley electric line between here and Bessemer, a distance of twelve miles. An electric line has just gone into operation connecting the Decaturs, and the Sheffield, Florence, and Tuscumbia electric line is ready to operate cars.

Pinehurst, N. C.

Holly Inn now open for guests. Golf links in fine condition. Delightful spot for Autumnal outing. One night out from New York; Seaboard Air Line or Southern Railway. Apply to their offices or Pinehurst General Office, Pinehurst, N. C., for literature.—Adv.

To cure a Cold on the Lungs, and to prevent pneumonia, always take Piso's Cure. 25c.—Adv.

GOV. ODELL SUMMONED TO SEE THE PRESIDENT

Mr. Roosevelt Anxious Over New York Situation.

MR. ODELL STARTS AT ONCE

Hurried Call Follows Long Conference Between Senator Platt, Mr. Dunn, and Chief Executive at White House.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Political conditions in New York are under review at the White House in a series of conferences between the President and New York Republican leaders. Senator Platt and State Chairman Dunn had a conference with Mr. Roosevelt to-day, in the course of which word was sent to Gov. Odell that the President desired to see him. He will be here to-morrow.

Mr. Platt left the Senate Chamber about 1 o'clock and went to the White House, where Mr. Dunn had already arrived. The conference was continued during luncheon, and the two New Yorkers did not leave the White House until nearly 3:30. It cannot be learned whether or not they will be present at the conference between the President and the Governor to-morrow.

The object of the conferences is not yet definitely known, but it is understood that they have to do with the newspaper articles published in New York in the last two days, indicating the existence of a movement to defeat Mr. Roosevelt for the Presidential nomination.

It is strongly doubted whether Mr. Hanna really intends to personally contest for the nomination, but there is some belief that he may desire to make a diversion by which a third candidate may be introduced into the field.

That Mr. Platt could by any possibility be induced to lend himself to a fight against the President is not credited here, but Gov. Odell's attitude is the subject of some uneasiness. The belief, existing in some quarters, that the President has not been in accord with Mr. Platt persists in the face of the facts. No President has been so complaisant toward Mr. Platt as has Mr. Roosevelt, with the single exception of Mr. McKinley.

Gov. Odell has been stirred to protest by the President's marked preference for Mr. Platt. Last Winter the Governor came here in person and worked with the President for four hours, trying to get him to appoint Mr. Odell's candidate, A. W. Worden, to the Shipping Commissionership. Despite all Mr. Odell's efforts the President appointed Mr. Platt's man, Harry A. Hanbury. That was the finishing stroke, and since then Mr. Odell has, it is understood, asked the President for no favors.

The President also appointed State Senator McClelland to the Board of Appraisers, an appointment which, whether or not Mr. Platt asked for it, has been of the greatest possible service to him. It has enabled him to rally the support of the "insurgent" Senators at Albany, who dead-locked the Legislature against him last Winter, by putting a Platt Republican in McClelland's place.

Similarly the President appointed Representative Ray to a Federal Judgeship, despite the utmost endeavors of Representative Sherman and other leaders, who have not had Mr. Platt's favor.

Mr. Platt has never had a quarrel with the President and has no conceivable reason to oppose him. But no one here is in a position to speak confidently of Gov. Odell's attitude, except Mr. Platt himself. Mr. Platt is reported to have said to-day that he had a talk with the Governor on Saturday and that Mr. Odell then told him that he was in favor of Mr. Roosevelt's nomination.

If Mr. Platt told the President this to-day the President may have sent for the Governor to thank him for his promise of support.

Cynical persons among the politicians here suggest that Mr. Platt told the President something else and that furnished the President with an even stronger reason for sending for Mr. Odell.

Mr. Platt repeated to-day his declaration that he was still for Roosevelt, and added that New York was overwhelmingly for him. He said he had given it as his opinion that the Roosevelt boom was a cyclone that had swept the country and that Senator Hanna was too wise to stand up against such a storm. The Republican Party, he is reported to have said, would be a unit on the question, and Mr. Hanna realised the fact.

Gov. Odell arrived at the Grand Central Station at 8 o'clock last night on his way from Albany to Washington. He drove from the station direct to the Metropolitan Club for dinner, and announced that he would take the midnight train for the capital. Gov. Odell, when questioned as to the reasons for his almost secret departure from Albany, gave for the most part evasive replies, but he admitted that his flying visit to Washington was in response to a telegram from President Roosevelt asking him to come.

"I received the telegram from the President yesterday asking my presence in Washington. I will meet him in Washington to-morrow and will return on Wednesday."

"What is the reason for the President desiring your presence at this time?" was asked.

"I don't care to say anything about that now," replied the Governor with a smile.

"Has your visit anything to do with the holding up of the confirmation of Gen. Wood in the Senate committee by Senator Hanna?"

"I have nothing to do with Gen. Wood's appointment."

"You have read the report of an alleged understanding between Senator Hanna and Senator Platt regarding the possible Presidential candidacy of the former. Will your conference with the President deal with the matter?"

"Yes; I have heard about all that; but I don't care to say what the nature of my visit will be. I am sorry to say that I can give no information whatever about it at present."

And the Governor hurried into a cab and was driven up town.

ASSIGNMENT OF JUSTICES.

Gov. Odell has appointed Associate Justice Michael H. Hirschberg to be the Presiding Justice of the Appellate Division in the Second Department, as successor to Justice William W. Goodrich, who will retire on Dec. 31, by reason of having reached the age limit.

Justice Warren B. Hooker, temporarily assigned to the Appellate bench in the Second Department, was appointed to fill Justice Hirschberg's place for the term of five years.

Justice Hirschberg, who lives in Newburg, N. Y., was appointed to the Appellate Division by Gov. Roosevelt in 1900.

Mississippi Charter for 'Frisco.

Special to The New York Times.

MEMPHIS, Nov. 23.—The St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad Company has filed with the Secretary of State of Mississippi a statement under which it is inforporated in that State in order to hold local lines. This instrument shows the capitalization of the 'Frisco at $100,000,000.

Deerfoot Farm Sausages.

Made of the tender meat of dairy fed, fat, young porkers, daintily seasoned with selected spices. Try a two-pound package. Beware of imitations.—Adv.

INSTANCES OF RUSSIAN PERSECUTION OF JEWS.

Gomel Authorities Try to Get Evidence Against Them—Victims of Fire May Be Homeless All the Winter.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The Times's Russian correspondents say that twenty-one Jews who were arrested at Gomel charged with planning to plunder the arsenal have been lodged at the police station for three months. Others remain in prison charged with rioting.

Christian rioters have also been arrested, but particular zeal has been shown against the Jews. There has been a vigorous search for witnesses willing to testify that they were injured by Jews in the trouble last September. None has been found.

The students of Moscow University have issued a proclamation expressing horror at the outrages and demanding an inquiry as to the part played by a student named Abranovitch, one of the mob leaders.

PLAINFIELD'S QUEER PROBLEM.

Complications Over Cemetery Rights Brought About by Defect in New Jersey School Law.

Special to The New York Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Nov. 23.—Gloomy jesting is rife in this city over the fact that fully 200 Seventh Day Baptists are occupying graves in the Hillside Cemetery free of all cost in rent or money paid for a title.

Plainfield has been growing rapidly, and there is a serious congestion in the schools, so the Board of Education last Spring decided to build a new High School, transforming the present one into a grammar school. The site selected was the old graveyard of the Seventh Day Baptists, a plot of ground 275 by 350 feet, in West Ninth Street, opposite the park. The School Board secured an appropriation of $125,000, and engaged Herbert D. Hale of 15 Exchange Street, Boston, son of Edward Everett Hale, and a specialist in school buildings, as architect of a building that should be a credit to the town. Negotiations with the Seventh Day Baptist Society resulted in a contract, on which a small binding fee was paid, that they should remove the bodies of their dead and give the board a clear title when they were to receive their price. The Seventh Day Baptists made their own private terms with the Hillside Cemetery. All was going well, when, as the bonds were being printed, the New Jersey State school law, known as the McKee law, was declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court, on the ground that it gave special rights to certain towns, Long Branch and Morristown being named. The Legislature then met and passed a new school law with the unconstitutional features eliminated. At the same time there was a special act passed validating all that had been done under the old law, but notwithstanding this the situation required a repetition of the former process of repassing the appropriation, which will undoubtedly be done at a very early date.

ELKINS HOME TO BE BUILT.

Heirs of Philadelphian to Carry Out Provision of His Will as Though It Were Legally Valid.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 23.—The heirs of William L. Elkins have met and agreed to carry out the provision in his will for the building of a home for the orphan daughters of Masons. This provision, in a codicil, lapsed because it was made within thirty days of the testator's death.

A letter was to-day received by Gen. Louis Wagner, President of the Masonic Home of Pennsylvania, stating that the heirs would carry out the provisions of the codicil as though it were legally valid, making such personal contributions as were necessary.

The home will be built upon the lot at Broad and Wingohocking Streets, donated by Mr. Elkins, at a cost of from $240,000 to $250,000, exclusive of the cost of the ground and the collateral inheritance tax.

Gen. Wagner said: "We will accept the bequest. In fact, the Trustees of the Masonic Home virtually accepted the bequest last Christmas Day, when it was made. We will take care of the home."

FOR INTER-STATE BRIDGE.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 23.—Officials of Middlesex County, N. J., and Richmond County, N. Y., convened at St. George, Staten Island, to-day to set in motion the scheme for an inter-State bridge between Tottenville and Perth Amboy.

A committee was appointed, consisting of Mayor Seaman, Perth Amboy; Adam Eckert, W. A. Belcher, S. P. Morgan, Perth Amboy; Freholders Glenn, Haney, Asbury, Fountain, and the three county Assemblymen. They will arrange the preliminaries.

President Belcher guaranteed the assistance of the Automobile Association of America, the Good Roads Association, the Gentlemen's Driving Club, and Senator Kean.

WABASH WINS TWO SUITS.

Baltimore and Ohio the Loser in Right of Way Contests.

Special to The New York Times.

CUMBERLAND, Md., Nov. 23.—The Wabash has just won two important suits over the Baltimore and Ohio.

In one Judge Holt gives the Belington and Northern Railroad, a Wabash branch, the right of way on the west bank of the Tygarts Valley River between Middle Fork and Buckhannon Rivers, the route which was claimed by the Baltimore and Ohio, being the key to 140,000 acres of coal land in Gilmer and Lewis Counties, West Va., owned by the Goulds.

In the other case Judge Mason gives the Wabash the right to pass through a section of the First Ward of Fairmount which the Baltimore and Ohio tried to prevent.

The Baltimore and Ohio has had the Wabash proceedings to condemn right of way over their property at Grafton thrown into the United States District Court, and Judge Goff will hear the case at Clarksburg on Dec. 2. It goes into the United States court for the reason that it interferes with the Parkersburg branch of the Baltimore and Ohio, still in the hands of a receiver.

Big Alabama Mill Resumes Work.

Special to The New York Times.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 23.—The Bessemer Rolling Mill of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company resumed operations this morning in several departments, with much work ahead. Report had it that this mill would be shut down indefinitely like the Birmingham Rolling Mill.

Burnett's Extract of Vanilla imparts a superior delicacy of flavor. Try it. Use it.—Adv.

OPERA SEASON OPENS WITH GREAT ECLAT

Immense Audience Applauds Performance of "Rigoletto."

SOCIETY OUT IN FULL FORCE

Resplendent in new decorations, under a new manager, with every promise of a public support such as has never before been given to opera in New York, the Metropolitan Opera House was reopened last evening in a blaze of glory, so far as glory could inhere in a performance of "Rigoletto." The occasion was an auspicious one, brilliant in every way that wealth and love of luxury and of the outward glitter of artistic things can create brilliancy.

So far as eye could see or ear hear, there was promise of success for the operatic season that was ushered in by last evening's performance of "Rigoletto." What questions the inward voice of experience and of prophecy may have suggested were drowned in the universal acclaim. The house was filled with an enormous audience, lovers of music and devotees of fashion, not only seats but standing places being entirely filled.

Old habitués of the house admired the new decorations that have transformed the interior and that make it a place of festal and dignified appearance. The dull gold and its touches of deep red and the red of the boxes make a glowing setting for the audience, and the proscenium arch, with a design that shows the brain and skill of an artist, instead of the fretted and meaningless filigree that has adorned it in recent years, affords a frame for the picture on the stage that increases and harmonizes with its brilliancy.

The edge of the stage has receded many feet, and no longer will singers troop across it in front of the curtain. Instead, the curtain, which is parted in the middle and drawn back on each side, permits them to emerge before the prompter's box—which has also experienced the touch of an artist—to bow their acknowledgments.

A still further change was evident in the placing of the orchestra, which was sunk out of sight. The effect of this upon the musical results is, of course, destined to be far-reaching, but so far as it concerned the performance last evening it was of small importance, except that it relieved the spectators from the disturbing sight of the conductor's and the musicians' labors. The orchestra is an entirely subsidiary affair in "Rigoletto."

A SUPERB PERFORMANCE.

Whether or not there is any significance to be put upon the opening of the season with a work that has been so far outgrown by the public taste as "Rigoletto" is not now to be determined. The opera did not greatly matter. Its performance was in every way superb. It signalized the first appearance of one of the most important of Mr. Conried's new artists, one upon whom much will depend during the coming season—Enrico Caruso, who took the part of the Duke. He made a highly favorable impression, and he went far to substantiate the reputation that had preceded him to this country. He is an Italian in all his fibre, and his singing and acting are characteristic of what Italy now affords in those arts. His voice is purely a tenor in its quality, of high range, and of large power, but inclined to take on the "white" quality in its upper ranges when he lets it forth. In mezzo voce it has expressiveness and flexibility, and when so used its beauty is most apparent. Mr. Caruso appeared last evening capable of intelligence and of passion in both his singing and his acting, and gave reason to believe in his value as an acquisition to the company.

The other chief members of the cast were those that have appeared in last season's performances of the opera. Mme. Sembrich was the Gilda, and her incomparable vocalism, her brilliant impersonation, that filled even that operatic lay figure with life and human interest, were, notwithstanding the interest aroused by the newcomer, the central point of the performance. The sinister power and tragic intensity of Mr. Scotti's Rigoletto are familiar to this public. Some of his unfortunate tendencies in the matter of tone production are as much in evidence as ever and there were moments last evening when his voice was not absolutely in tune. But he conveys the accents of tragedy through it, and his impersonation remains a remarkably finished and impressive piece of work. Mr. Journet was the Sparafucile, and Mme. Louise Homer the Maddalena. Mme. Bauermeister returned after her absence apparently unassailed by the tooth of time in the interval.

The new conductor, Mr. Arturo Vigna, directed the performance, unseen, but clearly holding a firm hand upon it. It was indeed in most respects an admirable and a brilliant one. There were evidences of the new régime in the lighting effects, which were managed with intelligence; and the new stage setting in the second act was a good, though it must be confessed not a remarkable specimen of scenic art. The audience was most friendly in its greeting of the artists, but much more enthusiastic scenes have been enacted in the past in the Opera House. It should not be forgotten that the opera was "Rigoletto"! Even Mr. Caruso's "La Donna Mobile" was not demanded more times than the usual four tenors of much smaller repute.

THE NEW REGIME.

It was the beginning of its twenty-first year upon which the Opera House opened its doors last evening, and of its nineteenth season—there having been two seasons of idleness. Mr. Conried's management is the fifth that has been called to the administration of its affairs. Mr. Henry E. Abbey met his famous disaster there in the season that began on Oct. 22, 1883, when the house was opened for the first time. Then came the great régime of German opera that did a service to musical art in this country never to be measured between the years 1884 and 1891. Then Mr. Abbey, having considered his forswearing of opera, came back at the head of a firm that were to establish the precedent of financial success in operatic management, and when he died Abbey, Schoeffel & Grau were succeeded by the shrewd entrepreneur whose correct measure of the public taste and skill in meeting the demand that he had partly created resulted in a steadily increasing prosperity and in some of the most memorable achievements that have ever relighted this public.

And so Mr. Conried comes to inherit a tradition of success in some things, a high standard in a few, and as one called to correct neglect, abuse, and unintelligence in others. He certainly enters upon his career as an operatic manager with all the stars in their courses working in his favor. Few managers have had their hands unbound as he by public favor and private munificence. Whether he shall be the leader that he hopes to be into an operatic promised land the next sixteen weeks will determine.

AUDIENCE A BRILLIANT ONE.

**More Fashionable or Representative Gathering Rarely Seen

...ance early, and before the famous "Care Divine" had been sung all the boxes in the parterre and first tier were filled.

Mrs. Astor, whose advent is always an event of moment on the first evening of the opera, was one of the last to enter the house.

She was preceded by a few minutes by Miss Alice Roosevelt, who was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Norman De R. Whitehouse, who occupied the box of Mrs. Ogden Goelet. In the parterre boxes were also some of the brides of the season, and they attracted much attention.

It was the first appearance in New York of Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, who was with her husband and her sister, Mrs. William F. Travers, in the William K. Vanderbilt box. Mr. and Mrs. Henry A. C. Taylor were also present in their box, Mrs. Taylor being a bride of last Summer.

There are a few new faces in the parterre. The Wilson family, being in mourning, were all absent with the exception of Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Orme Wilson. The Wilson box was taken by Miss Johnston, a niece of Mrs. Wilson, and Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Martin Davies.

Many friends welcomed Mrs. Wilton Phipps, who was Miss Jessie Duncan, a very great belle of some years ago, and who has crossed the ocean to be present at the golden wedding celebration of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Butler Duncan. She was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. Bayard Cutting.

Mrs. Griswold Gray, another New Yorker who has lived abroad, was with Mr. and Mrs. James A. Burden.

Mrs. Frank Avery, who was one of the much-admired American beauties in London last Summer, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Perry Belmont.

The Marquise de Talleyrand-Périgord, the Princess Poggia Suasza, and the Baroness Sellière were among the titled women.

Mme. Nordica, the prima donna, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Elbridge T. Gerry.

IN THE PARTERRE BOXES.

Following is a list of the occupants of the parterre boxes:

Box No. 2. A. D. Juilliard—Mr. and Mrs. Juilliard, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Gillespie, F. A. Juilliard, Rudolph Neesse, and Mr. Wickes.

Box 4. August Belmont—Miss Post, Miss Atherton Blight, Frank Wood, and August Belmont.

Box 6. W. K. Vanderbilt—Mr. and Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt and Mrs. William R. Travers and Goold Redmond.

Box No. 8. Cornelius N. Bliss—Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Bliss and Miss Bliss.

Box No. 10. George F. Baker—Mr. and Mrs. William Geadby Loew and Mr. and Mrs. George F. Baker.

Box No. 12. Henry Clews—Mr. and Mrs. Clews and Mr. and Mrs. Robert Parsons.

Box No. 14. George Henry Warren—Mr. and Mrs. George Henry Warren and Mr. and Mrs. H. Le Roy Emmet.

Box No. 16. Levi P. Morton—Mrs. Morton not being in town was not present. Mr. Morton's guests were the Princess Poggia Suasza, the Marquise de Talleyrand-Périgord, Miss Lena Morton, James Appleton, Henry W. Bull, and Mr. Stanley.

Box No. 18. C. B. Alexander.—Mr. and Mrs. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. Pierre Lorillard, the Baroness de Sellière, Major Mott, and F. Baldwin.

Box No. 20. D. O. Mills—Mr. and Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, Miss Jean Reid, and Miss Ogden Mills.

Box No. 22. W. Seward Webb—Mrs. Seward Webb, Miss Frederica Webb, Miss Florence Twombly, and W. A. M. Burden.

Box No. 24. Mrs. Robert Goelet—Mrs. Robert Goelet, Miss Warren, Robert Walton Goelet, and Frank Rives.

Box No. 26. James Henry Smith—Mr. and Mrs. W. Rhinelander Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund L. Baylies, and J. Henry Smith.

Box No. 28. W. Bayard Cutting—Mr. and Mrs. W. Bayard Cutting, Miss Caroline Wilmerding, and Mr. and Mrs. Wilton Phipps.

Box No. 30. W. C. Whitney—Mrs. William F. Douglas, Miss Sybil Douglas, Miss Beatrice Bend, Miss Adelaide Randolph, and Mr. and Mrs. William C. Whitney.

Box No. 32. Mrs. James A. Burden—Mr. and Mrs. James A. Burden, Mrs. Griswold Gray, Mr. and Mrs. James A. Burden, Jr., and William P. Burden.

Box No. 34. James B. Haggin—Mr. and Mrs. Haggin, Mrs. Herrmann Oelrichs, Miss Mabel McAfee, T. Suffern Taller, Louis Gillespie, and E. Victor Loew.

Box No. 35. J. Pierpont Morgan—Miss Anne Morgan, Dr. and Mrs. James W. Markoe, Miss Rhett, and J. Pierpont Morgan, Jr.

Box No. 33. Thomas Hitchcock—Mrs. I. Townsend Burden, Miss Gwendolyn Burden, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Oakley Rhinelander, Frank Griswold, and Center Hitchcock.

Box No. 31. Mrs. Vanderbilt—Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Vanderbilt and Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney.

Box No. 29. Mrs. Alexander Van Nest—Mrs. Van Nest, Mrs. Richard Gambrill, Mr. and Mrs. J. Stewart Barney, and J. De Witt Cutting.

Box No. 27. George S. Bowdoin—Mr. and Mrs. Bowdoin and Miss Bowdoin.

Box No. 23. Elbridge T. Gerry—Mr. and Mrs. Gerry, Miss Mabel Gerry, Mme. Nordica, and F. L. Gerry.

Box No. 21. J. C. Haven—Mr. and Miss Haven and Mr. and Mrs. Haven, Jr.

Box No. 21. Seth Barton French—Mr. and Mrs. French, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Chapin, and H. De Forest Weekes.

Box No. 19. Mrs. H. L. Barney—Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Seton, and Miss Barney.

Box No. 17. Mrs. W. D. Sloane—Mr. and Mrs. H. McK. Twombly and Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Osgood Field.

Box No. 15. Adrian Iselin—Mr. and Mrs. Philip Lydig and Mr. and Mrs. F. Egerton Winthrop.

Box No. 13. Edward Cooper—Mrs. Lloyd Bryce and Col. Bryce, Miss Bryce, and Mr. and Mrs. H. A. C. Taylor.

Box No. 11. Perry Belmont—Mr. and Mrs. Belmont, Admiral and Mrs. Francis K. Rogers, Mrs. Frank Morris Avery, Count St. Adolf, Prince Poniatowski, and Robert, H. Van Cortlandt.

Box No. 9. Charles T. Barney—Mr. and Mrs. Barney and the Misses Barney.

Box No. 7. Mrs. Astor—Mrs. Astor, Mr. and Mrs. Orme Wilson, and Mr. Potts.

Box No. 5. Clarence M. Hyde—Mr. and Mrs. Hyde, and Mr. and Mrs. E. Francis Hyde.

Box No. 3. R. T. Wilson, Sr.—Miss Martha Johnston, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Martin Davies, Miss Iselin, De Lancey Kountze, Robert L. Gerry, and Roger Wilson.

Box No. 1. Mrs. Ogden Goelet—Mr. and Mrs. Norman Whitehouse, Miss Alice Roosevelt, and Miss Alice Babcock.

GRAND TIER AND STALLS.

In the grand tier were:

Miss Julia Chester Wells	Mrs. H. P. Ballentine,
Miss Eloise Breese,	Mrs. Frances Schroeder,
Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Riker	Mrs. Harry Black,
Mrs. A. C. Washington,	Mrs. H. Knickerbacker,
Mrs. J. Coddington,	Mr. and Mrs. S. Borg,
Col. and Mrs. J. R. M. Harvey,	James Butler,
H. B. Anderson,	Miss E. V. W. Banks,
Mrs. Chas. A. Gould,	Daniel O'Day,
Mrs. S. G. Dyer,	Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Reid,
Mrs. Wilbur Dellis,	Charles S. Haight,
	Mrs. S. A. Gallaway,
	Mrs. Otis D. Gray.

In the stall boxes:

Mr. and Mrs. Frank C. Langdon,	The Misses Batcheller,
Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Dickson,	J. Langdon,
Mrs. O. C. Clausen,	Mr. and Mrs. John B. Lawrence,
Mr. and Mrs. W. Siegel,	Mr. and Mrs. H. Lorton,
Mrs. C. E. Sprague,	Schuyler S. Wheeler and
Mrs. Francis M. Bangs.	Mrs. Arthur Pollen.

Among those in the orchestra stalls and in the orchestra circle were:

Mrs. T. M. Adams,	Miss Mary A. Knox,
Mrs. W. A. Butler, Jr.,	Henry H. Vail,
Mrs. Henry Howland,	Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Chandler,
Mrs. Wainwright Parrish,	C. T. Cook,
Percy Bramwell,	Benjamin Fairchild,
Lambert Bartlett,	Mrs. Gilbert Jones,
Mr. and Mrs. W. Butler Duncan,	Dr. and Mrs. W. Holbrook Curtis,
Miss De Forest,	Mrs. Henry A. Potter,
Miss Callender,	Mrs. G. H. Richardson,
Mrs. Hooper,	H. Harkness Flagler,
Miss Mary Carey,	Miss E. A. Hasbrook,
Mrs. R. L. Livingston,	Mme. Gadski,
Mrs. W. G. Davies,	Mrs. George J. Ferry,
Miller T. Davies,	J. Lawrence Lee,
C. Frevilinghuysen,	Albert Morris Bagby,
Miss F. L. Johnson,	Dr. Clarence C. Rice,
Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Sloane,	Edward Winslow,
Mrs. A. Atchinicon,	J. H. Cowperthwait,
Mrs. M. Penniman,	Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hastings,
Mrs. M. A. Field,	Alexander Lambert,
Mrs. L. Bishway,	Mrs. C. F. Swan.
Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Senff,	
John H. Gourlie.	

THE DISPLAY OF COSTUMES.

White and Palest Pastel Tints in Greatest Favor—Some of the Notable Gowns.

The great majority of the gowns worn at the opening last evening were white, or of the palest pastel tints. Few, indeed, were the black frocks in evidence, and the deeper and brilliant tones were almost entirely missing from the parterre row, although there were a few notable exceptions.

Mrs. Richard Gambril was in black velvet with point lace at the neck and an immense diamond star blazed on the front of her corsage, and many diamonds were worn around her neck and in her hair.

Mrs. Charles B. Alexander was in a gown of white lace over chiffon and trimmed with red roses, and wore her beautiful pearls.

Mrs. Seth Barton French was in a Louis Quinze robe of satin brocade, with lace sleeves. The brocaded flowers were pink roses.

Mrs. Alexander Van Nest was in a white lace gown over silk, and wore her diamonds and pearls.

Mrs. J. Stewart Barney was in pink silk and chiffon. Her jewels were pearls.

Miss Lena Morton was in pale-yellow satin trimmed with tulle and pink roses.

Mrs. W. Bayard Cutting wore a pink satin gown trimmed with pink lace.

Mrs. James B. Haggin was gowned in green velvet and point lace, and wore a corsage ornament and necklace of emeralds.

Mrs. Henry V. Clews was in pale green velvet and white lace, with glittering green leaves going over the left shoulder.

Mrs. Herbert Parsons was in white lace with fluffs of tulle about the bodice and sleeves.

Mrs. Robert Goelet was in black velvet, with ropes of pearls.

Mrs. Griswold Gray was in ciel blue velvet, with flowing white lace sleeves and pearl necklace and hair ornaments.

The Marquise de Talleyrand-Périgord was in pale gray velvet, trimmed with darker gray embroidery.

The Princess Poggia Suasza was in white satin and lace, topped with a diamond coronet.

The Baroness de Sellière wore black velvet and point lace.

Mrs. W. Bayard Cutting was in mauve satin and spangled tulle.

Mrs. Wilton Phipps wore black velvet and lace, and a row of diamond stars was arranged across the bodice top.

Miss Caroline Wilmerding was in pink chiffon and pink lace, with pink flowers in her hair.

Mrs. I. Townsend Burden wore a white satin gown with black net sleeves and berths spangled with silver, and diamond ornaments.

Miss Gwendolyn Burden was in white silk and chiffon, with white roses.

Mrs. J. Oakley Rhinelander was in pale blue satin. The bodice was trimmed with pale blue chiffon and white lace.

Mrs. William Goadby Loew wore black Gauze spangled with ruby sequins over ruby silk.

Mrs. George F. Baker wore a pink velvet with pink tulle trimmings.

Miss Mills was in white satin and tulle, with metallic green leaves binding her hair.

Mrs. Whitelaw Reid wore white lace and satin, and her jewels were pearls.

Miss Jean Reid was in pale pink, with tulle and pink flowers.

Mrs. Alfred Vanderbilt was in white lace and chiffon over silk, and wore diamonds.

Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney was in white satin striped with gold sequins and with gold-sequined lace trimming the bodice. She wore quantities of diamonds.

Mrs. George Henry Warren was in white satin trimmed with spangled lace, and wore diamond leaves in her hair.

Mrs. H. Le Roy Emmet was in white satin and tulle, with knots of pale blue in the bodice and diamond and pearl ornaments.

Mrs. A. D. Juilliard was in black jetted lace, with white lace sleeves and berths.

Mrs. Robert Gillespie was in white lace over chiffon, with sleeves and bodice draperies of black jetted lace.

Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Sr., was in white satin with white lace sleeves and bertha and a pearl collar and ropes of pearls.

Mrs. W. R. Travers wore coral pink chiffon, very fluffy and full, with white lace on the corsage.

Miss Florence Twombly in white trimmed with white satin, wore a huge bouquet of red roses on her corsage.

Miss Webb was in white chiffon, and wore pink roses on her bodice.

Miss Sybil Douglas wore ciel blue satin and chiffon spangled and blue hair ornaments.

Miss Beatrice Bend was in pale pink crepe and pink lace.

Mrs. Philip Lydig, in green velvet, had ropes of green spangles on the corsage.

Miss Anne Morgan was in blue satin spangled with blue.

Miss Barbey was in pale blue and white satin and lace.

Mrs. Edmund L. Baylies wore a plain black velvet robe and her diamond crown.

Mrs. Norman Whitehouse was in elaborately embroidered white silk crepe.

Mrs. W. Rhinelander Stewart wore pale blue, veiled with white chiffon and lace.

Mrs. W. D. Sloane wore pale mauve with silver gauze over it, and her diamond tiara.

Mrs. H. McK. Twombly was in white satin, with pink flowers across the corsage and in her hair.

Mrs. W. B. Osgood Field was in pale-blue chiffon and satin.

Miss Julia Wells wore white lace and mousseline with touches of pale, dull blue and her pearls.

Mrs. Lewis R. Morris was in silver spangled white chiffon.

Mrs. J. Davies's gown was white lace, with knots of turquois blue velvet on the bodice.

Miss Martha Johnstone wore white chiffon, trimmed with wreaths of pink flowers.

Mrs. Henry A. C. Taylor was in lemon-colored satin, with coral-colored roses on the bodice, and a diamond and pearl tiara.

Mrs. A. D. Burden, Jr., was in a dark wine chiffon, with ruby spangles over white.

Mrs. Frederick Rogers was in white satin with bits of turquois blue on the bodice.

Mrs. Lloyd Bryce was in silver-spangled gray tulle.

Miss Bryce wore a light-blue tulle gown.

Mrs. Perry H. Belmont wore white and point lace and the famous Belmont pearl necklace and pendants; large diamond and pearl hair ornament.

Mrs. Frank Avery was in white lace over pale pink and wore diamonds and pearls.

Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs was in blue satin and tulle.

Miss McAfee wore black spangled net with red flowers on corsage.

Mrs. Gerry White wore satin and lace with gold sequins.

Mme. Nordica wore pale blue satin and diamond tiara and necklace.

Miss Alice Babcock wore very pale blue satin with blue tulle.

Mrs. William Astor was in black and white velvet brocade and diamonds.

Mrs. M. Orme Wilson were black net over white, striped with black velvet ribbon. Coral corsage and hair ornaments were worn.

Mrs. Charles T. Barney wore white satin with spangled lace.

Miss Helen Barney was in white silk and chiffon.

CARRIAGE CRUSH AT OPERA.

Deputy Commissioner Piper on Hand But Did Not Inaugurate His New Traffic Plan.

Not but once a year does Broadway present exactly the same appearance as it did last night, the opening night of the grand opera season. For two or three blocks the wide street was packed with vehicles, both horse-drawn and horseless, ever moving and shifting from one position to another.

Cursing cabmen yelled invectives at belated teamsters, motorman stood at their posts in surly silence waiting for the mass to open and let their cars through, flunkeys scurried to and from around the doors of the Opera House, and, to make the picture complete in its confusion, dozens of blue-coats twisted in and out of the shapeless, intricate tangle of vehicles, and gave directions in commanding tones. Though there was no more confusion than in former years, it was an hour after the performance before the last operagoer was whirled away from the side entrance in his carriage.

Deputy Police Commissioner Piper was on hand early, overseeing things and giving suggestions to policemen, and the few people who recognized him and had heard of his efforts in the line of traffic regulation since his trip abroad expected to see, when the performance of "Rigoletto" was over, a new system of traffic in effect. But there was none. Commissioner Piper decided not to try his idea last night; on Wednesday he is going to make the first trial of it, and until then will say nothing about it. The regular court squad of policemen were assigned to the Opera House last night, in addition to those who were already stationed there, and they were able to keep the carriages and cabs in fairly good order.

Once it looked as if there were going to be some excitement, when a cab was suddenly pushed backward and the top of it burst through the window of a crowded south-bound car. Many women were inside the car, and some of them started up and screamed. When they saw that nothing serious had happened, however, they quieted down and looked passively out on the vehicles and scattered pedestrians. The latter did not stand much chance, and if anybody wanted to cross the street he had almost to go between the spokes of moving wheels.

The greatest congestion was around back of the Opera House, in Seventh Avenue. There the carriages of the grand tier boxholders were packed, and so thick were they that seven north-bound and nearly as many south-bound cars were stalled for nearly half an hour. A teamster, driving a heavy red truck, somehow got in the middle of the glistening carriages, and there he had to stay until the opera was over. None of the liverymen would move out of sight of the call lights, and soon some dozen or two of them whiled away the long wait by hurling stagey epithets at the incensed and exasperated truckman.

STRIKERS' PLACES FILLED

Fuller Company Signs Agreement with New Ironworkers' Union.

All Union No. 2 Men Who Quit Work in This City Will Quickly Be Replaced, It Is Expected.

The strike of Local No. 2 of Ironworkers against the George A. Fuller Company, which went into effect yesterday on all the Fuller contracts, decided the firm to sever all connection with Parks's old union. After waiting to see if the strike went into effect President S. P. McConnell of the company communicated with members of the Iron League about the best way of filling the places of the strikers with members of the new Housesmiths' Union of New York, and was put in touch with Secretary P. C. McGuire of the organization, who undertook to supply all the men required.

The places of strikers were first filled by members of the new union on the building at Fourteenth Street and Sixth Avenue, where the strike started. Men were secured for some of the other buildings, and by to-night or to-morrow it is expected that the places of all the strikers will be filled.

It is the intention of the International Committee of the ironworkers to order sympathetic strikes on all the Fuller contracts outside of New York. Their places will be filled with other men as fast as possible and measures have already been taken to that effect. Chairman Crowley of the local Strike Committee estimated yesterday that about 250 men were out on all the Fuller contracts here. The firm admitted that at least 200 members of Local No. 2 went on strike.

President McConnell was seen in his office in the Flatiron Building and said that the company was through with Local No. 2.

"This union," he said, "had ordered a sympathetic strike on the Rogers Building and claimed it was because non-union stonecutters were employed. As a matter of fact, neither the union stonecutters nor union derrickmen would work on the building. Those new strikes for the first time enable us definitely to take the other side, and we will fight Local No. 2. We stood by the April agreement, which the local has seen fit to violate in so pronounced a way that there is now no agreement. The Housesmiths' Union of New York has filled the places of some of the strikers and will be easily able to fill the places of the rest."

President McConnell said he understood that the strike would be extended to the contracts of the Fuller Company in other cities. One of the largest Fuller contracts was the Wabash Station, at Pittsburg, where nearly 100 ironworkers were employed. The company had also work at a terminal in St. Louis and a contract which was nearly finished in Boston. Not more than 500 ironworkers could strike against the firm outside of New York, and their places would be filled.

Asked if it was the intention of the company to seek admission into the Iron League or Employers' Association, he said: "We are liable to do anything now in order to oppose Local No. 2."

Later, according to P. C. McGuire, Secretary of the Housesmiths' Union of New York, the Fuller Company signed an agreement with that organization.

At the headquarters of the strikers in Maennerchor Hall no estimate was given in regard to the number of men involved in the National strike against the Iron League ordered by President Buchanan.

UNION NO. 2 MEN RIOTOUS.

Attack Members of the New Housesmiths' Union at Work on Various Buildings.

The rough element of Parks's union showed yesterday that it was still in evidence in this city in spite of the fact that Samuel J. Parks is in Sing Sing. Gangs of the "rough necks," as these men are called, gathered at various buildings prepared to make it lively for any of the members of the Housesmiths' Union of New York who were at work and were unwilling to quit.

The striking members of Local No. 2 got into buildings which were not protected by police. A gang appeared at a new building at 62 Cedar Street, where a number of members of the new union were at work. They ordered the workers to quit, and the latter refused. Then a lively fight took place. The workers tried to drive the invaders away, but were overpowered by numbers.

"Down with the scabs!" was the cry, and a rush line of the strikers was formed. The workers got behind a barricade, but two of them, G. Nelson and J. Sharp, were badly battered before the police arrived. They were taken later to the Hudson Street Hospital, where it was found that Nelson had a big cut over the eye and Sharp had his nose broken.

The ironwork for the building where this riot took place is being done by Lovering & Garrigues of the Iron League. Another fight took place at a Fuller Company job, Pearl and Water Streets, known as the "down town Flatiron Building." A threatening crowd containing some members of the Entertainment Committee gathered around the contract of the Thompson-Starrett Company at Twenty-sixth Street and Fourth Avenue, but except to hurl epithets at the workers, did not molest them.

TWO SMELTERS FOR MEXICO.

Mining Men to Start Opposition to Plants of Americans.

Special to The New York Times.

AUSTIN, Texas, Nov. 23.—Steps have been taken by wealthy mining men of Mexico to erect two large independent smelters in opposition to the smelters which are operated by the American Smelting and Refining Company.

One of these new smelters is to be located at Monterey, and is to cost $3,000,000. More than one-half this amount has been subscribed. The other smelter is to be located at Parral, in the State of Chihuahua.

MEMORIAL AT GREENWICH.

Window in St. Paul's Church Is to be Unveiled on Saturday.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Nov. 23.—A very handsome memorial window costing about $1,000 is to be unveiled at St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Riverside, Saturday morning by the rector, the Rev. C. W. Boynton, assisted by other clergy.

The window is by Mayer & Co. of Munich, Bavaria, and of New York, and is about five feet wide and ten feet in height.

The Rev. Dr. G. C. Houghton of New York and Luke A. Lockwood, a lawyer of Riverside and New York, are the givers. Life-long friends have thus combined their memorial gift, the latter in memory of his daughter, Mrs. Gertrude Louise Baldwin, the wife of Dr. William Baldwin of New Haven, and of Miss Gilmore, a friend of his family.

Dr. Houghton's part in the memorial window is in honor of his wife, Mary, who died a year ago. He will be present at the unveiling.

Chicago Society Musicale.

The Chicago Society of New York gave a musicale, followed by refreshments, in the Astor Gallery of the Waldorf-Astoria last night. The musicale consisted of the cantata of "Hiawatha" and several instrumental and vocal numbers by the quartet and chorus of the South Church, under the direction of Prof. Gerrit Smith. Other numbers were a serenade for strings, a chorus by the choir, baritone solos by Heinrich Meyn, soprano solos by Mrs. Gerrit Smith, alto solos by Miss Marguerite Hall, and tenor solos by Dr. Franklin Lawson.

INDICTED FOR PEONAGE.

Prominent Georgians Charged with Forcing Negroes Into Servitude.

Special to The New York Times.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Nov. 23.—Indictments for peonage were returned to-day in the Federal Court against some of the most prominent people in the southern part of the State. The indicted people include a member of the Legislature, an ex-Sheriff, and a lawyer.

They are Edward J. McRee, William McRee, and Frank I. McRee of Valdosta; William F. Crawley and Thomas J. McClellan of Ware County, and Clayton B. McLeod, John A. McLeod, and Lester Williamson of Montgomery County.

The indictments are for various offenses connected with the alleged sale and return of negroes into bondage.

Edward McRee is a member of the Georgia Legislature. With his two brothers he operates a crate factory, one of the largest enterprises being the Kinderlou Mills. The farm land owned and planted by them comprises 22,000 acres. They are among the most prominent citizens of Valdosta.

Thomas R. McClelland is an ex-Sheriff of Ware County and one of the most prominent citizens of that county.

William F. Crawley, who is jointly indicted with him, is a young attorney, a graduate of the University of Georgia, and a prominent member of the Georgia bar.

The McLeods and Lester Williamson are well-known farmers and manufacturers in Montgomery County, their plantations being near Zaidec.

The indictments are divided into three classes, the McRees constituting the class which it is charged held the negroes in bondage.

William F. Crawley and Thomas R. McClelland constitute the class which effected the seizure, and the McLeods and Williamson, the parties who sold the negroes.

In the indictments against Clayton B. McLeod, John A. McLeod, and Lester Williamson it is not only charged that the men violated the Thirteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States, but that they put the negroes under the lash, maltreated them, and inflicted bodily injury, at the same time forcibly and by confinement keeping them in slavery.

RUNKLE CASE WRIT DISMISSED.

Judge Lacombe Expresses His Opinion of Archaic Method of Preparing Criminal Pleadings.

Judge Lacombe in the United States Circuit Court yesterday handed down an opinion dismissing the writ of habeas corpus secured by Lawyer Franklin Bien in behalf of Maurice Runkle, the New York merchant, indicted in Washington, together with August W. Machen and A. F. McGregor, charged with conspiracy to defraud the Government through the sale to the Postal Department of leather pouches.

The claims made by Lawyer Bien were identical with those raised and passed upon in the George W. Beavers case, the principal one being that where an accused was arrested in a district other than that in which the indictment was returned he was entitled to have the Government produce, in the district wherein the arrest was made "evidence of the crime," required by the Federal statutes. The practice has been for the Government to produce its witnesses from the district wherein the indictment was found, and subject them to the cross-examination of the accused's counsel.

In the Beavers case Assistant United States Attorney Wise made the novel contention, which was sustained by Commissioner Hitchcock, United States District Judge Holt, and United States Circuit Judge Lacombe, that the certified copy of the indictment was the prima facie "evidence of the crime" required by statute, the identity of the accused having first been established.

In dismissing the Runkle writ of habeas corpus Judge Lacombe again sustains Mr. Wise. He, however, expresses his opinion of the existing method of preparing criminal pleading in the following sentence:

"The above averments are set forth at great length with a multitude of words and conformality to the archaic methods of preparing criminal pleadings which still prevail, but nevertheless careful examination and analysis show that these averments were specifically and positively made."

It was said by the counsel for the accused that an appeal would be taken to the United States Supreme Court in Washington, as they proposed to test the decision of the court that the certified copy of the indictment was the evidence required by law. In no other district of the United States, it is claimed by the defense, does such a practice prevail.

OPPOSE BALL GROUNDS.

Washington Heights Property Owners Meet to Protest.

A meeting of the Washington Heights Property Owners' Protective Association, organized several months ago to fight the lease to the American League Baseball Club of property on Washington Heights, was held last night in the hall at One Hundred and Fifty-seventh Street and Amsterdam Avenue. President J. Romaine Brown presided.

A committee was appointed to make application on Friday to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment to open One Hundred and Sixty-sixth and One Hundred and Sixty-seventh Streets, which are included in the property leased by the baseball club from the New York Orphan Asylum.

EX-CAPT. OSWALD'S POSITION.

Appointed to Collect Relics of Fire Departments for St. Louis Fair.

Robert Oswald, an ex-Captain in the New York Fire Department, who was retired by Commissioner Sturgis for physical disability, has been appointed Special Commissioner of the St. Louis Exposition at a salary of $5,000 a year. He will tour the Eastern States looking for relics of the Fire Departments of many small and large cities and towns and have them sent to St. Louis for exhibition.

Capt. Oswald is said to have secured his appointment through the influence of George Hale, Chief of the Kansas City Fire Department, and Thomas P. Hanly of St. Louis.

FOR MR. ZIEGLER'S EXTRADITION

Gov. Odell to Hear Arguments for Writ on Nov. 30.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 23.—Gov. Odell today announced Monday, Nov. 30, at 11:30 A. M., as the time for a hearing upon the extradition of William Ziegler of New York, for whom the Governor of Missouri has made requisition.

Ziegler has been indicted in Cole County, Mo., upon charges of having supplied $1,500 with which to bribe members of the Missouri Legislature in certain baking powder legislation. The Attorney General of Missouri is expected here to argue in favor of the extradition of Ziegler.

Declined a Call to Brooklyn.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 23.—Announcement has been made by the Rev. Alfred W. Wishart of this city that he has declined a call to the Strong Place Baptist Church of Brooklyn, and will remain here as pastor of the Central Baptist Church, the largest charge of the denomination in Trenton.

"Stuss" Game in Tenderloin Raided.

Four West Thirtieth Street detectives yesterday raided an alleged "stuss" game back of a restaurant at 112 West Twenty-fifth Street. It is said to be the first time the game was ever raided in the "Tenderloin" Precinct, most of such raids occurring on the lower east side.

The Room of Contentment

fittingly applies to the all-important Living Room.

Toward the one item of comfort we have created some pieces that bear a distinct charm for serviceability and pure design. The deep Chesterfield suite in tapestry of soft velours—the Davenport cushion Chair with its great depth of seat—the high back Georgian Settle for the fireplace, with sturdy Tables and Book Cabinets that form a composite unit for individuality and character.

Grand Rapids Furniture Company
(Incorporated)
34th Street, West, Nos. 155-157.
"Miants from Broadway"

MILHAU'S Original ELIXIR
When Feeling "Rocky"
Nerves unstrung, hands shaky, brain muddled, and appetite all gone—pull yourself together with Milhau's Original Elixir. Sold by
RIKER'S, 22d St. and 6th Ave.
JUNGMANN, 1020 M Ave. & 428 Columbus Ave.
CASWELL, MASSEY & CO., B'way and 5th Ave.
MILHAU, 108 Broadway. And all Druggists.
J. MILLS, 700 6th Ave. cor. 44th St.
KINGMAN'S, cor. 125th St. and 8th Ave.
BOLTON, five stores in Brooklyn.

WOULD BUY 'WHITE' CHURCHES

Baltimore Negroes Bid for Property Depreciated by Their Change of Residence.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 23.—Several church edifices in the western part of this city are likely soon to pass into the hands of negroes through depreciation of the property by their moving into the neighborhoods.

Two negro congregations are bidding for Chatsworth Methodist Church. It will be sold to one. The Rev. S. M. Hartsock, pastor, says that in the last few years since negroes have gotten in the vicinity close to the church, its best members have moved away and the consequent falling off in the congregation necessitates removal.

Negroes are also after Trinity Methodist Church on Madison Avenue, one of the most prominent churches in the city. Threats have been made that if the trustees do not sell to them they will build a negro church on the opposite corner.

One of the principal Catholic churches and a leading Lutheran church in former good residential sections are losing in membership and in property valuation by negroes buying property near to them. In sections once valuable, property has depreciated 60 to 70 per cent.

LOST JEWELS IN ASH BARREL.

Owner Attempts to Hide Them and Succeeds Beyond Expectation.

Special to The New York Times.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 23.—Mrs. Joseph C. Block possesses diamonds worth $2,000, but continued possession is a matter of luck for her.

In order to hide them in some place where marauders would not look, Mrs. Block chose the coal sleeve of her little girl's jacket as the best place, and put therein a chamois skin bag, which contained five rings and two pendants.

She did not think of the jewelry until her daughter had gone to school. She telephoned to the teacher at once, who looked into the girl's jacket. No jewels were found. A search of the house revealed nothing. Then a neighbor suggested that they look in the ash barrel, since the bag might have dropped out of the jacket and been swept up.

Deep down in the ashes and trash was found the chamois bag. Two minutes later the ash wagon drove up and emptied the barrel.

BIG REDUCTION OF STOCK.

Refrigerator Transit Cuts Capital to $50,000 from $2,000,000.

Special to The New York Times.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 23.—The Union Refrigerator Transit Company to-day filed an amendment to its charter reducing its authorized capital stock from $3,000,000 to $50,000. This step was determined on at a meeting of the stockholders held in this city last Thursday and called Oct. 29 by the Board of Directors.

The reduction had been decided upon after officials of the company found that the heavy capitalization was not necessary to the business. According to the local legal representative of the company, but little more than $50,000 of original capital stock of the company had ever been paid up.

The actual capital invested by the company is considerably more than the amount of capital stock. The estimated value of its 200 refrigerator cars is placed at about $500,000, though upon nearly all of this property there are mortgages.

MEXICAN RAILROAD PROBLEM.

Question as to Santa Fe Extension and National Road's Contract.

Special to The New York Times.

AUSTIN, Tex., Nov. 23.—There is much interest taken in commercial and financial circles of Mexico in the recent announcement by President E. P. Ripley of the Santa Fé that his system is to enter that country by extending its belt road in Texas about 800 miles to connect with the Mexican Eastern Railroad.

There is some doubt expressed as to whether the Mexican Government can grant a concession to the Santa Fé, or any other railroad, to cross the strip of country thirty miles wide bordering on the Rio Grande, as its contract with the National Railroad Company of Mexico gives that road the exclusive right to occupy that zone for a period of twenty years.

Cincinnati Southern Dividend.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 23.—A dividend has been declared on the common stock of the Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific R. R. Co., (Cincinnati Southern.) This is the first dividend declared on the common stock since the recapitalization of the company. The dividend of 2 per cent. is for no specified time, but is stated to be out of net earnings accumulated prior to June, 1903.

GAS METER EXPLODES.

One Man Seriously Injured by Pieces of Flying Metal.

A gas meter was being tested in the factory of the American Meter Company, at 561 West Forty-seventh Street, yesterday afternoon, when it exploded, while three dozen men stood about. The flying pieces of metal hit several of the men, seriously injuring Frederick Burkhardt, thirty-three years old, of 156 Russell Street, Greenpoint. He was bruised about the body and one of his wrists was broken. He was removed to Roosevelt Hospital. The other injured men were cut and bruised by pieces of metal, but their injuries were slight.

Every meter turned out of the factory is first subjected to a severe and separate test. Thirty-five men were standing or working near the one which exploded yesterday under the extreme pressure.

The explosion caused considerable excitement in the factory, but it was soon over. An ambulance took Burkhardt away, the less seriously injured refusing medical aid.

J. Lauchheimer & Co.
86th ST. & 3rd AVE.

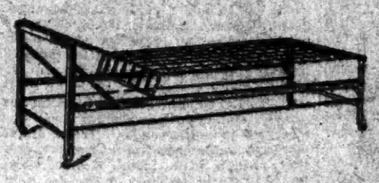
Men's Underwear

A blue gray wool that feels grateful to the tenderest.
Made in shapes to fit by the Norfolk and New Brunswick Mills.
The silk facing on the shirts and the buttons on the drawers are details that prove the product.
Just enough cotton to take away both itch and shrink. Not enough to mouth.
The imported goods at greater cost are here too, but are outclassed by these; each 1.65

Ladies' Underwear

Chance has it that this is exceptional.
The Norfolk and New Brunswick Mills made these to sell at 75c. universally, and there's no other ribbed vests and pants in long or short sleeves and all sizes, anywhere near this value; each 50c
Of the same make in fine white wool, ribbed vests and pants, a desirable purchase, and one we recommend; is ready in all sizes and long or short sleeves; each 95c

H. O'Neill & Co.
400 Hammock Couches, $2.98 Each.
Regular Price $5.00.



Size, 28 inches wide and 6 feet long. The frames are all steel. The fabric is the best National steel, supported by 38 oil tempered helical springs. This makes an ideal couch or bed, and they are guaranteed for 5 years.

Sixth Avenue, 20th to 21st Street.

HARPERS

Mother and Father

Gilt Tops
Illustrated
$1.25

Roy Rolfe Gilson first published these two stories in *Harper's Magazine*, where they had instant popularity. They are here presented as an artistic book, exquisitely illustrated by Alice Barber Stephens. The tender nature of the tales, and the richness and beauty of the work make the volume a rarely appropriate Christmas gift.

By ROY ROLFE GILSON
Illustrated by
ALICE BARBER STEPHENS

HARPER & BROTHERS
FRANKLIN SQUARE, NEW YORK

REST AND HEALTH
TO MOTHER AND CHILD.
M

GOV. ODELL ON PLAN FOR GREATER CANAL

Will Assure Himself Work Can Be Done for $101,000,000.

TO AVOID GRAFT OR SCANDAL

Pledges New Yorkers at Conference That He Will Carry Out Desires of the Voters.

ALBANY, Nov. 23.—Gov. Odell, in a conference this afternoon with prominent advocates of the greater Erie Canal project, said that before any bonds are issued he intended to assure himself that the work could be done within the $101,000,000 estimate. He further promised to do all in his power to carry out the will of the people as expressed at the polls at the recent election.

"I do not propose," continued the Governor, "to have in my administration any talk of graft or scandal if it can be prevented by forethought and preparation."

The conference was of an informal character.

The delegation from New York City included ex-Mayor Charles A. Schieren of Brooklyn, H. B. Hebert, Chairman of the Canal Association of Greater New York; Secretary Frank S. Gardner, John V. Haines of the Board of Trade and Transportation, A. E. Blackmar of the Produce Exchange, Frank Brainard, John J. D. Tremor, W. A. R. Corwyn, and William F. McCormell.

"I regard it as of the utmost importance," said Gov. Odell, "that this work should be carried on upon the basis of precise information. We don't want a repetition of an incomplete canal and of charges of dishonesty. I shall appoint upon the advisory board five engineers of such character and efficiency that succeeding administrations should find no reasonable cause for change. They will naturally be Republicans in majority, but I shall make the board as nearly non-partisan as possible."

Mr. Hebert was the speaker who drew the most positive statements from the Governor, and it was in response to him that Gov. Odell said:

"We can, of course, do practically nothing until the State Board of Canvassers has certified the vote upon the canal question. After that we propose that, before any bonds are issued, bids shall be received for the critical parts of the work, and that every possible means of information shall be exhausted in order to assure ourselves that the work can be done within the $101,000,000 estimate.

"If it should be found that the cost would greatly exceed the estimate I should not feel justified in going ahead with the work until the enlarged expenditure was called to the attention of the Legislature."

"It would be a great disapointment to the people of the City of New York, Governor, if such a contingency should arise," exclaimed Mr. Schieren.

"Surely," replied the Governor, "but it would be worse to give the people a half-finished canal." Then he continued: "For myself, I want to say that I never have believed that the cost would exceed the estimate, since the State Engineer added the 'factor of safety' which raised the total to the present amount, by providing for every possible contingency, but if the work is going to cost $150,000,000 or $200,000,000 we want to know it before we actually begin. There is no disposition on the part of the State Engineer or any of the rest of us to evade this proposition. We are all anxious to carry out in detail the will of the people in this matter, but we want no millstone that can be avoided about our neck."

One of the most important statements made by the Governor was in connection with the matter of the bonds. Mr. Clinton had spoken of the pending constitutional amendment to extend the life of the bonds to fifty years. Gov. Odell at once said he did not believe it would be necessary to take up the question in that way.

"I have no enthusiasm," said he, "for the proposition to lay the burden of $101,000,000 bonds and interest upon this State for half a century. By passing the provision allowing canal bonds to be met from the proceeds of the indirect revenue we can pay for the canal as we go along. It is not a serious matter—only about $17.12 per thousand."

And after the meeting the Governor sat down at the desk and figured out that such a procedure would mean the payment of about $4,000,000 a year for eighteen years, and in that time would save interest to the amount of $55,040,000. As compared with the fifty-year proposition, it would mean a saving in interest of $150,000,000.

Mr. Clinton said the character of the advisory board would to a great extent affect public opinion upon the question.

"You know, the people view with more or less suspicion," said he, "every great public work."

"Yes, and every public official," interjected the Governor dryly. "In order to win commendation a public officer has to die."

A laugh followed this sally, and the Governor continued: "It seems to me that until we are proved disloyal we are entitled to be taken in good faith. We desire, regardless of our individual ideas, to carry out loyally the will of the people. I propose that the advisory board of expert engineers shall win confidence at the outset."

Mr. Clinton mentioned Major Symonds of the United States Engineer Corps as one whom the canal advocates would like to see on the board. Gov. Odell said he would not commit himself on the matter.

"I already have," said he, "the name of Major Symonds and about a bushel of others, too."

Gov. Odell said he believed the State Engineer would be ready in March for bids on the five most difficult points on the canal.

Before the conference closed John I. Platt of Poughkeepsie, the only anti-canal man present, asked leave to call the Governor's attention to the matter of the flood-waters of the Mohawk, whose hitherto recorded maximum, he said, had been exceeded in the recent floods.

"I want to say, moreover, in all frankness," he added, "that I never have assumed that the estimated $101,000,000 was insufficient. I recognise the vast difference between this proposition and the $9,000,000 affair. In the former case the appropriation was known by many who voted for it to be grossly insufficient. In this case, since the addition of the 'factor of safety,' I have never expressed a doubt of the sufficiency of the estimate. More than that, I believe that there were many more votes cast for the project with the large estimate than would have been given if the people had thought the estimate an insufficient one."

Members of the delegation expressed themselves as entirely satisfied with the attitude of Gov. Odell on the matter. No name but that of Major Symonds was mentioned for membership on the advisory board of expert engineers.

WON'T PERMIT GAMBLING.

District Attorney Clarke Watching New "Clubs" in Brooklyn.

Discussing yesterday the report that a handsomely fitted-up building on Bedford Avenue in the Bedford district was soon to open up as a "swell" gambling house in the guise of an incorporated club, District Attorney John F. Clarke of Brooklyn declared that if any such scheme was tried in the borough the promoters of it would find themselves in trouble. Besides the place in Bedford Avenue, according to report, a house on the Heights and another on the Park Slope are to be opened as high-limit gambling resorts after the first of the year.

"I have no knowledge of any plans to start any such gambling clubs or houses here in Brooklyn," said the District Attorney. "I am confident that no such condition of things will exist in this borough. It will not be permitted to prevail here. If the gamblers are bold enough to attempt to start pastimes in Brooklyn I want to tell them that there is a Grand Jury here, and while it is in session they will get all the trouble they are looking for. I mean what I say. Gambling will not be permitted to gain a foothold in Brooklyn."

It is understood that the house in Bedford Avenue, which has been fitted up at great expense, would be opened to the "members" of the "club" last night. The police watched the place closely, but there were no signs that the "opening" was taking place.

RECEPTION TO MGR. FARLEY.

Medical Staff of St. Vincent's Hospital Does Honor to the Archbishop.

The medical staff of St. Vincent's Hospital gave a reception yesterday afternoon to Archbishop Farley in the hospital. It was a notable event through the presence of a distinguished gathering of physicians and laymen of the Roman Catholic Church with their wives and daughters. In addition there were many Protestant physicians and men of distinction there to pay their respects to the Archbishop.

The reception was held in the parlors on the first floor above the Eleventh Street entrance. The hall and stairways leading to the reception rooms were elaborately decorated with smilax and chrysanthemums.

Notwithstanding the bad day, at least two thousand people attended the reception. The Archbishop welcomed the guests standing on a platform in front of a large chair of tapestry and gold. On either side were large flags, the Stars and Stripes, and the white and yellow emblem of the Roman Catholic Church, bearing the Papal coat of arms.

The Archbishop was assisted at the reception by Mgr. Mooney, Mgr. Laveille, and Chancellor Hayes. Others who assisted in the entertainment were the members of the Ladies' Auxiliary of St. Vincent's Hospital. This organization aids the sisters in their work and largely contributes to the funds of the institution.

Several of the ladies present made it a point to go through the wards where they could comfort and cheer patients able to receive visitors. Among those present were:

John D. Crimmins, Miss Mary Crimmins, Miss Constance L. Crimmins, Mrs. J. D. Crimmins, Jr., Mrs. Justice O'Brien, Dr. Lederle, Mrs. William O'D. Iselin, Dr. Thomas Darlington, Eugene A. Philbin, Mrs. Edward M. Grout, John D. Keller, Miss Mildred Cavanaugh of Chicago, Robert B. Roosevelt, Mrs. T. Wolfe Tone, Miss Jacquelin, Mrs. Harry Lehr, Dr. McBurney, Bird S. Coler, Mrs. William Cherry, Mrs. Henry Plant, Miss Merle, Mrs. T. Roosevelt Shanley, Mrs. Thomas Burns, Mrs. Thomas White, Miss White, Dr. Thomas Biggs.

In the evening a dinner was given to the Archbishop at Delmonico's by the medical staff of St. Vincent's Hospital, among those present being Mgr. Mooney and Mgr. Lavelle, Chancellor Hayes, and the following members of the medical staff of the hospital: Drs. F. S. Dennis, Joseph D. Bryant, Charles Phelps, C. J. MacGuire, G. D. Stewart, J. M. Farrar, Francis J. Quinlan, and William R. Pryor. Covers were laid for forty.

COLLAPSES IN COURT.

Young Woman Accused of Bigamy Faints When on Trial in Long Island City, and Is Unconscious for Two Hours.

Married to two men within twenty-four hours without any intervening divorce is the record of a young woman twenty years old, who, up to Oct. 31 last was Miss Margaret J. Familton of Whitestone, L. I., and it led to her being placed on trial on a charge of bigamy before County Judge Harrison B. Moore, in Long Island City, yesterday. The case was rapidly approaching its conclusion when the proceedings were brought to an abrupt end by the sudden collapse of the prisoner.

She failed to respond to ordinary treatment and was taken in an ambulance to St. John's Hospital by Dr. Hibbard. Word came back that her condition was precarious, but after two hours she recovered consciousness, and it was then said that she might be able to appear again to-day. Soon after the prisoner fell her sister, Millie Familton, sank unconscious, but she quickly revived.

Both husbands were present. Frederick Sugden Kirkman of Flushing testified that he had married the young woman on the day stated, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. Ervin L. Thorpe of the Rose Hill Methodist Episcopal Church, in Manhattan, who in court identified the couple.

Edwin J. Roach, a United States marine stationed at Willet's Point, whose home is at Cincinnati, testified that he had been married to her the next day by the Rev. Francis J. Schneider, a Lutheran Minister, at 217 Seventh Avenue, Manhattan. Dr. Schneider testified that both parties to him that they had never been married before.

The girl testified that Kirkman had met her by chance in the Long Island Railroad ferry house at Long Island City, and had drawn a revolver with which he had threatened to kill her and himself unless she consented to an immediate marriage. Terrified by his threats, especially as he had once kicked and beaten her, she accompanied him to the minister and was married. The same evening she told Roach the full story. Roach promised to help her, and the next day told her he had consulted a lawyer who had told him that the marriage was not binding, as Kirkman was under age, and on that assurance she consented to become his bride. The same ring was used for both ceremonies.

TWO PASSENGERS INJURED.

Fog Leads to Collision on the Kings County Elevated.

Two passengers were slightly injured in a rear-end collision of trains in the fog yesterday morning on the Kings County Elevated Railroad at the Linwood Street station. One train, on its way to City Line, had stopped at the station when another train came up behind in the fog and ran into it.

One of the cars of the forward train was derailed. Thomas Hertzer, seventy-five years old, of 999 Blake Avenue, a passenger on the first train, was thrown to the floor and received a slight scalp wound. Another passenger named Blake, whose address was not learned, was cut on the head. Both men went to their homes. Traffic on the line was delayed half an hour.

MAY SUE DR. MYERS.

Sheriff Melody Resents Sermon Preached by Brooklyn Clergyman.

Sheriff William E. Melody of Brooklyn intimated yesterday that he might bring a suit for slander against the Rev. Cortland Myers because of statements made by the preacher in his sermon in the Baptist Temple on Sunday. Dr. Myers declared that a regular business of issuing passes to persons wishing to visit Raymond Street Jail was being carried on in a saloon opposite the institution. He also asserted that some of the men who obtained passes in the saloon carried liquor into the jail for prisoners. In his sermon Dr. Myers spoke of "a jail and a criminal saloon keeper for its Sheriff." This remark has aroused the wrath of Sheriff Melody.

"That is a slanderous statement," he said yesterday. "I was never in the saloon business in my life, and I was never accused of being a criminal before. I owe it to myself and my family to take some step when such an infamous charge is made against me. To-day I had a long talk with my counsel, Charles H. Hyde. We have begun an investigation of this matter."

John Atkinson, who conducts the saloon opposite the jail, denied yesterday that he had given out passes in his place. The Warden, he said, had often done him favors by admitting his friends who wished to visit the jail. At the jail the charge that liquor was smuggled in was denied, it being claimed that all persons were searched before being admitted to see prisoners.

Virginia Lawyer Commits Suicide.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 23.—Richmond T. Lacy, a well-known lawyer, of this city, and brother of the late Benjamin Lacy, formerly of the State Supreme Court of Appeals, committed suicide to-day by shooting. Sickness and despondency are believed to have prompted the deed.

Palatial Restaurant

The eighth floor is a charming place to lunch—with its beautiful mural decorations and refined service it appeals especially to fastidious people. The best cuisine in New York.

Simpson Crawford Co.

SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREETS

Sixth Av. Agents for the Celebrated BUTTERICK'S Patterns.

Cooking School.

Miss Hasian, a graduate of Mrs. Rorer, gives daily lectures in the Recital Hall, sixth floor, at 10:30 A. M. and 2 P. M. All questions relative to cooking answered at these lectures.

Four Hundred Pieces of **Decorative Linens** READY THIS MORNING AT ⅓ PRICE

These are samples from an importer, and represent a varied collection of kinds that are just the caper for the Thanksgiving table.

Assortment includes Renaissance Linen; Cluny, Arabian and Russian Lace. All are hand made:—

In the lot are round and square Centrepieces, round Tea Cloths and Buffet Scarfs. Hardly any two alike and only four hundred all told. They belong to the four hundred, too, so far as style goes.

1.25 to 5.00--instead of $2.50 to $10.

TABLE LINENS FOR THE "BIRD'S" BED.

An exquisite setting for the turkey will be found in these decorative linens, which include

Doilies in all sizes, Centrepieces, Tray Covers, Buffet and Sideboard Scarfs, Luncheon and Tea Cloths, Dinner Cloths for round and square tables.

Most of them are trimmed with hand made laces of finest design, as well as the newest hand drawnwork, called "Dover."

SALE OF FINE DAMASK **Table Cloths.**

Two hundred of them—in two sizes, 2½ and 3 yards long, in a splendid range of patterns. We've sold hundreds at $2.95 and $3.45. A Thanksgiving flyer to-day..... $2.50

SIDEBOARD SCARFS. Two yards long; plain linen with open work and hemstitched ends; regular 85c. kinds at 60

SHAMS AND SCARFS of lawn; embroidered on the corners with ruffles and hemstitching. Scarfs are 1½ yards long; shams are 32 inches square..... 39

Five Hundred Hand Painted **$1.50 Jardinieres** on Sale To-day at **50c.**

The best offering of its kind ever made in New York—a really remarkable value.

Five hundred Jardinieres, hand painted in rich colors and exquisite designs. Never sold anywhere for less than $1.50. Jardinieres that would be an artistic ornament to any room.

Just To-day at 50c.

And these Thanksgiving things to go with them.

100 PIECE AMERICAN PORCELAIN Dinner Sets, decorated in neat spray designs and gold lined edges; value $10, at $6.50

100 PIECE THEO. HAVILAND CHINA DINNER SET, neat spray decorations; value $30, at..... $17.50

25 DOZEN ODD FANCY TURKEY PLATES, regular price, 50c. each, at.... 25

TABLE TUMBLERS, etched star and band patterns, regular price $1 per dozen, at 60

200 FANCY UMBRELLA JARS, richly colored, regular $3, at, each..... $1.95

100 JARDINIERES AND PEDESTALS, regular value $3.50, at..... $2.00

Candies and Favors.

For Thanksgiving Day Dinner.

Glace Fruits and Nuts, very finest quality, lb.....40

Extra fine Bonbons and Chocolates, 50c. quality, lb.....30

Butter Cups, all fruit and nut centres, lb.....20

SPECIAL.—2 lb. box. Fine Mixed Candy, 50c.

"Trowbridge" Chocolate Chips; box, 10., 20c. and.....40

Chocolate covered Frozen Pudding, most delicious, lb.....40

Thanksgiving Gift Pies, all colors, 42 strings; per string.....25

Snapping Bonbons, largest assortment, from 8c. dozen to $2.00

Lace Paper Doilies, round, square or oval, upward from, dozen...5

Imitation Papier Mache Turkeys, Fruits, Cheese, &c., upward from.....9

THE LATEST PAPER DECORATIONS

Pumpkin shaped Candle Shades, each 15c., two for.....25

Japanese Paper Napkins, per hundred, 15c., 20c. and....25

Also a most complete assortment of dinner favors.

Gas Logs.

For Open Fireplaces, Asbestos Trimmed.

12-inch size.....$2.95
14-inch size.....$3.90
16-inch size.....$4.50
18-inch size.....$5.50

Pudding Dishes.

Fine nickel Pudding Dishes, with white lined inside baking dish, at.....$1.00

Fine polished Pudding Dishes, side handles, at.....$2.98

ENORMOUS SALE OF GRAY ENAMELLED WARE.

300 Dish Pans, assorted sizes 25
170 Milk Pans, 4-qt. size....12
600 Covered Saucepans, 2-qt. size.....15
110 Covered Saucepans....25
140 Large Preserve Kettles, 6-qt. size.....19
600 Pie Plates.....5

Books to Simplify Thanksgiving Cookery.

Here are cook books and guides to table decorum galore.

You don't need one, of course—but you'll enjoy the novel methods some of them teach—and they MAY be a help to you.

The American Family Cook Book, over 500 pages of receipts, fully illustrated.....42

Common Sense in the Household—Marion Harland.....$1.10

Millionaires' Households—Mary E. Carter.....$1.40

Miss Parloa's New Cook Book and Marketing Guide....$1.15

Practical Cooking and Serving—J. McKenzie Hill.....$2

The Cook Book—"Oscar" of the Waldorf.....$1.90

The Boston Cook Book—Mary J. Lincoln.....$1.50

The Boston Cooking School Cook Book—Fannie Merritt Farmer.....$1.50

Harper's Cook Book Encyclopedia, compiled under direction of Harper's Bazar.....$1.50

Salads, Sandwiches and Chafing Dish Dainties—Janet McKenzie Hill.....$1.20

Men's $1 Underwear, 65c

Heavy Camel's Hair Shirts and Drawers, ribbed, splendid garments—never sold anywhere under a dollar. 65 cents to-day.

—Also—

MEN'S $1.50 PAJAMAS, $1.15.

Heavy weight, soft, fleecy quality domet flannel; made wide and full sized; solid pinks and blues; jackets trimmed with fast colored woven trimming, military cut, side opening.

WOMEN'S TIGHTS UNDERPRICED.

Fine quality medium heavy weight, silky mercerized texture, Swiss manufacture, perfect fitting; cream, pink and sky blue; knee length, $1.35; ankle length..... $1.50

Imported Robes--Reduced

The pick of the Paris makers are now on sale at unusual reductions from original prices. All are exclusive styles. Included are rich spangled effects, Black Lace, hand made Lace and Crepe de Chine, Embroidered and Lace Combinations, Cluny Lace, Net Combinations and many other effects.

At $24.50, worth up to $45.00.
At $37.50, worth up to $75.00.
At $57.00, worth up to $100.00.

Sale of Bed Blankets

At $5.00 The choicest assortment ever offered at the price. Made for double beds. Some are all wool, warp and filling; others have a cotton filling—to prevent shrinkage. White with colored borders, and in plaids or scarlet and gray. The biggest five dollars' worth in New York.

Evening Waists Reduced

Dainty and exquisite effects in a great variety of styles for evening wear—or the Thanksgiving dinner.

At $16.50 Instead of $21.75.

Of allover lace in the newest and richest designs; lined throughout with silk of finest quality.

ALSO

A collection of fifty or more dressy Waists—made of Chiffon, Mull, Lace and Crepe de Chine—superb designs and combinations.

At $35.75 to $65.00,

Reduced from $65.00 to $95.00.

Women's Coats & Jackets

Women's Coats of splendid quality black Montagnac, half fitted back, curved sleeve, turnover cuffs, strapped seams, velvet collar, heavy black satin lining..... $16.50

Women's Jackets of excellent quality Kersey, in black and castor; loose fitting; individual shoulder capes; new sleeve effect; patch pockets; trimmed with silk braid and self-strapping; self color satin lining..... $14.75

Women's ¾ length Coats of Kersey and Panne Cheviot, English walking style and half fitted back effects, with and without velvet collar, heavy grade of black or gray satin lining..... $27.50

Women's Coats of fine quality Black Cheviot, military model, individual shoulder capes, half fitted, box plaited back and front; trimmed around neck and cuffs with various colored velvet and black braid; fine grade of black satin lining..... $24.75

Women's Pedestrienne Suits

Of very fine Mannish Suiting, in a large variety of patterns, Russian blouse coat; individual shoulder capes; pouch sleeves, taffeta lined; seven gore flare skirt; welted seams; inverted plait back; special at..... $22.50

To Buyers of Discernment

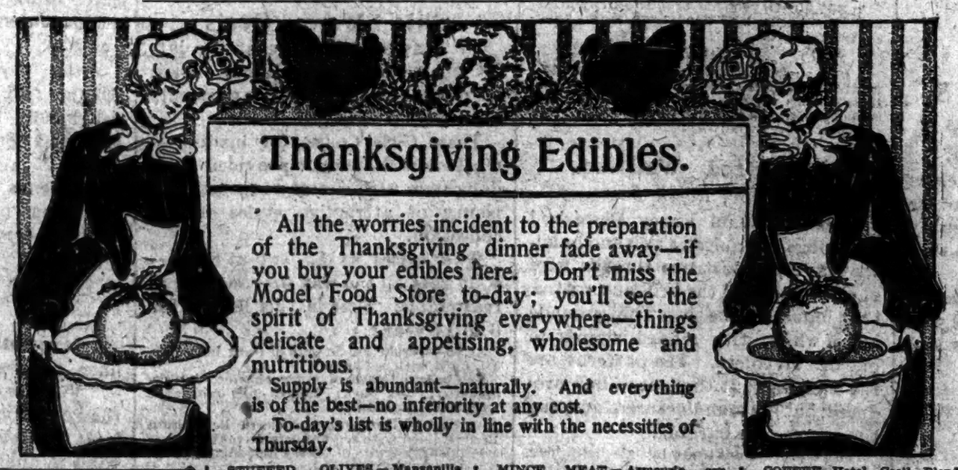
Monday we broke all previous selling records—a fact which we record with great satisfaction, because it's a glowing testimonial of your appreciation of our efforts to deserve your patronage—an emphatic and gratifying expression of your approval of the SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.'S merchandise.

This great day's selling was not the result of strenuous efforts, but, on the contrary, it was the outcome of pursuing the even tenor of our way and depending solely upon your discrimination and your desire to do your trading where only trustworthy merchandise is sold.

Of course, when we can secure merchandise of the SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.'S standard at a decided price advantage, we're only too pleased to do so and give you the benefit. Several such sales were in force Monday and will continue throughout the week or as long as the goods last, but then we only consider such occasions as mere fortuitous trade happenings, incident to a house like SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.'S, with a wide known outlet, to which all reputable manufacturers at times turn for relief.

The house of SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO. is organized on an adamantine foundation of merit and quality, and attracts for its clientele buyers of discernment, who, if necessary, would go out of their way to procure merchandise of sterling worth, and therefore we have a distinctive character to uphold, and to the fact that we insist that all of our merchandise must be selected to protect and sustain our position we attribute our daily growth—our gratifying increase of business.

We have always maintained that we'd sooner have the reputation of charging a trifle more for an article than be accused of sacrificing quality, but we make it a point—and you will always find it so—that, give quality deserved consideration, you'll always find our prices absolutely the lowest quoted on merchandise worthy of the name SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.



Thanksgiving Edibles.

All the worries incident to the preparation of the Thanksgiving dinner fade away—if you buy your edibles here. Don't miss the Model Food Store to-day; you'll see the spirit of Thanksgiving everywhere—things delicate and appetising, wholesome and nutritious.

Supply is abundant—naturally. And everything is of the best—no inferiority at any cost.

To-day's list is wholly in line with the necessities of Thursday.

NUTS—New mixed Thanksgiving Nuts, consisting of Almonds, English Walnuts, Brazils, Filberts and Pecans; special, 4 lbs. 50c.; 2 lbs.....20

PLUM PUDDING—"Royal Stuart," only selected material used in this preparation; 4-lb. can, 60c.; 2-lb. 30c.; 1-lb.....20

PLUM PUDDING SAUCE—Roberts & Robins, large can, 20c.; medium can.....15

RAISINS—1 Crown seeded Muscatel, macbing packed, lb. carton.....12

MAPLE SYRUP—"Royal Stuart" pure sap Maple; quart bottle, 20c.; pint bottle.....13

CATSUP—"Royal Stuart" new Tomato Catsup, thoroughly seasoned; pint bottle, 10c.; ½ pint bottle....10

STUFFED OLIVES—Manzanilla stuffed with Spanish Pimientoes; 6-oz. vase bottle; 2 bottles, 40c.; each.22

PRESERVES—"Royal Stuart" whole Strawberry, Raspberry, Pineapple or White Cherry; 1-lb. patent top jar; 4 jars, $1.05; each.....27

CRANBERRIES—Fancy large Cape Cod berries, 2 qt. boxes, 25c.; per qt.....10

ORANGES—New thin skinned Florida, doz.....25

APPLES—New York State Northern Spies, or New Town Pippins; for eating, doz.....15

GRAPE FRUIT—Bright, solid, juicy Florida Grape Fruit, 3 for.....25

DATES—New Fard small, pitted, lb.....10

FIGS—Smyrna layer new figs, lb.15

MINCE MEAT—Armour's condensed, 3 lb. pail.....35

PEEL—Lemon, Citron or Orange, lb.....10

CIDER—Golden russet Pure Apple Cider, gal. jug, 35c.; ½ gal. jar..20

HONEY—New York State, orange blossom, absolutely pure; qt. Mason jar, 45c.; pint jar.....25

JELLY—"Royal Stuart" pure red currant, crabapple or raspberry, home made style, tumblers, 3 tumblers, 40c.; each.....15

STUFFED DATES—Stuffed with assorted nut meats; box..25

CHEESE—Best imported Swiss Cheese; lb.....28

BUTTER—Meadow Brook creamery, sweet and wholesome; 5-lb. stone jar.....$1.35

COFFEE—Hotel Cecil Blend, dry roast; 4 lbs., $1.00; 1 lb.....28

CRACKERS—National Biscuit Co.'s Nabiscos, all pure fruit flavors; box.....21

RICH'S FRUIT CAKE—Home made, packed in parafine lined, fancy decorated boxes; 1-lb. box.....30

CHOCOLATE—Simpson Crawford Co. sweet eating Chocolate; 3 cakes.....24

POUND SAUCE—Drake Bros.' home made, plain, marble, citron or raisin; 3 lbs., 40c.; 1 lb.....15

POULTRY DRESSING—Bell's; large can, 15c.; medium.....9

CANNED FRUIT—California lemon cling Peaches or White exheart Cherries; luncheon size; can.....10

JAM—"Royal Stuart" Strawberry, Red Raspberry or Pineapple; lb. stone jar; 3 jars, 45c.; each.....16

Thanksgiving Specials in Wines & Liquors.

Not an ordinary event either, but one of those rare occasions that mark the lowest prices of the year—you do not have to take even our word for it, either—prices tell the story so emphatically that there's not the least question of a doubt.

Order your wines and liquors to-day so to be sure and have them delivered on time—then, too, this sale permits a saving that does not occur often.

SIR ROBERT BURNETT'S OLD TOM GIN, imported in glass bottle.....60

DEWAR'S SCOTCH WHISKEY, bottle.....80

MEDALLION STOUT, a fine tonic, dozen.....$3

CREME DE MENTHE, large bottle.....39

OETRIDE KUMMEL, bottle.....60

P. C. ROSSI VERMOUTH, case, $3.50; per bottle.....25

JAMES E. PEPPER WHISKEY, 8 years old, gallon, $3.10; per bottle.....45

OLD CROW WHISKEY, gallon, $2.50; per bottle.....60

MONOGRAM RYE WHISKEY, or GIBSON RYE WHISKEY, gallon, $2.85; full quart bottle.....85

CALIFORNIA PORT and SHERRY, ANGELICA, MUSCATEL and TOKAY WINE, choice quality, according to age and quality, a gallon, $1.05, $1.65, $1.85, $1.10 and $3

CALIFORNIA CLARET and ZINFANDEL, fully matured and bottle ripe.....90c. and $0

Cecilian Piano Players

Give Life to the Dumb Piano.

How are you going to entertain your guests on Thanksgiving Day? The duty of host and hostess is arduous at the best.

We're going to suggest a way to give them a royal treat—a way to entertain them with the least possible effort on your part.

Let us put a Cecilian Piano Player in your house to-day or to-morrow, furnish you with a musical library of all those masterpieces only skilled musicians can play, and without the slightest knowledge of the art of piano playing you can produce these pieces with all the effective interpretation of a master.

The Cecilian Piano Player is so simple that even a child can play it, yet so constructed that all the various expressions that a skilled musician gives to a piece can be produced, so as to win the applause of musical critics.

There's nothing in music composed that the Cecilian cannot play as accurately and as expressively as the human hands can produce it.

We're selling the Cecilian on the easy payment plan—a small amount down—and it's delivered for your entertainment; and you can immediately play your piano with all the skill of a musician who has spent a fortune and years of time.

We've a new attachment that goes with the new Cecilian that makes this piano player more than ever the peer of all others—the new interchangeable Tracker Board. With this attachment you can play music designed for any piano—giving you an opportunity to change pieces with any of your acquaintances who have a piano player—but, more than all else, it gives you access to the piano playing musical library of the world.

We'd consider it a pleasure to show you the Cecilian—like to have you step in and play it—see how simple it is.

The new Baby Grand Cecilians are models of compactness, taking up less room than any other piano player—which is important to those who have small music rooms.

Incidentally we have a few Cecilians which have been used for a few months during the summer—condition excellent—on which we can save you $50 each.

The Wanamaker Store. The Wanamaker Store. The Wanamaker Store. The Wanamaker Store.

The Holiday Spirit Is In the Air

There are a good many thousands of people in New York who are ready enough to avoid the Christmas rush, by doing their buying early; as was shown by the thousands of gift-things bought yesterday.

WANAMAKER'S is ready with the finest Holiday presentation of merchandise that the store ever made. The public was only waiting for this assurance, to take first pick, and to buy while shopping is comfortable.

A delightful rest-hour can be spent in the Art Gallery among the new paintings. An entire change in our picture exhibition has recently been made; which renews the interest which visitors have always had in the WANAMAKER Paintings.

A New Wrinkle In Flannel Shirts For Men

We have to make these shirts to order, of course. The flannel is of an entirely new weave, that looks much like madras. The grounds are gray, mottled with color, and with faint stripes, in contrasting shades. The collar bands and the cuffs are made of madras in harmonizing tones. The shirtmaking is done by the most expert cutters and finishers in the craft.

They are ideal shirts for outdoor sports, or for traveling.

$6 each, made to measure.

Broadway and Ninth street.

Saving a Fourth On Men's Overcoats to Order

Men who are still without their winter overcoats will be interested. A special purchase of handsome overcoatings — fine Oxford mixed and black velours, renders it possible for us to offer to make, in the faultless WANAMAKER fashion,

$40 Overcoats for $30

—a saving of $10 on a coat made to your measure, that is worth considering.

About enough material for a hundred coats—so the hundred-and-first man will be disappointed.

Coats will be made with silk lining, or silk shoulders and wool body-lining; in the fashionable length, 44 inches long.

A regular overcoat snap at $30!

Second floor, Fourth avenue.

Boys' Suits

Tuesday Bargains After Saturday Selling

Usually takes us a day to clean house, after a busy Saturday in the Boys' Clothing Store; and Tuesday brings a round-up of odd sizes that result from straightening stock.

So today, these attractive groups—rather good news for parents who want to see their boys in gay and festive attire for Thanksgiving:

At $5, worth $6.50 to $8.50.

Sailor Blouse Suits in serges and cheviots; sizes for 4 to 12 years.

At $3.75, worth $4.75.

Double-breasted Jacket Suits in plain and fancy cheviot; in sizes between 8 and 16 years.

At Ten Dollars.

Boys' Tourist Coats in fancy cheviots; belt in back; sizes for 9 to 16 years.

Second floor, Ninth street.

For Boys' Sports

It soon will be time for boys to turn to indoor sports. And our stock of indoor athletic goods is very complete. For instance:

Boys' Boxing Gloves, of kid, stuffed with hair, $1, $1.25 and $1.75 a set.

Kid Boxing Gloves, from $2.25 to $7 a set.

Striking Bags, double or single end; complete in box; of leather, $1 and $1.25; of horsehide, double welted seams, $1.50. Others up to $5.

And for the football devotees, a full assortment of balls, shin-guards and football "togs" in general.

Sporting Goods, Basement.

Shetland Wool Garments for Men

The sheep that live in the Shetland Islands need a warm coat of wool; for the Shetland Islands are as far north of Edinburgh, as Edinburgh is north of London. That is why the wool of the Shetland sheep is so soft and warm. The descendants of the old Picts and Norsemen who still inhabit these chilly islands, protect themselves from the cold by making all sorts of garments of the hand-spun and hand-woven yarns made from these fine warm wools.

Travelers long ago made the merits of Shetland wool known, and the rest of the world takes as many of the garments as the Shetlanders can spare.

We now have the first collection of these garments which we ever had in any quantity. There are Waistcoats, Jerseys, Scarfs, Caps and Hoods; and they are the best things that automobilists ever saw, for wear on cold-weather runs. The waistcoats are so fine and soft, and light in weight, that men wear them beneath their evening full-dress.

Jerseys, $6 and $7 — Caps and Hoods, $1.50
Waistcoats, $4 — Scarfs, $1.50 and $2.50

Men's Furnishings section, Broadway and Ninth street.

Seven Fine Offerings of Winter Shoes

Basement or no basement, we're not turning away any fine bargains in shoes; but you can depend on it that we are not taking in any but the very choicest lots.

Today's news will delight men and women who want Winter shoes for themselves, as well as those who have families to provide for. Seasonable, sightly shoes, now priced this way:

Men's Box Calf Lace Shoes at $1.90
Worth $3; all sizes, 5 to 11; shapely toes, welted and stitched double soles.

Mens Patent Leather Lace Shoes, $2.40
Shoes made to retail at $3.50. Also in kid with kid lining, box and wax calf, all lace; most have double soles, welted and stitched; all sizes in the lot, but not in each sort.

Women's Kid Boots at $1.50
Chrome-tanned kidskin of good quality; lace and button, on neat last; medium heels; usually sold at $2.

Women's Dress Boots at $1.90
Patent leather, kid and box calf; various weights of soles, all welted and stitched; stylish heels and modish toe-shapes.

Boys' School Shoes at $1.30
Sturdy satin calf, lace, with heavy soles and square heels; sizes 3 to 5½.

Boys' Shoes at $1.90
Box calf and kidskin; a dozen sorts, including many broken lots from our regular lines that sold at $2.50 and $3. All are welted soles of best quality, and in the lot all sizes are to be found.

Girls' School Shoes at $1.30
Kidskin, button, with spring heels; very neat and dressy; also heavy horse-hide shoes, both button and lace; sizes 11 to 2.

We also offer today a group of
Men's Football Shoes
that were made to sell at $4 and $5, now at $3 a pair.

Fourth avenue.

Women's Long Wraps

Winter days bring a greater prevalence of bad weather, and women's short coats give way to the longer styles, with their maximum of protection from the elements.

Raincoats, of course, hold their popularity when days are not too cold; the Ulsters are admirable wraps for blizzardy weather; and charming appearance, combined with splendid shelter from the rain, is provided by the French Silk Coats, rubber-lined.

All here, at favorable prices, and in numerous attractive styles:

Raincoats

At $10—Raincoats of tan or Oxford Venetian cloth; belted back, fly front; with pretty caps, strapped over shoulders.

At $18—Several styles of Raincoats, in collarless, cape and plain effects, from stylish men's wear materials.

At $25—Raincoats, in several styles that have previously been $28, $30 to $33; heavier weight materials, in Oxford, tan and olive shades.

Cloth Ulsters

At $25.50—Black kersey; double-breasted, belted; triple military capes, with standing velvet collar; fancy sleeves, half lined with satin.

At $27.50—Of very fine broadcloth, fly-front; half-fitted back; half lined with satin, handsomely tailored.

Silk Coats

A wide variety of these handsome Paris garments; in various colors—black, red, blue and three shades of tan. Silk with the thinnest rubber lining. $27.50 to $45.

Second floor, Broadway.

Mercerized Waistings

At 35c, worth 65c

These beautiful Fancy Mercerized Waistings are quite as rich and handsome as if the lustrous threads were of silk instead of the brilliant cotton that looks so like it. The grounds are of white, with refined stripes in one or two colors. The patterns are the choicest that the season has produced; but it's manufacturers' quitting time, hence the bargain.

The color combinations include light blue, pink, reseda, cardinal, light blue-and-black, pink-and-black, reseda-and-black, cardinal-and-black, and black figured stripes woven in grounds of pure white mercerized cotton, natte weave, that will make up into the smartest shirt-waists to be seen this season.

35c a Yard, instead of 65c

Rotunda.

$1.25 Sash Ribbons, 75c

These Sash Ribbons are of a fine, rich quality of satin Merveilleux, with openwork edges. Ten inches wide, in white, cream, light blue, rose and lettuce—charming colors for girls' sashes—and other uses which women's ingenuity can suggest. Full $1.25 value; now, by virtue of a special purchase, *75c a yard.*

Second floor, Tenth street.

Beautiful Lace Waists

The dress waist made entirely of Cluny or Venise Lace is exceedingly popular this season. And while these laces are so artistic and effective, they are serviceable as well—are, in fact, less perishable than silk waists. From a very ample stock we pick six for description:

At $8.50—Waists of Venise lace; full front, plaited at shoulder, with stitched taffeta bands; buttoned down back, and lined with China silk.

At $12—Of Venise lace, in light blue, navy blue, tan, lavender or violet; full front, plaited, with curved bands of taffeta, and trimmed with buttons; entire waist lined with taffeta silk.

At $14—Of Cluny lace, in white or ecru; full front with yoke effect, and buttoned down back; entire waist lined with China silk.

At $15—Of heavy Venise lace; full front with silk bands forming yoke, and trimmed with cord ornaments; French back; waist buttoned under arm.

At $20—Of heavy Venise lace; full front with broad silk bands, trimmed with embroidered medallions; French back, full sleeves with deep cuffs; trimmed with silk bands.

At $25—Of Russian lace; full front, plaited at shoulder; buttoned down back; full sleeves with deep cuffs.

Second floor, Tenth street.

Girls' Warm Coats

By Thanksgiving Day, at the latest, one's winter preparations should be ready—particularly the garments for out-door wear.

These Girls' Coats, for instance—mothers who haven't provided their daughters with winter wraps can find plenty of attractive styles in this collection.

Two styles at $5, two at $7.50—so it goes all the way up—and all are reasonable. Sizes in this list are for 6 to 14 years:

At $5—Regulation Reefers of dark blue cheviot, lined with red flannel.

Full-length Coats of fancy cheviot, double-breasted; box back; collar, cuffs and cape trimmed with braid.

At $7.50—Three-quarter length Regulation Reefers, lined with red flannel; velvet collar.

Full-length Coats of kersey and mixed materials; variously trimmed.

At $10—Three-quarter and full-length Coats of kersey, cheviot, velveteen and sibeline; variously made and trimmed.

At $15—Three-quarter and full-length Coats of homespun, kersey and sibeline; handsomely made and trimmed.

Second floor Ninth street.

Embroidered Scarfs And Pillow Shams

Another shipment of these unusually attractive Embroidered Scarfs and Pillow Shams, at taking little prices—50c and 75c each. Patterns are chiefly in blind-work on fine lawn centers, and are all new. Scarfs are 54 in. long; pillow shams, to match, are 32 in. square. And very specially priced at 50c and 75c.

Broadway.

The Holiday Display of Art Wares Is Ready

Ever since the First of the month, fast steamers have been bringing from Europe case after case of beautiful Art Wares for Christmas selling. More than two hundred cases have been opened, and their rich contents placed on exhibition in our Art Wares Salon, in the Basement.

It is a magnificent collection that we invite you to view today—Bronze and Marble Statuary, and Bric-a-Brac of all the classic and popular sorts—each kind in broad variety, from the small cabinet pieces, to the large statues and vases.

Our connoisseurs spent months in the gathering of these fine trophies; and it is a most valuable privilege for seekers of really fine Holiday gifts to have the opportunity to select from this full and splendid collection, while every choice and rare beauty-thing is here.

The collection of Marble Statuary is undoubtedly the largest in New York City today. Fine specimens, in both Carrara and Alabaster marble, are shown; and they come directly from the ateliers of the best sculptors of Italy.

Bronzes from Vienna

The most artistic we have ever received, and include a very interesting collection of figures of the American Indian in different characteristic poses. Also a stock of very dainty Gilt Bronzes for cabinet pieces, busts, figures and fancy pieces. $4.50 to $135.

Italian Bronzes

Reproductions of the famous bronzes found in the ruins of Herculaneum and Pompeii. The originals are in the Museums of Naples and Rome. $5 to $225.

Miniatures on Ivory and Limoges Enamels

A most beautiful stock just received. Prices begin at $1.50, including frame. Subjects are mostly court beauties during the periods of the Louis and the Empire. $1.50 to $32.50.

Vienna Vases and Plates

The same delightful style of painting beautiful faces and figures. New decorations. Brilliant lustre colors—green, blue, maroon, overlaid with a delicate turquoise-jeweling on gold ground.

Vases, $6 to $300.
Plates, $18 to $55.

Bronze-mounted Vases (Sevres Style)

Painted Vases; dainty French subjects; Ormolu mountings and trimmings; from $5 to $250.

French Pedestals

Beautiful combinations of onyx and colored marbles, bronze and enameled mountings; from $80 to $250.

Plates

Our stock of fine French and English plates comprises well over three hundred kinds. Almost all of the designs are ours exclusively, and represent almost all of the leading factories of the world. Prices are from $12 to $375 a dozen.

Vienna Terra-Cottas

A handsome collection of these most artistic models, $12 to $80.

There are also large collections of Royal Bonn, Amphora, Teco and Hampshire wares, Flemish and French goods, brass-mounted wood-boxes and plaques and many beautiful and inexpensive wares.

Art Room, Basement.

Fine Imported Electroliers

Just outside of the Art Wares Salon is another exhibition of art pieces that serve in a more utilitarian capacity, and yet they are no less meritorious as works of art than the more distinctly decorative wares. They consist of bronzes, large and small, in many and varied forms, mounted as Electroliers. Here are descriptive hints of a few:

Desk and Table Electroliers

Electric Desk or Table Lights; large and small bronze figures holding silk umbrella shade with bead fringe. $8.50, $9.50, $13.50, $18.50, $25 to $55.

Electric Desk or Table Lights in Art Nouveau style, with metal shades studded with colored jewels. $25, $28.50, $32.50.

Electric Desk or Table Lights, with heavy metal stands in bronze and old brass finishes, with metal shades studded with colored jewels and finished with colored bead fringe. $16.50, $28.50, $30, $35.

Large Electric Table Lights in hammered dark antique brass finish. These have large dome shades made of colored glass pieces leaded together, finished with bead fringe. $25, $32.50, $65.

Bronze Electroliers

Bronze Figure with small spray of flowers holding one bulb. $8, $13.50, $16.50.

Bronze Figures with large and small sprays of flowers holding two lights. $16.50, $20, $22.50, $25 to $45.

Bronze Figures with large sprays of vines and flowers mounted on marble and onyx bases, with three lights. $32.50, $37.50, $40, $50 to $65.

Large Bronze Figures in new finishes and designs, holding four lights. $85, $95.

Floor Electroliers

Large Floor Electrolier representing a palm tree, with about 1600 crystal drops as its leaflets; under the tree rests a handsome parrot with about 800 colored jewels in the body, wings and tails. This piece has fifteen colored electric bulbs. $185.

Stork with handsome white jeweled tail on large brass base, under a cluster of seven electric bulbs. $200.

Electric Novelties

Three Storks in brass, under a cluster of crystal drops; three lights. $60.

Brass Tree; four lights holding tinted tulip glass shades. $65.

Brass Urn with torch, Louis XVI. $75.

Electric Lamp, bowl and body made of one piece of iridescent glass, mounted on heavy brass base. $85.

Basement Lamp Store.

Luxurious Negligee Garments for Women

In the Little French Store:

From Paris, Matelasse Dressing Sacques, silk-lined; large collar, with embroidered scallops. Three styles, in light shades and black. $15 to $28. Robes of the same rich, luxurious material; two styles, at $42 and $50.

From Japan, Quilted Dressing Sacques and Robes, of Japanese silk; delightfully light, but warm. The sacques at $6.75, the robes at $14.50 to $18.75.

Garments that every comfort-loving woman of taste will admire and wish to possess.

Second floor Fourth ave. and Tenth.

Umbrellas

A Tip in Time

If you're looking for a likely present for a man or woman, buy one of these Umbrellas now, and lay it by against Christmas.

If you need an umbrella yourself, you can't do better—good, serviceable, handsome kinds, that save your money:

At $2, worth $2.75

Women's 26-inch all-silk Umbrellas, with sterling silver caps, horn and silver, and natural wood silver-tipped handles.

Men's 28-inch all-silk Umbrellas, with natural wood handles.

At $2.90, worth $4

Women's 26-inch all-silk Umbrellas, with more elaborate fancy handles.

Men's 28-inch all-silk Umbrellas, with fancy horn or natural wood handles, silver-trimmed.

Initials marked without charge on all umbrellas at $2 and over. Monograms 25c and 35c extra.

Special Counters, Second floor, Ninth st.

A Liberal Towel Supply

Is something it pleases a housekeeper to have. With towels, like table-linen, a cheese-paring policy is distasteful.

Visitors over Thanksgiving? Here's a chance to keep the towel-racks in the guest-room and your own rooms well supplied now, and all the time, at least possible cost; with Towels of pure linen, handsome in appearance, durable in quality.

Naturally, the Bath Towels are cotton—exceptions to the linen rule—but in wear and worth they are in the same class:

Towels

At 20c, from 30c—Bleached German; fancy weave; (Momie cloth) hemstitched ends; 19x38 in.

At 25c, from 35c—Bleached Huckaback; extra large size, 23x48 in.; hemstitched; handsome all-white damask borders.

At 25c each—"Old Bleach" Huckaback Towels; hemstitched; heavy quality; great bleached; very desirable; 20x30 in.

At 40c, worth 50c—Grain-bleached Huckaback; plain or with pillow damask design; hemstitched ends; 21½x42 in.

At 25c each—Hemstitched German grass bleached damask; extra large size, 23x44 in. Special value at 25c each.

Bath Towels (All cotton)

Turkish Towels, full bleached, hemmed or hemmed ends; Turkey red borders or all white. Made for us before the advance in cotton yarn. Special values at 12½c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 35c and 50c each.

At 25c—Snow-white Bath Towels; hemmed ends; made with double warp, making towel extra firm and fine; with red broche border; copy of an Austrian towel sold in this market at 75c; 23x46 in.; splendid value.

At 50c—Imported Brown Linen Friction Towels, with hemmed ends and red borders; extra good quality; 20x44 in. Same, 27x55 in., at 75c each.

At 10c—Bath Mats; extra large and heavy; in two choice colors—blue or pink; fully worth 25c; 26x46 in.

Kitchen Towels

At 12c—Brown Crash Towels, all hemmed; ready for use; 22½x30 in. Extraordinary value at 10c each.

At 25c—Same, made into roller towels; 15x90 in.

At 15c—Striped Glass Towels; Turkey red border; 22x36 in.; unhemmed; our regular 25c kind.

Third floor.

Christmas Pictures For Art Lovers

The rearranged Picture Store, with its very representative collection of pictures, offers splendid facilities for the selection of works of art of real merit as holiday gifts. The pictures have been gathered with rare artistic discernment, and include oils, water colors etchings and photogravures, in a wide range of subjects by noted American and foreign artists.

In addition, there is a newly arrived group of smaller paintings from the 1903 Exhibitions of the Paris Salons, that possess much interest and beauty.

And just now is the best time for satisfactory choosing, with the aid of experts who are constantly at your service.

General price-news:

Oil paintings, by Ceramano, Leon Herbo, Richet, Lazerges, Erdman, Vinea, and others, in handsome gold frames; at prices ranging from $65 to $800.

A handsome collection of Italian and American Water Colors; by such Italian artists as Colombo, Simoni, Onganis, Rip, Gabrinia, Micali, and others; in gold frames; prices from $75 to $450.

By such American artists as W. R. Derrick, George Howell Gay, F. F. English, Carl Weber, Cady, Colby, Mitchell, and others; all handsomely framed in gold frames, $15 to $100.

A fine collection of Proof Etchings, all handsomely framed in fine gold frames, at $50 to $65.

Carbon photograph reproductions of famous pictures, in various sizes and styles of wood frames, at $1 to $35.

Photogravure reproductions; plain, in gilt frames, at $12.75. Another group, in more elaborate frames, at $20. Same subjects, colored, at $25.

Fifth floor.

Have You Room For Your Books?

If you attempt to keep pace with the literary output of today you'll soon find your shelf-room sadly crowded. And think of the books you're apt to get at Christmas!

The solution lies in this splendid stock of Bookcases—broad enough to meet every demand as to style, wood and price. Included are bookcases in oak of various colors, imitation mahogany and mahogany. Plain, open cases of low cost, just to provide a home for books, or finely-designed, richly-carved, elegantly-finished cases of the most elaborate sort, and scores of styles in between.

Here is a word or some of the low-priced kinds:

At $6—Imitation mahogany open-front Bookcases; 24 in. wide, 54 in. high; curtain-rod at top; four shelves; highly polished.

At $7—Golden oak open-front Bookcases; 30 in. wide, 54 in. high; curtain-rod at top; four shelves; polished finish. This case also in imitation mahogany.

At $8—Golden oak Bookcases, open-front; 35 in. wide, 54 in. high; curtain-rod at top; four shelves, polished finish.

At $9—Imitation mahogany open-front Bookcases; 35 in. wide, 54 in. high; curtain-rod at top; four shelves; highly polished.

At $9—Golden oak Bookcases; 24 in. wide, 54 in. high; one glass door; quartered oak front; four adjustable shelves; polished finish.

At $15.50—Golden oak Bookcases; 48 in. wide, 54 in. high; two compartments, two doors, four adjustable shelves; quartered oak front; polished finish. This case also in imitation mahogany.

At $18—Golden oak Bookcases; quartered oak; two compartments, two glass doors, three adjustable shelves; 48 in. wide, 48 in. high; polished finish.

At $20—Golden oak Bookcases; quartered oak front; three compartments, three glass doors, four adjustable shelves in each compartment; 60 in. wide, 54 in. high; polished finish.

Other oak Bookcases are priced at $22, $23, $32, $35, up to $215.

Mahogany Bookcases at $26, $30, $32, $40, up to $220.

Fourth floor.

Housekeeping Helps For the Thanksgiving Dinner

Kitchen helps to make the domestic wheels run with least friction and most satisfactory results, in preparing the Thanksgiving Dinner. These are but few hints, picked from a complete stock of everything one can imagine or desire in the way of household utensils. All high in quality, moderate in price:

The "Excerpta" Coffee Pot

Makes coffee instantaneously, on the dinner table or in the kitchen—or wherever you have boiling water. Preserves the aroma, saves 25 per cent. of the coffee, requires no eggs to settle; makes coffee of unvarying perfection; and is handsome in appearance and durable. Price—2-quart size—$2.50.

The "Universal" Food Chopper

Chops all sorts of meat, raw or cooked fruit and vegetables into clean-cut pieces of uniform size, fine or coarse, as required. All parts are interchangeable; and any defective parts will be replaced free of charge. All parts heavily tinned. With three cutters, coarse, medium and fine; family sizes, 75c, $1, $1.25 and $1.50; hotel sizes, $2.50 to $6.

Russia Iron Roasting Pans

For his excellency, The Turkey. Highly polished surface, and easily kept bright; durable and most economical.

Double Roasting Pans—
7½x13½ in., at 95c. 9½x15½ in., at $1.45.
8½x14½ in., at $1.20. 10½x16½ in., $1.75.

Oblong Roasting Pans—
10 x 14 in., at 65c. 11 x 17 in., at 80c.
11 x 16 in., at 70c. 12 x 18 in., at 85c.

Square Roasting Pans—
11 x 11 in., at 50c. 13 x 13 in., at 70c.
12 x 12 in., at 60c. 14 x 14 in., at 75c.

Coffee Machines

In copper, nickel plated; admirably efficient; make delicious coffee; detachable glass globes, easily regulated lamps; sizes for 6 to 14 cups, at $7 to $11.

Basement.

Formerly A. T. Stewart & Co.

JOHN WANAMAKER

Broadway, Fourth Avenue, Ninth and Tenth Streets.

PLAYS AND PLAYERS

CHARLES RICHMAN A STAR

A Dual Role in Victor Mapes's "Captain Barrington."

George Washington in the Case—A Friendly House, but Not a Good Play.

Mr. Richman and the able company with which Messrs. Weber & Fields have furnished forth his venture into stardom were enthusiastically received last night by an obviously friendly house; but they could not quite conceal the fact that the romantics of Mr. Victor Mapes's melodrama of the Revolution are for the most part rheumatics, nor dissemble the squeakings of the joints.

The play turns on a Tory plot, allegedly historic, to end the war by capturing Washington. The father of his country (played with commendable simplicity and dignity by Joseph Kilgour), appeared in the first act, heralded by such shoutings and orchestral salvos as are usually reserved for the star.

After speaking many Jared Sparkiets of Johnnycake, he made the momentous announcement that he would be back on Tuesday at 1:30 for dinner, and marched down and out like the King of France with 40,000 men. At the last curtain he came back (with a lack of the pinotundity he so praised in his youthful copybook) on Tuesday at 1:45, and after him filed a squad of redcoats, who, as they seemed about to capture him, shucked off their outer garments, displaying the blue and buff of the Continental, much to the discomfiture of the plotting Tories. Such a Washington can scarcely be said to be first in war. But he was clearly first in the piece at the Manhattan; and judging by the patriotic fervors of the audience, he was first in the hearts of his dum-dums.

Mr. Richman was by turns the Continental Dromio Fielding and his redcoat brother, Dromio Barrington. It may be proclaimed without reserve that he impersonated the part of his own double to the life; and it is to be added that he favored the Houdon bust even more than the capable Mr. Kilgour. Under the circumstances Mr. Richman must be praised for his forbearance in not attempting a triple rôle. As things were he had plenty to do. When fighting at the outset got into the British lines, the redcoats were strangely obtuse to his resemblance to Barrington, let him go in the interests of the plot; but ever afterward he detected his escapes by virtue of the resemblance thus strangely overlooked. Barrington also wormed out of tight corners by his resemblance to Fielding, and also got into them in the way of love affairs. There seemed no reason why such adventures and releases might not have lasted indefinitely.

Mr. Mapes's play is frankly theatric and frankly melodramatic, which is not at all to its discredit, but it can hardly be called effectively so. The complications of the plot were elaborate to the point of unintelligibility, and the story had a most unCraftsmanlike way of losing itself in eddies of intrigue and byways of comic relief. In treating a character such as Washington the only safe way is to create interest and belief in him as a sight unseen, and then to bring him on only at a really dramatic crisis, and for the brief dispatch of momentous affairs. The Father of his Country making a dinner engagement is only less impossible than the F. H. C. with a squad of disrobing soldiers as a chorus.

In the first act there was rather effective complication of melodramatic encounters, with a fireit, Colonial humor, bayonets glancing in the moonlight, a duel of pistol and sword, and a fusillade of shots fired into the dark.

Such things are never quite without effect. But the character of the emotions, even the situations, did not make good to the imagination. The appeal was to the nerves, not to the heart.

That Mr. Richman was handsome in his Continental uniform and stunning in his redcoat could not be insisted on to those familiar with his stalwart form and his manly bearing. His vigorous voice and his sincere, if crude, ardor in making love have also suffered no diminution. Into one passage in the British mess room he infused a very positive spirit of boisterous, manly mirth.

But in spite of the fervid declaration he made in his curtain speech that the play afforded "splendid material," the fact seemed to be that he failed of any vivid effect because of the lack of dramatic and romantic substance in the story. Against a dull play the actor wars in vain, and theatric bustle is a snare and a pitfall. Mr. Richman's elocution was as wooden as ever, phrase following phrase with the lifeless distinctness of a man pounding a "record" into a gramophone.

George W. Wilson lent his very intelligent talents, lately displayed as the real King whom Villon was not, to the thankless part of the quondam friend of Washington scheming to betray him. But his efforts were in vain. Susanne Sheldon was his ward, who was in love with Fielding, and revealed his plot to Washington. She was handsome as ever, but suffered from a plentiful lack of stuff to work with.

Helen MacGregor had an impossible part as a maiden enamored of the light but not heartless Barrington.

Strange to relate, the conventional comic relief was the liveliest feature. As a cowardly Continental, fond of the fleshpots, J. H. Bradbury had a distinct Tyrolean elance. As a bragging Tory, Broom H. E. James revealed very distinct comic abilities. His grief at being forbidden to go to a dance and his agonized half shuffle at hearing the distant music were genuinely funny.

"MISS ELIZABETH'S PRISONER."

William Faversham Appears in a New Play at the Criterion Theatre.

If any more incompetent, inconsequential, and puerile rubbish in the way of a play is to be imagined than "Miss Elizabeth's Prisoner," which was presented at the Criterion Theatre last night by William Faversham, then Messrs. E. Lyall Swete and Robert Neilson Stephens, who wrote the present piece, must consent to collaborate with him who seeks to imagine it. And if there were ever set forth as hero and heroine, respectively, in a play of the sugared variety designed to please the very young and the very unsophisticated, two people more calculated to inspire contempt, it would be difficult to name than Capt. Harry Peyton, about whom the chief interest is supposed to centre, is a liar, a coward, the worst sort of a cad, and—well, the heroine calls him a horse thief, but there he has an excuse. For he is a soldier, and he wants to get back to the lines.

As for Miss Elizabeth herself, one recognizes after witnessing her exhibition of bad temper and petulant vixenishness that there is some justice meted out after all. For before the final curtain falls the soldier gets Miss Elizabeth's promise to marry him. One might feel a tinge of sympathy for him then, but really he deserves it.

The scene of the play—it is Revolutionary as to time, but by no means as to ideas—is the Philippes Manor House at Yonkers.

Capt. Peyton, an American who had served in the British Army until his sentiment caused him to turn to his own people, takes a horse from the Philippse stables and offers to pay Miss Elizabeth for the animal. She, being a red-hot little follower of King George, tells Peyton what she thinks of him in good, round terms; then, when he is brought in wounded a few moments later, she informs him he is her prisoner, and sends word to the British lines of her capture.

Captain Peyton, after soliloquizing on how hard it is to die—conceives the idea of gaining his freedom by pretending that he loves Miss Elizabeth. And so well does he woo her that when the soldiers come to arrest him she hides him behind her skirts. When she learns later of the trick that Peyton has played she is furious, puts on her prettiest frock, brings him to her feet, and then sends him about his business with a very merry and mocking laugh.

Whereupon this gallant Captain, knowing that she is betrothed to one John Golden of the King's First New Jersey Volunteers, remarks that he will at least stay and fight "that man," thus again exhibiting his generous and noble nature. In the next act the sweet-tempered Miss Elisabeth does her best to egg the men on to a fight, but Colden is, if anything, a worse coward than Peyton, and it comes to naught.

Before this transpires even the women apparently have "tumbled to Peyton," for when they wish to detain him they remark: "Oh, it's a cold night. We'll hide his hat. He wouldn't go without his hat." And he doesn't.

The part of Capt. Peyton was quite within the star's abilities. Mr. Faversham is a popular player—that was attested again last night by numerous curtain calls, and that fact may result in a satisfying attendance during the engagement. Of the supporting company the less said the better. Miss Hilda Spong, who was cast for Miss Elizabeth, labored most assiduously, and there was hardly a moment when one did not realize that she was laboring hard. Her overacting cannot be entirely excused on the plea that the part was badly drawn, though it is not in the line which suits her best. And as the time seems past when competent players are supposed to be able to adapt themselves to many kinds of parts, it may only be hoped that Miss Spong will come forth again before a great while in a medium more suited to her accomplishments.

MME. WIEHE AT THE SAVOY.

Artistic Work of French Actress Appreciated by Good-Sized Audience.

Mme. Charlotte Wiehe appeared last night at the Savoy Theatre, where she will play the current week, to return to the Vaudeville next Monday. She is seen to better advantage at the Savoy, as the stage is roomier and the audience, not being cramped in the seats, is in better mood to admire the dainty, piquant, espiègle little actress. The house was well filled. The curtain raiser was Charles de Bairville's one-act comedy, "Les Fourberies de Nérine," as played at the Comédie Française, with M. H. De Ber as Scapin, the varlet valet, and Mlle. Nory the roguish Nérine. It was new in the repertoire of the company and was well received.

"La Nuit Des Noces," a one-act comedy by Peter Nansen, translated by M. Mounier, was seen for the first time. It introduced Mme. Wiehe as Susanne, the bride, and M. Lucien Prad as the bridegroom, in their wedding garb in the anteroom of the bridal chamber, and Mlle. Davricourt as Barbe, a servant. The happy couple soon discovered that they were not "alone at last." Their privacy—wholly discreet, for there was not a "risky" situation in the play—was constantly invaded by Barbe with solicitous messages from Jean's belle mère and a desire to call her newly married mistress "Madame," and a result was tiffs, culminating in tears by Susanne, between groom and bride.

It, of course, ended delightfully. Barbe brought in a tray of refreshments and retired, and Susanne archly and daringly placed a biscuit in her mouth after the fashion of a bird visiting its callow brood. And the curtain fell to be raised to half a dozen recalls, Mme. Wiehe acknowledging the recognition of her gifts as an artist with the enthusiasm of a girl.

The other presentations were the mimodrame, "L'Homme aux Poupées," the climax of which, the song and the tearing of the coverins of the doll's box, came near to making the house "rise," and the "Souper d'Adieu."

"DU BARRY" REVIVED.

Large Audience Greets Mrs. Carter at the Belasco Theatre.

When the curtain rose on "Du Barry" last night at the Belasco Theatre, Mrs. Leslie Carter faced as large, and apparently as enthusiastic, an audience as greeted her two seasons ago when she made her first appearance in the same play. She has her original company, with one exception, again with her, and the production has about the same degree of finish and splendor as it had at that time. Mrs. Carter, in the rôle of the fascinating milliner who became the mistress of Louis XV., displayed her usual cleverness in emotional acting. As Louis Charles A. Stevenson appeared to advantage, while Campbell Gallan, as Jean du Barry; William Raymond, as Count Guillaume, and Charles A. Millward, as Cosse de Brissac, filled their parts to the satisfaction of all present.

No such unpleasant feature as the serving of a summons interrupted the even course of the play last night, as it did the performance of "Zaza" a week ago. Mrs. Leslie Carter was called before the curtain again and again, but Mr. Belasco was not on hand to speak to the audience. "Du Barry" will be given eight times this week, there being an extra matinée scheduled for Thanksgiving Day. At the Belasco Theatre "Zaza" will be given the first three nights and "Du Barry" the last three of next week.

NOTES OF THE PLAYHOUSES.

Sardou's "Madame Sans Gene" was presented at Proctor's Fifth Avenue Theatre last night, with Florence Reed and Malcolm Williams at the head of the cast. In the vaudeville list were Sydney Grant, Kusel and Wordette, and Walker and Harvey. At the Fifty-eighth Street Theatre "Winchester," Edward McWade's wartime play, was produced, the cast including the author, Walter Hodges, C. D. Herman, Florence Sinnott, and Adolph Lestina. The attraction at Proctor's Harlem house yesterday was E. E. Kidder's "One Error"; the vaudeville bill included Stanley and Brockman, Hume, Rose and Lewis, Johnson and Wells, and the Musical Thor.

***

The Eight Vassar Girls headed the bill at Keith's last night, their most pleasing novelty being an "electric dance." Others at Keith's this week are the Marvelous Merrills, bicyclists; Musical Dale, bell ringer, Eddie Girard in "The Soubrette and the Cop," the Quigley Brothers, Barry and Johnson, Maxwell and Company, the Three Mitchells, Paul Stephens, Eddie De Voe and Sloan and Wallace.

***

Most interesting of the pictures at the Eden Musée this week are the series showing elephants working in the place of horses, and that showing the trouble a bill poster has in getting his bills stuck to the board. In the World in Wax a group entitled "Life in the Northwest" is attracting attention.

***

At the Circle are Staley and Birbeck, the "Great Thurston," Cressy and Dayne, Sheam and Warren, Billy B. Clifford, Johnson, Davenport and Lorella, Cooper and Bailey, and others.

***

At Hurtig & Seamon's Fanny Rice is leading the bill this week. Wilfred Clark and Company appear in a sketch called "Nothing but Trouble." Others on the list are John and Bertha Gleeson, Press Eldridge, the Musical Goodmans, the Flold Brothers, the Smodley Scotch Club, and Johnson and Wells.

***

At Huber's Museum the "Barnum Freaks" are getting the most attention. Lionel, the boy with the lion's face, is still as fierce looking as ever.

***

At the Dewey the "Blue Ribbon Girls" are on the boards for this week. One of the burlesques given is "The Sultan of Half Morocco."

***

"There and Back" began a week's run at the West End Theatre last night. Charles E. Evans and Charles H. Hopper have the leading rôles.

***

At the Grand Opera House "The Sultan of Sulu" was presented last night, with Sam Collins in the rôle of Ki-Ram, the part formerly taken by Frank Moulan.

***

"The Rogers Brothers in London" is at the Harlem Opera House.

***

"Drink," which had a long and successful run at the Academy of Music, was given at the Metropolis last night, with Charles Warner still in the leading rôle.

***

"Brown's in Town" was presented at Payton's Fulton Street Theatre, Brooklyn, last night, and will continue there during the week. Every Tuesday there is a souvenir matinée. "Brown's in Town" will be followed next week by "The Mantle of Charity."

***

"Rachel Goldstein" is at the New Star this week.

***

"The Road to Ruin" is at the Third Avenue.

***

Mr. Conried announced yesterday that he had engaged another soprano for the Metropolitan Opera House Company. The newcomer is Mme. Vicini, who may appear next Friday night in the part of Musetta. Three of the most prominent artists in the Conried organization are expected to-day. They are Mme. Ternina, Miss Edith Walker, and Alois Burgstaller. They will arrive on the Kronprinz Wilhelm.

***

To-night's performance of "Captain Barrington" at the Manhattan Theatre has been set aside as a "Columbia Night." A large delegation of students from the university will be present, and with them J. Howard Van Amringe, Dean. The football team will occupy boxes.

***

Charles Frohman will produce the drama "Cheer, Boys, Cheer" at the New York Theatre after the holidays with a number of the actors now in "The Best of Friends" in the cast. The run of "The Best of Friends" at the Academy will end on Dec. 12. Mr. Frohman plans that when the "Cheer, Boys, Cheer" company goes on tour it will also be seen in the Boer war play, "The Best of Friends."

***

Carrie Nation is coming to New York in her revival of "Ten Nights in a Barroom." She will be at the Third Avenue Theatre during the week beginning Dec. 14. In the third act a genuine saloon smash-up occurs.

THEATRICAL OFFERINGS.

ACADEMY—"The Best of Friends."
AMERICAN—"The Worst Woman in London."
BELASCO—"Du Barry."
BROADWAY—"Babette."
CASINO—"Ermiale."
CRITERION—"Miss Elizabeth's Prisoner."
DALY'S—"A Japanese Nightingale."
EMPIRE—"The Pretty Sister of Jose."
FOURTEENTH STREET—"Lights of Home."
GARDEN—"Three Little Maids."
GARRICK—"Lady Rose's Daughter."
HARLEM OPERA HOUSE—"Rogers Brothers in London."
HERALD SQUARE—"The Girl from Kays."
HUDSON—"Cousin Kate."
IRVING PLACE—"Im Bunten Rock."
KNICKERBOCKER—"The Light That Failed."
LYCEUM—"The Admirable Crichton."
LYRIC—"Red Feather."
MADISON SQUARE—"A Clean Slate."
MAJESTIC—"Babes in Toyland."
MINER'S EIGHTH AVENUE—"City Sports Burlesquers."
MURRAY HILL—"Under Cover."
NEW AMSTERDAM—"Her Own Way."
NEW YORK—"Ben Hur."
PRINCESS—"Raffles."
SAVOY—Mme. Wiehe and her French company.
VICTORIA—"The Office Boy."
WALLACK'S—"The County Chairman."
WEBER & FIELDS'—"Whoop-Dee-Doo."

Brooklyn Amusements.

ORPHEUM—Vaudeville.

Dan Daly at Proctor's.

Dan Daly presented an original "turn" at Proctor's Twenty-third Street Theatre last night. In an act which lasted only about twenty minutes he gave impersonations of himself as he has appeared in his various successes since his theatrical career began. The announcement that Dan Daly was to be at the Twenty-third Street Theatre brought out a larger crowd than usual, which was very enthusiastic in its applause. In his act he was supported by a company of three. The rest of the bill was made up by Barrows, Lancaster and Company, Matilde Vesona and Company, the Marco Twins, John F. Leonard, Clifford and Hall, and Collins and Collins.

Mrs. Carter Claims "Zaza."

When the action brought by Henry Gressitt for the issuance of an injunction restraining David Belasco from continuing to produce the play "Zaza" at the Belasco Theatre was called for argument in the Supreme Court yesterday, De Lancey Nicoll, on behalf of Mrs. Leslie Carter, who is in the title rôle, asked for a brief adjournment on the ground that Mrs. Carter wished to oppose the issuance of any injunction because Mr. Belasco had long ago assigned to her all his interest in the play. Justice Scott put the case down for Wednesday.

THEATRICAL COPYRIGHT CASE.

Philadelphia Judge Decides Ballads May Be Used in Imitations.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 23.—It is not illegal for an actress to use the words and music of a copyrighted ballad in giving imitations of another on the stage, according to a decision by Judge McPherson in the United States Circuit Court to-day.

The case in point was that in which Sol Bloom and Fred R. Hamlin of New York, claiming the exclusive right for "Sammy," a ballad sung by Lotta Faust in "The Wizard of Oz," sought to restrain Nixon & Zimmerman and the Shubert Brothers, theatrical managers, and Fay Templeton, from using the song in "The Runaways."

CHICAGO THEATRE OPENED.

The Iroquois's First Attraction Is the Spectacle "Mr. Bluebeard."

CHICAGO, Nov. 22.—Chicago's new theatre, the Iroquois, was opened to-night with the extravaganza "Mr. Bluebeard."

The playhouse is owned by Will J. Davis and Harry J. Powers of Chicago, Nixon & Zimmerman of Philadelphia, and Klaw & Erlanger of New York, and represents an investment of $1,100,000, including an office building.

The seating capacity is 1,744, and the stage is 110 feet deep by 65 feet wide. The foyer, 53 feet high and 90 feet in length, is a striking feature, being patterned after the Opéra Comique in Paris and the Congressional Library. The staircases are supported by ten columns of Pavanazzo marble, and over 2,000 electric lights are necessary. "Mr. Bluebeard" had a packed house, particular interest being taken by local theatregoers from the fact that three of the principal actors—Eddie Foy, Bonnie McGinn, and Harry Gilfoyle—are natives of Chicago.

ROBERT GRAU WITHDRAWS.

Severs His Connection with "Robert Grau Incorporated" and the Tour of Mme. Patti.

Mme. Patti and the officers and directors of the company that is conducting her present tour have been so worried by claims and controversies that are directed against Robert Grau that the latter has decided to sever all connection with the corporation that goes under the name of "Robert Grau, Incorporated." In doing this he has also severed all connection with the Patti tour. By this step he hopes to put himself in a position to meet and deal with the claimants individually, so that those who have no connection with the matters under controversy will not be troubled by insistent claims.

An example of the incidents that are referred to by Mr. Grau when he speaks of certain persons being "systematically harassed and annoyed" in the serving of a summons on Mme. Patti when she was in New York two or three weeks ago, Mr. Grau could not be found last night to make a more detailed statement in regard to the matter.

NEWARK, N. J., Nov. 23.—The concert to have been given by Mme. Adeline Patti and several assisting singers and musicians in Blaney's Theatre next Wednesday afternoon has been postponed, the reason assigned being a sudden decision to change the itinerary of the famous singer. The men who were interested in bringing her to Newark announce that she will certainly give a concert in March or April next.

F. C. WHITNEY'S CHICAGO THEATRE

New Place of Amusement to Cost $1,500,000 and Open Aug. 1.

DETROIT, Nov. 23.—Bert C. Whitney, lessee of the Detroit Opera House, to-day announced that he and his brother Fred C. Whitney, a New York theatrical manager, acting for a stock company, had closed a deal for a new theatre to be built in Chicago at a cost of $1,500,000.

He said the site had been chosen and the iron work contracts let, and that it was hoped to have the house ready for business Aug. 1 next. He declined to state the location of the site.

THEATRICAL CABMEN FIGHT.

Policeman Interferes, Is Knocked Down and Run Over, and Cabman Escapes.

Two cabmen, fighting for a place in line to get fares coming out of Daly's and Weber & Fields's, after 11 o'clock last night, began to beat each other with the butts of their whips until one of them fell off his seat to the pavement. His horse became excited, frightening other horses in the mix-up of cabs, carriages, and other vehicles, and for a time the excitement and annoyance were very great. The cabman got up on his seat again, and was only bruised.

Policeman McGuire of the Church Street Station, who was on theatrical duty, ran out into the street and grabbed the horse of the cabman who knocked the other down. This cabby whipped up his horse, knocked the policeman down, rolled over him, and ran his horse on a swift gallop. Inspector Walsh, Lieut. Hayes, and Detective Ray of the Thirtieth Street Station saw the incident, and they and a large crowd of people who witnessed the act, pursued the cabman, the police jumping into cabs and giving chase. The cabby drove hard to Thirty-first Street, over to Park Avenue, and there disappeared.

NOTED WOMAN'S LONE BURIAL.

ELMIRA, Nov. 23.—The body of Mrs. Harriet Maxwell Converse, the "Great White Mother" of the Six Nations of the great Iroquois Indian confederacy, arrived here this morning, having been sent unaccompanied from New York City, where the funeral was held yesterday, by express.

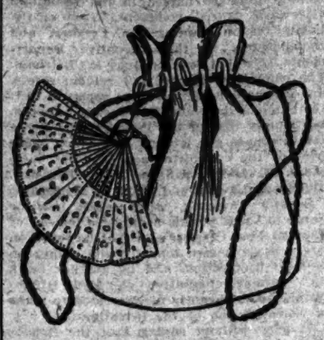
At 10 o'clock the body was taken to Woodlawn Cemetery, and the remains lowered into the grave by the Superintendent and the assistants. There was no ceremony, not even the usual prayer service, as the body of this distinguished woman was lowered into the grave.

Only one member of the family was present—Silas Haight of this city.

Oriental Rugs
SMALL PAYMENT DOWN
—balance on terms to suit your convenience.
For the next few days we have some special bargains which will interest you. We send any rug to your house on approval and sell it on our gradual payment plan.
Call or send for booklet "Rugs."
THE ORIENTAL IMPORTING CO.,
Direct Importers of Oriental Rugs,
268 Fourth Ave., New York.
(Near 21st St.)

Fine Irish Table Linens
At "The Linen Store"
These Cloths and Napkins include some very beautiful designs; many of them entirely new this season. All are of very fine quality.
Napkins (per dozen).
Breakfast Size, $7.00, 8.50, 11.00, and 14.
Dinner Size, $8.25, 10.50, 11.00, 15.00, 18.00, 20.00, 26.50, 35.00, 45.00.
Table Cloths.
2x2 yd., $4.25, 6, and up to 11.00.
2x2½ yd., $5.75, 7.15, 10, up to 15.00.
2x3 yd., $6.25, 8, 10.50, 13.00, up to 18.00.
2½x2½ yd., $7.50, 9.50, 12.50, up to 34.50.
2½x3 yd., $9.00, 11.50, 15, up to 41.50.
Larger sizes up to 3x6 yd. at 72.00.
All of the above Cloths and Napkins match in designs. In addition to these we have a very wide range of the medium grade Scotch and Flemish Linens.
James McCutcheon & Co
14 West 23d Street.

MARK CROSS
ESTABLISHED 1849
LONDON
Reindeer Bags for the Theatre



Milady's latest fancy — straight from Europe.
One of the inimitable, aristocratic little things you can pick up at very modest cost at the CROSS Stores.
And ONLY at the CROSS Stores.
Reindeer skin—soft and delicate—in gray, beige, black and golden tan.
With delicate, long link drawing chain and smart, spangled opera fan in white or black.
Bag, silk lined and large enough for opera glasses, kerchief and purse.
Its first appearance in America.
With fan, $17.50
Without fan, $13.75
New Piccadilly Fitted Purse
Tendency to carry small toilet articles in purse prettily recognized.
Includes convenient, clear plate mirror, powder puff, pencil and card case.
Popular flat-iron handle with clasp.
Black elephant or crush morocco in gray, red and green. From $15.00.
English Silver Smokers' Articles.

Sterling silver Pipe Rack—CROSS special design with English Government sterling hall-mark.
Price, $6.50.
Same, in plated silver, $2.75.
SILVER CIGARETTE CASES, with English Government hall-mark—patterns never seen before in this country—very flat.
$9.50, $10.50, $12.50, $25.00, $29.50
Solid Gold Cigarette Cases
With British hall-mark—from CROSS special dies—flattest, most unobtrusive patterns ever produced—do not bulge the pocket—magnificent gifts.
$67.00, $105.00, $127.00, $150.00.
Popular Priced Cross Specialties
CROSS STURDY GLOVES, for men and women, hand-sewn and full of quality that don't wear out $1.50
CROSS KID GLOVES, for women, street, theatre or reception wear, refined and worthy sisters to the sturdy ones..... $1.50
PIGSKIN CARD CASES, hand-sewn, from..... 45
PIGSKIN BUTTON AND JEWEL BOXES, from..... $4.50
Same in bridle leather..... $3.75
PIGSKIN MILITARY HAIR BRUSHES, flexible, light and durable..... $4.50
Strap Handle Automobile Bag

For shopping—theatre—traveling.
Pigskin—hand-sewn—silk lined.
Season's newest shape—with long strap handles, which may be twisted about the wrist. Price, $16.50
Fitted, $20.00
Masked with gold plated medallion, initial in any color enamel—extra.
$2.00, $2.75, $4.50, and $5.00
MARK CROSS CO.
LONDON.
The World's Greatest Leather Stores.
Downtown: 253 Broadway,
Opposite City Hall.
UP-TOWN: 210 Fifth Avenue,
1132 Broadway,
Between 25th and 26th Sts.
BOSTON—20 SUMMER ST.

Saks & Company
BROADWAY, 33D, 34TH STS.
Formal and Informal Dress for Men.
Ready-for-Service.
Its nature and service demand a harmony of fabric, form and fashioning to make it true to its function. A garment which the Saks label identifies is not only true, but quietly, yet forcibly, expresses an individuality and distinctiveness which the most indifferent man cannot afford to disregard. Are not the following prices modest?
FOR GENERAL WEAR.
Sack Suits..... $12.50 to $38.00
Chesterfield and Walking Frock Suits..... $18.00 to $38.00
Prince Albert Coats and Waistcoats..... $18.00 to $38.00
Cutaway Coats and Waistcoats..... $15.00 to $35.00
Box Overcoats..... $12.50 to $50.00
Surtout Overcoats..... $20.00 to $45.00
Great Coats..... $15.00 to $35.00
White Pique Vests..... $1.50 to $4.00
White Duck Vests, plain and fancy..... $2.50 to $5.00
White Mercerized double-breasted Vests..... $3.00 to $7.00
Flannel Vests, single or double breasted..... $4.00 to $9.50
Dark Fancy single-breasted Vests..... $2.50 to $7.50
Fancy Double-breasted Woollen Vests..... $3.00 to $9.50
Hats, soft or stiff..... $2.00 to $5.00
Silk Hats..... $5.00 to $7.00
Shoes..... $3.50 to $6.00
Gloves..... $1.00 to $3.25
FOR EVENING WEAR.
Dress Suits..... $33.00 to $50.00
Tuxedo Suits..... $25.00 to $50.00
Inverness Overcoat..... $30.00
Long Overall Evening Coat..... $20.00 to $40.00
Evening Vests..... $2.50 to $8.50
Opera Hats..... $6.00 and $7.00
Tuxedo Hats..... $3.50 and $4.00
Shoes of Patent Leather..... $3.00 and $7.00
Gloves..... $1.00 to $2.50
High Grade Shoes for Men
Value $5.00 and $6.00.
Special for Tuesday and Wednesday at $3.00
Master craftsmen wrought them of leathers which exhaust the possibilities of the tanner's art. They are shoes which have earned the distinction of being termed "High Grade." The variety of styles and lasts is great enough to leave no man's taste or fancy undefined.
Lace Shoes of Imported Enamel Leather, double soles, hand welt.
Lace or Button Shoes of Patent Calf, single soles, hand welt.
Blucher Lace or Button Shoes of French Calf, hand welt, single or double soles.
} Value $5.00 and $6.00. Special at $3.00
Saks & Company
BROADWAY, 33D TO 34TH STREET.

Griddle Cakes of All Makes
A hearty breakfast is more essential than any other meal. It forms the *fund* of vitality from which the day's demand is largely drawn. When you can't eat in the morning, Karo Corn Syrup *makes you eat.* Fine for griddle cakes of all makes. Nutritious—delicious.
Karo
CORN SYRUP
The Great Spread for Daily Bread.
Sold in airtight, friction-top tins, 10c, 25c, 50c, by all grocers.
CORN PRODUCTS COMPANY, New York and Chicago.

HARPERS
A Keystone Empire
By the author of "The Martyrdom of an Empress."
Illustrated.
Decorated Cloth, Gilt Tops, &c. $2.25 net.
The lives of the Emperor of Austria and the ill-fated Empress Elizabeth read with a tragic interest that pure romance could never possess. Complete in itself, this book is almost a sequel to the same anonymous author's "Martyrdom of an Empress," which received such an enthusiastic reception from the public not long ago. An intensely vital and vivid story.
HARPER & BROTHERS
FRANKLIN SQUARE, NEW YORK

BLUE LABEL Soups
20 VARIETIES
READY FOR USE AFTER HEATING
ASK YOUR GROCER
CURTICE BROTHERS CO.
ROCHESTER, N.Y.

HAVE NO CUBAN DESIGNS

Republican Senators Repudiate Mr. Newland's Invitation.

Mr. Hale Predicts Absorption of Canada If Mr. Chamberlain's Plans Are Carried Out.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Further expansion of the United States was a theme that took up much of the time of the Senate to-day. The resolution, introduced by Mr. Newlands of Nevada, inviting Cuba to join the Union, brought on the debate, in which several Republican leaders took occasion to deny any annexation designs on the island republic.

Mr. Hale, in the course of his remarks, predicted that if Joseph Chamberlain's tariff plans are carried out, Canada will be absorbed by the United States within the lifetime of people who heard his voice.

Early in the session Mr. Hale moved to reconsider the vote, by which the Newlands resolution, for the annexation of Cuba, was referred to the Committee on Relations with Cuba. He made the motion the basis of a speech in opposition to the policy proposed by the resolution, saying that this country had already declared its policy with reference to Cuba by enacting the Teller resolution into law.

He had observed in the newspapers that the introduction of the Newlands resolution and its reference to a committee had occasioned anxiety in the island, and he did not wonder that this was true. All the element of discontent in the island would, he said, indorse the Newlands measure, and among these he included the old Spanish element in Cuba and American investors there.

It might be said that the Newlands resolution is only an invitation, he continued, but granting this to be true, it is still a fact that we are not in the habit of extending such invitations to other countries. We would not, for instance, extend such an invitation to Great Britain for the uniting of Canada to the United States or to Mexico for such a union.

"I have little doubt that men now listening to me will see the time when Canada will become an integral part of the United States," he said. "If his plan is carried out by the most adventurous of British politicians of colonial preference, a tariff would be inaugurated between Great Britain and the United States, and this English politician will seek to set Canada up as a great rival to us, an agricultural rival. On that will arise conditions, discussions, and considerations that will end in the union of the two peoples. But we do not invite Great Britain to send Canada to us and join the Union. She is too large a power."

He closed by urging the Senate to take no step to clog progress in Cuba.

Mr. Newlands (Nevada) expressed gratification that his resolution should have so early attracted attention. He agreed with Mr. Hale in much that he had said concerning the progress of Cuba and the character of its people. Still it was a fact that Cuba had been compelled to confess her inability to cope with other nations in business affairs. He also referred to the concession of the privilege granted to the United States for erecting fortifications on Cuban soil and to our supervision of the foreign relations of the island, as well as of the conduct of its sanitary affairs, and said that as a matter of fact Cuba had already assumed the attitude of a ward of the United States. He also advanced the argument that, in asking a reduction of the duty on Cuban products exported to the United States, Cuba was making an exceptional request, and he thought we should respond by offering political rather than commercial union.

For himself, he had had in mind Cuba's interest in presenting the resolution, and he wanted it understood that he represented no Spanish dons or American speculators. He had offered the resolution in no spirit of spoliation, but because he had believed that the measure would appeal to the good sense of both the Americans and the Cubans.

Mr. Newlands said that he had provided for the attachment of Porto Rico to Cuba as a county, or province, in the conviction that such a union would give the smaller island a stability of government which it could not otherwise secure.

Mr. Platt (Conn.) and Mr. Lodge expressed regret over the introduction of the Newlands bill because they feared it would lead to misapprehension in Cuba and Porto Rico.

Mr. Spooner (Wis.) gave notice that he wished to address the Senate in opposition to the resolution, and the motion to reconsider the vote of reference went over.

GEN. WOOD INQUIRY IN CUBA.

Senate Committee, Investigating Military Man's Record, to Send Sub-Committee to New Republic.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—The Senate Committee on Military Affairs will designate a sub-committee to go to Cuba to take testimony regarding the conduct of Gen. Wood. The personnel of the committee has not yet been agreed upon, nor the number of members. It is asserted that so much has already been said about the conduct of Gen. Wood in Cuba that it will be necessary to examine witnesses in that island who cannot come to the United States.

The committee held a brief session to-day to continue the investigation of charges against Gen. Leonard Wood in opposition to his confirmation to be Major General. Capt. W. J. Barden of the Artillery Corps, United States Army, who was engineer officer in charge of street improvements at Havana during Gen. Wood's administration as Governor General of Cuba, was the only witness heard. His testimony had no important bearing on the charges against Gen. Wood. He was summoned at the request of Senator Foraker, and is understood to be one of the officers Gen. Wood is said to have asked to have called to refute charges which Major Rathbone had indicated he would bring before the committee.

Favorable action was taken on the request of Major Rathbone for the issue of subpoenas for army officers, and permission was given him to prepare a list with statements as to what he expected to prove by each. This list will be ready for summons to be issued to-morrow.

Major Runcie will be the first witness when the committee meets. He is now en route from Havana to the United States.

HOUSE AND SENATE CLASH.

Hitch Between Leaders Over Extra Session's Adjournment on Wednesday.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—A hitch has arisen between the House and the Senate leaders over the plan to adjourn on Wednesday. It has struck some of the House leaders that they can keep Congress constructively in session by refusing formally to adjourn and by adjourning for three days at a time.

Under this arrangement the House could meet, hear a prayer by the Chaplain, adjourn for three days, then repeat the performance, and so on until the time for the extra session is exhausted. If this plan should be carried out, the Senate would undoubtedly retaliate by doing the same thing, and there would be no business whatever transacted. The result would be to present a ridiculous spectacle, and no such test of the dignity of the two houses is at all likely.

The House's spasm of resistance is expected to come to an end probably by to-morrow afternoon, and if it has any effect it will be only to prolong the session a day or two beyond Wednesday.

The absolute impossibility of transacting any business, if Congress remains in session is conceded on all hands. One of the House leaders is reported to have said, "If the Senate can pass the Cuban bill in a few days after Dec. 7, the Senate can just as readily pass the bill in a few days at the called session." But he knows, as does everybody else, that the Senate can do nothing of the kind under its rules. There is no rule by which they can be prevented from talking, and if the adjournment programme were defeated they would talk till the called session ended.

Mr. Crumpacker of Indiana said to-day: "If we can't do anything else, we can gather for daily prayer meetings. That will do us some good, anyway."

The House leaders have not a very enthusiastic body of supporters. The Representatives want to go home, and so many of them have already done so that there is now no quorum. The question of mileage is entering into the consideration of the question. If the extra session is kept up so long that it merges into the regular session they will lose the mileage for the latter. Hence a very large proportion of the House is praying that the leaders will give in to the Senate.

Mr. Cullom, in the Senate to-day, presented an agreement that the Cuban Reciprocity bill shall be taken up on the convening of the regular session of Congress, Dec. 7, and remain the order of business each day after the routine morning business until the 16th, on which date a vote shall be taken, the time on the 15th and 16th to be equally divided between the friends and opponents of the bill. The agreement was accepted without dissent.

HANNA CHAIRMAN ON CANALS.

Few Other Important Changes in the Membership of Senate's Standing Committees.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—The Senate standing committees were announced to-day. There have been few changes, as far as the older members of the Senate are concerned, and the new members have been provided for according to the long-established practice of adding them at the bottom of some of the more important committees and placing a few at the head of committees that rarely meet and have no business worth mentioning referred to them.

Many of these useless appendages are maintained simply to give the Chairmen of committees comfortable rooms for their individual use, with the accompaniment of a clerk and messenger. Among the vacancies on the more important committees, Penrose goes to the head of Post Offices, and Dillingham of Vermont takes Penrose's place at the head of Immigration.

Hanna is given the Chairmanship of Interoceanic Canals, succeeding Morgan, and Dryden of New Jersey and Hopkins of Illinois are added to the Republican end. Bard of California becomes Chairman of Irrigation, which is likely to be an important committee from this time forward by reason of the large expenditures provided by the irrigation law for the reclamation of arid lands. Kean of New Jersey gets the Chairmanship of the committee to audit and control the Senate contingent expenses, a position held by Jones of Nevada for many years.

It is noticeable that Smoot of Utah is given no important assignments. He has the tail of the Republican end of the committee to examine the several branches of the civil service, and the Chairmanship of Standards, Weights, and Measures, neither of which cuts any figure in the business of the Senate.

The Democrats completed their assignments Saturday. These were added to the list arranged by the Republicans and announcement of the full membership made to-day.

CONFIRMED BY THE SENATE.

List Included Many Promoted to the Rank of Brigadier General.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—The Senate to-day confirmed nominations for promotion in the navy and all the military nominations not held up by the Wood investigation. They number between 160 and 170, and include Brigadier Generals as well as other officers down to the rank of Second Lieutenant.

The men confirmed as Brigadier Generals are Jared A. Smith, Jacob B. Rawles, Stephen W. Groesbeck, John R. Myrick, Louis H. Rucker, Theodore A. Baldwin, William P. Rogers, Peter C. Hains, John H. Page, Charles A. Woodruff, William L. Haskin, Charles W. Miner, James M. Sanno, Charles F. Robe, James W. Reilly, Edwin B. Atwood, Frank G. Smith, George B. Rodney, Almond B. Wells, Peter J. A. Cleary, and John B. Babcock.

These other nominations were confirmed:

George R. Carter, Honolulu, to be Governor of Hawaii.

Sanford B. Dole, Hawaii, District Judge of the Territory of Hawaii.

Consuls—Thomas J. Cummins, New York, at Puerto Cabello, Venezuela; Leo Bargholzer, New York, at Three Rivers, Quebec, Canada; Martin R. Beckett, New York, at Prescott, Ontario, Canada; Edward K. J. Sullivan, New York, at Erzeroum, Turkey; David F. Wilber, New York, at Barbados, West Indies; William H. Webster, New York, at Niagara Falls, Ontario; Dean H. Wood, New York, at Celba, Honduras.

Willis Sweet, Idaho, Attorney General of Porto Rico; Frank S. Ingalls, Surveyor General of Arizona.

Registers of Land Offices—John D. Jones, at Cass Lake, Minn.; Myron D. Taylor, at St. Cloud, Minn.

Receivers of Land Offices—William B. Hodge, Jr., at Guthrie, Oklahoma Territory; Edgar S. Oakley, at Cass Lake, Minn.; Alvah Eastman, at St. Cloud, Minn.

CUBAN COTTON EXPERIMENT.

Best Varieties to be Tried, Although Lack of Frost Has Been Found an Obstacle.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 23.—W. Y. Watson, a former Mississippian, who is engaged in sugar planting in Cuba, is preparing to experiment with cotton culture on that island.

He recently returned to secure several of the finest varieties of cotton seed, principally the long staple variety, which he intends to plant early next year.

Mr. Watson has experimented in a small way with cotton growing in Cuba, but heretofore has been unable to procure a satisfactory variety. He says that cotton planted on the island grows very high, bolls well, but has to be cut down when the second growth commences.

The greatest difficulty encountered is that there is no frost to check the growth and open the bolls at ripe fruition. It will be remembered that John C. Calhoun, who in his day was a recognized authority on growing cotton, always asserted that it could not be sky browned below the frost line, and America would always have practically a monopoly of the staple.

EGAN LEAVES GEORGIA ROAD.

Disagreement with Fellow Official Leads to President's Resignation.

Special to The New York Times.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Nov. 23.—Regret is expressed at the resignation of John M. Egan as President of the Central of Georgia Railway. Since he came to the Central in 1896 its earnings have been more than doubled. His retirement results from the continued opposition of the Chairman of the board, J. F. Hanson, whose differences with President Egan are well known here.

Mr. Egan was connected with a number of Western roads before coming south, and commanded the railroad forces that whipped Debs at Chicago in 1896.

The immediate occasion of Egan's retirement was a personal quarrel he had with Hanson at the recent meeting of the Directors. It has leaked out that violent language was used. Hanson represents the Morgan interests in the Central. He is a native Georgian, an ex-Confederate Major, and a Republican. He was offered a Cabinet place by President McKinley, and is President Roosevelt's patronage referee in Georgia.

THIEVES DARED THE LAW.

Chicago House Robbed While Police Lieutenant Dined There.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 23.—Looping a stout rope over a projecting stone in the courtway of the home, at 974 Hamlin Avenue, of James G. Ambrose, Assistant Chief Clerk and Cashier of the Circuit Court, thieves gained entrance to the bedroom of Mrs. Ambrose by climbing the rope, and while Mr. Ambrose and his family ate dinner with the former's brother, Lieut. William Ambrose of the Maxwell Street Station the thieves stole $400 worth of jewelry and escaped with their booty.

The men performed their task with precision, and no clues were left on which Lieut. Ambrose could work. The robbery was committed shortly before nightfall.

POSTAL FRAUDS IN SENATE

Mr. Carmack Presents Resolution Calling for Investigation.

Its Reference to the Committee, Headed by Mr. Quay, Causes General Comment.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—There was hardly a ripple of curiosity in the Senate to-day when Senator Carmack presented his resolution providing for an investigation of the Post Office scandal. The Republican Senators listened in a matter-of-fact way, as they would to the ordinary claim or pension bill. The Democrats lifted their heads and opened their eyes a trifle wider, but there was no flurry of surprise or buzz of comment.

The committee named in the resolution afterward caused comment. It was the Committee on Organization, Conduct and Expenditures in the Executive Departments, of which Senator Quay is Chairman. The committee is one that seldom meets, and on the door of the room assigned to it the name of the committee does not appear, but simply that of the Pennsylvania Senator in ornate gilt letters. The other members of the committee are Senators Wetmore, Beveridge, Allison, Allee, Taliaferro, Dubois McLaurin, and Clark of Montana.

Senator Carmack, when asked how he came to think of this committee instead of that on Post Offices, said that he relied on Mr. Quay's known tenacity and ability on a hard proposition, and he did not think the regular committee on Post Offices would be sufficiently disinterested to make a thorough job of the investigation.

It goes without saying that the Republican Senators do not like the idea of an investigation of the Post Office Department. They will not take kindly to the resolution. There has been a good deal of reliance on the impression bred by the remark of Assistant Postmaster General Bristow that when he got through with the scandal there would be nothing left for Congress to investigate. If there is any one thing that has been dreaded on the Republican side of the Chamber it has been this inevitable resolution for an investigation. For one thing, there is a reasonable feeling that there should be no investigation while the facts brought out by the inquiry that has been going on for eight months are in the courts in a score of criminal cases. This point will no doubt be used to postpone action on the resolution offered by Mr. Carmack.

That the Committee on the Departments will be charged with the investigation is hardly to be expected. Senator Allison is Chairman of Appropriations, which occupies all his time. Senator Beveridge is occupied with other important committee work. Senator Allee is a new Senator unused to the arduous work of such an investigation. To imagine Senator Quay and Senator Wetmore with the four able Democrats engaged in this one-sided business of investigating the Post Office Department is a bit of humor that the Senate will hardly rise to.

CITIZENS' UNION PRIMARIES.

Result of Contests for Delegates to the City Committee.

Primaries under the new Constitution were held by the Citizens' Union in nearly every Aldermanic district of the city last night. In a few, however, adjournment was taken or a report was not received at the city headquarters of the organization on Union Square East. District Committees were elected, including delegates to the City Committee.

Under the new Constitution, in effect Nov. 4, two delegates are elected from every Aldermanic district, their titles, however, being "delegate" and "Chairman." The former has the right to vote, but the latter has not unless his colleague be absent. Formerly delegates were elected by Assembly districts.

Consequently, under the new conditions, the membership of the City Committee is greater, there being two members from seventy-three Aldermanic districts, making 146. In addition there will be elected in December, probably the second Monday, thirty-seven members at large, who will come into their offices as a result of the votes of the district members of the City Committee who were elected last night.

The City Committee as then constituted will elect its own officers. The chief office is that of Chairman, now held by R. Fulton Cutting. There was no intimation last night that he would not be re-elected next month.

In the Twenty-first District Cyrus L. Sulzberger was elected Chairman, he taking the place of Judge-elect A. F. W. Seaman on the District Committee.

Reports from Kings and Richmond Boroughs were not received last night at the Manhattan headquarters. The following Chairmen and delegates were elected, so far as reported:

First District—William A. Coakley, delegate; Joseph H. Steinhardt, Chairman.

Second District—John Murphy, delegate; John C. Gahler, Chairman.

Fourth District—A. S. Schomer, delegate; David Goldstein, Chairman.

Fifth District—Francis C. Huntington, delegate; A. N. Mann, Chairman.

Seventh District—Charles Bolte, delegate; Russell D. Hyde, Chairman.

Tenth District—Herman Dunman, delegate; Dr. Sol Goldenkranz, Chairman.

Twelfth District—Dr. S. M. Roth, delegate; Benjamin Reich, Chairman.

Thirteenth District—E. J. Lane, delegate; A. E. Goody, Chairman.

Fourteenth District—John B. Leavitt, delegate; Frank J. Drummond, Chairman.

Sixteenth District—William H. Huber, delegate and Chairman.

Nineteenth District—F. J. Mosenthal, delegate; George H. Putnam, Chairman.

Twenty-first District—C. W. Kircheway and William G. Verplanck, delegates; Cyrus L. Sulzberger, Chairman.

Twenty-second District—Edwin E. Mone, delegate; Edwig S. Essing, Chairman.

Twenty-fifth District—Benjamin Barker, delegate; F. H. Kinnicutt, Chairman.

Twenty-sixth District—Jacob Willenberg, delegate; John J. Young, Chairman.

Twenty-ninth District—William J. Schieffelin, delegate; Clarence D. Smith, Chairman.

Thirtieth District—Charles Schmenle, delegate; Val Huf, chairman.

Thirty-first District—Henry G. Saint and Robert A. Kelly, delegates; James B. Butler, chairman.

Thirty-second District—C. S. White, delegate; E. D. Klein, chairman.

Thirty-fourth District (Upper Half)—Solomon Katz, delegate; John Davis, chairman.

Thirty-fifth District—J. A. Holden, delegate; Cyrus C. Miller, chairman.

Thirty-ninth District—Julius B. Kramer, chairman; no delegate.

Forty-first District—J. A. Holden, delegate; Cyrus C. Miller, chairman.

Forty-second District—A. J. St. George, delegate; Dennis M. Rhinar, Chairman.

Forty-seventh District—John A. Leach, delegate; J. E. Blackwell, chairman.

James King Gracie Dead.

James King Gracie, banker and clubman, died suddenly yesterday of pneumonia, in his sixty-fourth year, at his home, 15 East Forty-eighth Street. He was in business at 20 Broadway. He belonged to the Seawanhaka-Corinthian Yacht and Union Clubs, the Century Association, the Metropolitan Museum of Art, and the American Museum of Natural History. He was also Secretary and one of the Directors of the Stuyvesant Real Estate Company.

JAPANESE FETE OPENS.

Large Attendance at Opening of an Original Fair of Temple Israel, in Brooklyn.

A large attendance marked the opening last evening in Temple Israel, Bedford and Lafayette Avenues, Brooklyn, of a three days' Japanese fair and garden fête under the auspices of the Ladies' Benevolent Society of the temple. The fête is being held for the benefit of the society and the temple, and the indications last night were that it would be a most successful affair.

The temple and the large parlors adjoining have been given over to the fête, and there was a novel and beautiful scene when the festival was opened. The Japanese character of the fair was carried out in the decorations and in the dress of those in attendance at the various booths. In the main room there were twelve pretty designed booths, so arranged as to give the effect of a Japanese garden. The flower booth was in the form of a pagoda, and there was also a butterfly booth.

Another original booth was that at which fancy goods were displayed. This was in the form of a ship manned by as fair a crew as ever graced a deck. There was a smokers' booth for the men, and an attraction for the children was a booth stocked with a quite amazing variety of toys. About 100 young women in Japanese costumes were at the various counters.

An enjoyable concert was given during the evening in the temple building proper. The fête will be continued to-day and to-morrow, and new features will be added each day.

POLITICAL ROW IN FULTON.

Corporation Counsel Removed and He Will Make a Protest.

Special to The New York Times.

OSWEGO, N. Y., Nov. 23.—Claude E. Guile, law partner of Collector of the Port Nevada N. Stranahan, and Corporation Counsel of Fulton, was removed from office to-day by Mayor Foster. It is regarded as a blow against Collector Stranahan.

The recent Mayoralty election in Fulton is in dispute, and Attorney Guile's appearance in the Supreme Court in opposition to a motion for a recount of votes is cited as the cause for his removal.

It is stated that Mr. Guile acted without authority from the Mayor of Council and fought against the Republican organization in the election contest.

The special charges made against Mr. Guile by Mayor Foster are the attempt to involve the city unnecessarily in costs and expenses, and the presentation of a bill for audit containing all legal charges.

Attorney Guile denies the charges, and will contest Mayor Foster's legal right to remove him.

CITY MAY RUN FERRY.

Controller Grout Favors Acquisition of South Brooklyn Line.

Urging the purchase of the South Brooklyn Ferry and its operation as a municipal property, a delegation of South Brooklyn residents waited on Controller Grout yesterday and asked him to use his influence in favor of the proposition. President Hart of the West End Board of Trade and William A. Doyle, Democratic leader in the Seventh Assembly District of Brooklyn, headed the delegation.

The Controller told them that he favored the proposition, and would do everything in his power to bring the matter to completion. He added that he already had his engineers at work on the plans, and that as soon as they submitted their report he would bring the matter up in the meetings of the Sinking Fund Commission.

The delegation told the Controller that the ferry service needed not only new boats and far quicker headway, but also lower rates of fare.

REED & BARTON
Silversmiths and Goldsmiths

Sterling silver takes precedence for weddings. Our products are distinguished for workmanship, design and weight.

41 UNION SQUARE and 6 MAIDEN LANE

AMERICA IN LITERATURE
$1.50 net
By Prof. George E. Woodberry.
Gilt Top

Professor Woodberry's delightful manner of writing gives this work a wide general interest, aside from its value to those especially interested in its subject. The volume contains a critical account of the most important periods of American letters, with a trenchant summing-up of the work of Emerson, Lowell, Whittier, Hawthorne, and the other great names in American letters. The author has the chair of Literature at Columbia University.

Harper & Brothers
Publishers, New York

How to Make a Diamond Grow.

You would like to own a $250 Diamond, but just now can only spare $50. Buy of us a $50 ring—wear it—enjoy it—appreciate it until you are ready to add $50 more to it. Then bring it back and we will change it for the next size larger, allowing you full price for the first stone. You can keep on in this way until you have just the Diamond that you want.

Make us a visit and see the beautiful selection in our main window.

Oliver & Davis,
Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry,
3A Maiden Lane,
Tel. 377 Cortlandt. New York.

Always Remember the Full Name Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

Harpers Book News

THE DAMSEL AND THE SAGE

Elinor Glyn has a faculty which few women possess: she can talk for a long time and never grow tiresome. In "The Reflections of Ambrosine" she sounded again the key-note of popular approval which she struck in 'The Visits of Elizabeth." The present volume makes the same appeal to the reader. It contains a great number of "good things" on life, love and the ways of men and women. Its humor is daring and original—and perpetually enjoyable. It is a book that wakes one up.

THE ULTIMATE MOMENT

To be successful a novel must be a love story. To be ideal, it must be this and something else. W. R. Lighton's recent novel fills the latter conditions. It is a love story of unfailing interest. It depicts life on a Nebraskan farm and the political life of Omaha in a way that no other novelist has even attempted. It rings true, and you feel the sincerity of the people and the scenes depicted. "The best Omaha story that has yet been written," says the Omaha *World Herald*.

SINFUL PECK

THE STORY OF A REMARKABLE VOYAGE

All lovers of good sea tales will like *Sinful Peck*. This is a tale of the sea as fresh and untrammeled as the breezes that blow the fateful vessel in which the voyage was made. It is absolutely different from all other nautical stories. One of the crew was named Seldom Helvard, and another, Poopdeck Cahill. The names are all typical. Says the New York *Sun*: "Mr. Robertson's tale would have delighted . . . Robert Louis Stevenson himself."

THE GERMAN STRUGGLE FOR LIBERTY

The ever-increasing closeness of relation between this country and Germany makes it incumbent upon well-informed men and women to have at least a speaking acquaintance with the remarkable history of the great German nation. Poultney Bigelow's entertaining work, the third volume of which has just been published, will be found an admirable reading-history. It is authoritative—authentic as to fact, and scholarly in its interpretation. It makes delightful reading, since Mr. Bigelow brings to his historical faculties the style of a romancist. This is the history *par excellence* of Germany.

HARPER & BROTHERS,
PUBLISHERS, NEW YORK.

A. B. CHASE PIANO

Among the things that are rare and fine you will almost invariably find the

A. B. CHASE PIANO

To this Piano, perhaps more than any other, belongs the credit of guiding and moulding the Piano industry and Piano history in America.

Here are two that have no competition in their respective lines: The APOLLO, Master Piano Player, and the A. B. Chase Piano.

APOLLO COMPANY,
101 Fifth Ave., between 17th and 18th Streets, NEW YORK.

NEW PUBLICATIONS. NEW PUBLICATIONS.

SCRIBNER'S

The DECEMBER *Issue*

A *beautiful* HOLIDAY MAGAZINE

Stories, Separate Articles, and Verse that have the Christmas Life and Cheer and *are interesting*:—

EDITH WHARTON—A story revealing an entirely new aspect of this writer's fine talent for story telling—*With beautiful illustrations* by MAXFIELD PARRISH

JOHN FOX, JR.—A delightful story of a little girl and her dog—*Illustrated* . . . by A. I. KELLER

DR. HENRY VAN DYKE—An ODE TO MUSIC—Which is perhaps *his finest poem, with decorations in color* . . . . . by G. A. PEIRSON

FREDERICK PALMER—A vivid picture of life in Buda-Pest—*charmingly illustrated* by E. C. PEIXOTTO

JESSIE WILLCOX SMITH—A series of full-page drawings of children at play in a garden—*Reproduced in full color*

CHRISTMAS NUMBER

MARY R. S. ANDREWS—A story of an imaginative boy in the land of make-believe—*Illustrated* by HENRY HUTT.

EDWARD PENFIELD—A picturesque description of the artist's journey through Dutch canals—*With drawings reproduced in full color*

JAMES HUNEKER—A story of a musician and a critic treated with unusual originality.

A. A. KNIPE, M.D.—A rollicking story of college life and football—*Illustrated* - by E. M. ASHE

Other Stories, Articles and Verse, by Jennette Lee, Anne O'Hagan, Edith M. Thomas, H. G. Dwight, Robert Trowbridge, Ralph D. Paine, Julia C. Dorr, and others.

ILLUSTRATIONS IN COLOR, many half-tone reproductions by artists of note—and its gaily COLORED COVERS—proclaim its CHRISTMAS SPIRIT

Out To-Day 25c. AT YOUR Newsdealer's

CHARLES SCRIBNER'S SONS, NEW YORK, Publishers

MAGAZINE

The Degradation of Wall Street

A CLEAR, complete story of a wonderful trust operation. You'd call it a bunco game if it had to do with poor people and ten dollar bills. But it was a matter of millions, so was called *high finance*. You should read this Story of the Shipbuilding Scandal if only for the light it gives on other Wall Street operations

This is but one article from the

Splendid Christmas Number of

Frank LESLIE'S Popular MONTHLY

22 Contributions. 10 Complete Stories. 8 Color Pictures.

On Sale Everywhere - - 10 Cents

Write to-day for special offer of Calendar and Christmas Number. Illustrated Prospectus Free. 141 Fifth Ave., New York. Subscription now five a year, $1.50

LOZIER

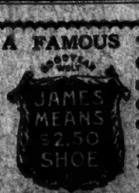
GAS ENGINES AND LAUNCHES

ORDER NOW

TO SECURE PROMPT SPRING DELIVERY.

Engines 2 to 200 H. P. Launches 15 to 90 feet. Large stock at our New York City shops. Ask for Catalogs and copy of "The Propeller." BARGAINS in a few Launches used by us last season to demonstrate to customers. THE LOZIER MOTOR CO., NEW YORK CITY, 1 Broadway, Dept. K. Telephone "1658 Broad."

A FAMOUS TRADE-MARK.



Call at our stores and try on a pair of these celebrated shoes for men. WE CARRY FULL LINES. WALTERS. 189 Bleecker & 37 Whitehall St.

BILLIARDS.

Billiard and Pool Tables, quality made; high-grade goods. Interesting, accurate, durable matter. Decker, est. 1858. 105 East 16th St.

MOBS IN CHICAGO STREET

Attack on Street Car Repulsed by Shooting Over Their Heads.

Rioters Are Busy, While Settlement of Railway Strike Is Likely to Occur To-morrow.

CHICAGO, Nov. 23.—Fierce fighting, in which the police used their clubs freely and twice their revolvers, marked the reopening of the State Street cable line by the Chicago City Railway to-day.

As far as can be ascertained nobody was seriously injured, although there were many broken heads among the rioters who came in contact with the clubs of the police. If any members of the mob were injured by the bullets of the police and non-union men on the cars they were carried off by their friends before the fact was known to others.

While fighting was going on in the streets the usual conferences were in progress, and propositions and counter propositions were passing back and forth. Late in the afternoon it was said by Mayor Harrison, President Mahon of the street car men, and the attorneys for both sides that an agreement had been reached, but little definite was known concerning its nature.

Late to-night the street car men locked themselves in a room on the eleventh floor of the Ashland Block, and the company's officers were in a room on the ninth floor, and the conferences were again in full blast. It was predicted that the strike would be declared off by to-morrow morning, but nothing was given out from either meeting to make such an assertion certain.

The hardest fighting of the day took place at Forty-first and State Street, where a mob hiding behind a fence stoned the cars which were guarded by officers. The police were over the fence at once and fired several shots over the heads of the fleeing strikers. Many of the mob who were slow of foot were overtaken by the police and roundly rapped with clubs. Few arrests were made, the officers contenting themselves with scattering the crowd.

During the thick of the fight Mrs. Charles Lott, a passenger on the first car, jumped from the car and, braving the revolver shots and all sorts of missiles, ran, thoroughly frightened, to a place of safety. Window had been broken near where she sat, and her face was cut by glass.

Conductor J. P. Prenter, in charge of the train, drew a big magazine revolver and fired shot after shot in the direction of the fleeing mob until his weapon was empty.

All day long on State Street the company was hampered by the mob, which piled obstructions upon the tracks, drove pegs and spikes into the cable slot, and cut trolley wires in many places. The Archer Avenue line was badly damaged early in the day and required several hours' work of the repair men, who were heavily guarded by the police. No attempt has been made to run cars on this line since the commencement of the strike.

The opening of the State Street line today gave the company five lines on which cars were run. The service, however, is not of a character to be generally useful to the public.

HELD FOR MINE EXPLOSION.

Fourteen Miners Arrested for Complicity in Vindicator Disaster.

DENVER, Col., Nov. 23.—Gov. Peabody received a telegram from Gen. Bell to-day stating that the military authorities had positive evidence that several of the Miners' Union members now confined at Camp Chandler are guilty of plotting the explosion at the Vindicator Mine on Saturday. Fourteen men have been arrested by the military since the explosion on Saturday.

"I fully believe that we have the right men in custody," said the Governor. "The prisoners will be turned over to the civil authorities as soon as the conditions warrant."

Gov. Peabody said that Gen. Bell had not been overstated in command of the troops at Cripple Creek, but was sent by him to the camp to investigate the Vindicator affair.

W. T. WARDWELL OPERATED ON.

Ex-Treasurer of the Standard Oil Company Has Tumor Removed.

William T. Wardwell, ex-Treasurer of the Standard Oil Company, was resting quietly at the Red Cross Hospital in West Eighty-second Street last night, after having undergone a serious operation in the morning. The operation was for the removal of a tumor from the bladder, and was successful. Mr. Wardwell did not wish to go under the knife until the return of his son, who married four weeks ago and is on his honeymoon in Europe, but the surgeons decided that any delay would imperil the patient's life. Word was received yesterday from Allen Wardwell, the son, who is in Naples with his bride, that he was coming home immediately to see his father.

While it was admitted at the hospital that the operation was a delicate one, owing to its nature and the fact that Mr. Wardwell is in his seventy-seventh year, the belief was expressed that he stood an excellent chance of recovering his health. Mrs. Wardwell was in the hospital during the operation and afterward remained by her husband's bedside.

Mr. Wardwell retired from active business about two years ago. He is President of the Red Cross Hospital, and gave $100,000 eight months ago to build a new building for it at One Hundredth Street.

MONEY FOR IMPROVEMENTS.

Mayor Signs Aldermanic Resolutions—$2,688,430 for Schools.

Mayor Low announced yesterday through the medium of The City Record that he had signed several improvement resolutions recently passed by the Board of Aldermen.

One provides for an appropriation of $30,000 for the erection of an incinerating plant at the foot of Stanton Street for the use of the Street Cleaning Department; another appropriates $202,500 toward the completion of the new Gouverneur Hospital; another gives $4,000 to Street Cleaning Commissioner Woodbury for two new automobiles "to enable a better inspection to be made of the department's responsibilities in Manhattan and the Bronx"; another gives $335,000 for the construction of new bridges over the Gowanus Canal, in Brooklyn, and still another gives $2,888,430 for the Board of Education, for the purchase of sites and the erection of new schoolhouses.

BROOKLYN CHARITIES BUREAU.

Mayor Low Presides at Celebration of Its Twenty-fifth Anniversary.

Mayor Low presided at a well-attended meeting in celebration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, held in Association Hall, Bond and Fulton Streets, last night. The Mayor addressed a short address and introduced the principal speakers, saying:

"I feel a little as Rip Van Winkle did when he contemplate the work of this society. I do not feel that I have been altogether asleep, but I have not entirely kept pace with you."

Robert A. Ellis, who was one of the speakers, devoted most of his talk to a discussion of the improvement in conditions in tenement districts. He said:

"You cannot build the American Republic on pig-sty tenements nor make Christians of men and women who are compelled to live in squalor."

The other speakers were Darwin R. James, President of the bureau; Alfred T. White, Tenement House Commissioner Robert W. De Forest, Commissioner of Correction Thomas W. Hynes, Dr. Joseph H. Raymond, Brooklyn's Health Officer, and William I. Nichols, General Secretary of the bureau.

Get the Habit. Go to Brill Brothers

Your Thanksgiving Clothes Are Here

New consignments of spick and span goods to fill up the holes left in our stock by our great 16th Anniversary sale. Goods bought near the end of the wholesale season at remarkably low prices. Hence we can make you these offers:

Fancy Business Suits at $15.

These are Suits of thoroughly shrunk worsteds, cassimeres and cheviots, in neat mixtures in both single and double breasted styles. Some of these Suits were made to sell as high as $20. Bargains at $15.

Full Evening Dress Suits, $20 to $40.
Tuxedo Suits, $16.50 to $33.

New Belted Overcoat, $18

This Overcoat is a long, loose, comfortable garment of Scotch wool goods, in a variety of patterns, made with half belt in back. Assuredly the most popular coat this season.

Better Grades Belted Coats, $20 to $30.

$18.00 Buys a worsted lined, satin shouldered Box Overcoat with this sign under the collar. O'Mallen Trieste All Wool

Overcoats of Irish Frieze—Skibbereen—cheap at $15, to be had only here and here only..... $12.50

"Dutchess" Trousers.

"Dutchess trousers, ten cents a button, a dollar a rip"—they come in dark neat stripes—the best pair of working pants made, $2 to $4.

Youths' Suits & Overcoats, $8

Especially in our clothing for young men, up to 36 inches chest, the standard of Brill excellence shows. Stylish, wearable Suits and overcoats in a great variety of patterns, cuts and weaves, $8 to $18.

Boys' Clothing and Shoes.

In our Children's Departments, Suits and Overcoats for boys 7 to 16 years are priced as low as $2.95 and as high as $15.

School Shoes reduced from $1.50 to 98 cents.

Furnishings, Hats & Shoes.

Here's a new Collar—the *London Town*—sold only by us at 10 cents. Other furnishings for men at low prices.

$2 Hats, soft and stiff, at $1.50.

"Strollers," the $3.50 Shoe, here at $3.

At Broadway Store only.

Sale of small size $30 Paddock and Surtout Overcoats at $20.

Get the Habit Go to

Brill Brothers

279 Broadway. 47 Cortlandt St. FOUR CONVENIENT STORES. 211 and 219 Sixth Ave. 125th St. cor. 3d Ave.

BIG SLUMP IN STOCK OF REPUBLIC STEEL

Heavy Liquidation Forces Preferred Down Seven Points.

Total Drop in Value Since Date of Highest Record $18,762,500—Chicago Fortunes Involved.

Heavy liquidation in the preferred stock of the Republic Iron and Steel Company yesterday forced the price of that stock down 7 points to the lowest price on record, and at the same time many rumors were afloat concerning the company, which was said to be in an unsatisfactory condition.

While no official information concerning the intention of the Directors could be had, it was said that the company is in need of funds, and that the Directors would in the near future be called upon to consider plans for securing additional capital. One phase of the report was that the company was about to issue $5,000,000 of bonds, but this met with specific denial by one of the Directors.

With the report that the company was in need of funds, the rumor that the next dividend upon the preferred stock would be passed was revived. The preferred stock is a 7 per cent. cumulative issue, and has been paying regular quarterly dividends of 1¾ per cent., the next payment being due in January. The Directors are expected to meet next Monday to take action on this dividend, and those who argued from the course of the stock in yesterday's market, the price falling on the sale of 27,350 shares from 47 to 40¾, predicted that the dividend would be passed.

In connection with this report it was learned from a Director that the earnings of the company during the month of October were $174,000, which is about $50,000 in excess of the amount required to pay one month's dividend. These earnings show a heavy falling off from the average monthly earnings of last year, a fact due of course to the heavy decline in the demand for steel products, which recently has depressed the steel trade and the stocks of steel companies.

Reports were current in Wall Street yesterday that the Republic Steel Company was, on account of the poor demand for its products, closing down several of its plants, and in some quarters the decline in the stock was attributed to these reports and to the known conditions in the iron trade.

In support of the statement that the company needed additional capital, reference was made to the reports of the company. According to the statement of Dec. 31 last the accounts and bills payable amounted to $4,785,430, and the bills and accounts receivable to $3,168,556. The cash on hand amounted at that date to $964,889. Cash and receivables together were $4,123,-144, or about $660,000 less than accounts and bills payable. It is said that a similar condition exists in the company's accounts at present, and that this is one of the reasons for the reported intention of the Directors to secure additional funds.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 23.—Chicago stockholders in the Republic Iron and Steel Company were panic stricken to-day as a result of a crash in the shares in Wall Street. The preferred shares dropped from a close on Saturday at $47.25 to $40.25 at 1:30 this afternoon, and there were indications that it would go still lower. It is only about a month since the shares were at $55, and in 1901 they sold at $82.

The common, which once sold at $38 to $34, dropped this morning to a new low record of $5.87½. The price Saturday was $7. The total drop in the value of the shares between the date of the highest record and to-day's is about $18,762,500 out of a total value of about $30,000,000.

Quite a number of Chicago fortunes, some of them of the "new" variety, are involved in this company. Alexis W. Thompson is its President, while the Directors include August Belmont, Grant B. Schley, and George R. Sheiden of New York, and the following named Chicagoans: Harry Eubens, who is also general counsel; G. Watson French, John Crerar, John P. Wayler, Charles H. Wacker, A. W. Thompson, Edward N. Ohl, L. C. Hanna, and George A. Baird.

MAKES ANOTHER CUT IN WAGES.

Special to The New York Times.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., Nov. 23.—The condition of the iron industry in Northern New Jersey is assuming a more serious aspect than even the most pessimistic had contemplated a few weeks ago. Notices have been posted at all the mines of the Empire Steel and Iron Company at Mount Hope, Hibernia, and the other big mines in Morris County that a 10 per cent. reduction would be made in the wages of all miners, beginning Dec. 1. Also that only one shift of men would be used where two formerly worked. The order affects 3,000 men.

This, taken in conjunction with the cut of 15 per cent. made the 1st of October, the shutting down of the Wharton mines, and the blowing out of the Port Oram furnace, has caused a condition of unrest in labor circles in the northern part of the State.

TURNED IN FALSE ALARMS.

Boys Trapped in a Lumber Pile Accuse Each Other.

During the past four months the various engines and apparatus attached to the Eleventh and Sixteenth Battalions of the Fire Department have been forced to respond to a false alarm nearly every day from somewhere in their battalion districts. During that time a horse attached to Truck 35 has been killed; the apparatus of Engine 30 has been badly damaged and a horse injured, and yesterday at another false alarm at Seventy-fourth Street and Fifth Avenue the rubber tire on one of the wheels of Engine 22 was lost.

When the apparatus reached the corner there was no one in sight. Across the street is a vacant lot, in which a quantity of lumber is piled. Policemen and firemen searched the lot for a half hour, and then started to go away.

Acting Battalion Chief Dougherty of the Eleventh Battalion, however, decided to remain. He seated himself on a pile of lumber and awaited developments. The apparatus had hardly got out of sight when Dougherty heard a voice, evidently of a small boy, issue from under the pile he was seated on, and say:

"Geel! I thought we was collared sure that time."

In a minute the boy was in the grasp of the Acting Battalion Chief, as well as two smaller youngsters, who were hidden with him. The boys were taken to the East Sixty-seventh Street Police Station, where they said they were James Rose, ten years old, of 361 East Seventy-sixth Street; Thomas Galligan, eight years old, of 1,386 Third Avenue, and Anton Higgins, eight years old, of 1,322 Third Avenue.

All three boys laid the blame on a fourth boy, George Miller of 1,354 Second Avenue. Miller is the eldest of the quartet, being thirteen years old. He was arrested at his home by Detective Devlin and taken to the station house, where the boys accused each other of turning in the alarms and of various petty crimes.

All four youngsters were sent to the rooms of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, and to-day will be arraigned in the Children's Branch of the Court of Special Sessions.

LEFT MORE THAN $6,000,000.

The will of Jacob S. Rogers, who died at his home in Paterson, N. J., on July 2, 1901, has been filed with the County Clerk. It shows that Mr. Rogers left $6,063,173 worth of real and personal property. With the exception of several bequests which aggregate $200,000, the entire estate is willed to the Metropolitan Museum of Art.

The total value of the real and personal property which Mr. Rogers held in this State was $1,927,858. The expenses of administration in this State are estimated at $30,000, and the commissions of the executors $58,405. The tax upon the estate here, which goes to the Museum, is 5 per cent.

SENTIMENT IN A WILL.

In a brief will which was filed for probate yesterday, Charles H. Simms bequeaths his estate, the amount of which is not stated, to Eugenie E. Fischer, wife of Henry B. Fischer, "in return for pure and sympathetic friendship lasting through years, and which my many shortcomings seem to make more steadfast."

Police Department Promotions.

Police Commissioner Greene yesterday announced that he had promoted Roundsmen William T. Brown, West Sixty-eighth Street Station; Lawrence Patterson, Richards Avenue, Brooklyn; Edward G. Mason, Health Department Squad, Brooklyn, and John Early of the Harbor Squad to be Sergeants. He also promoted the following patrolmen to be Roundsmen: James F. Dennan, William H. Granger, Alonzo P. Cooper, William Wettlaufer, Peter J. Bird, Thomas J. Gleason, James T. Conboy, David J. Sheehan, Alfred Reid, and Andrew J. McNulty.

Col. Jewell to Pay Less Alimony.

Justice Scott, in the Supreme Court, yesterday granted an order reducing from $150 a month to $75 a month the amount of temporary alimony to be paid by Col. James A. Jewell, formerly connected with the United States Board of General Appraisers, to his wife, Caroline L. Jewell, pending the trial of their cross-suits for absolute divorce.

Miss Milson Discharged.

Miss Elizabeth Milson, the trained nurse who was arrested last Tuesday, charged with attempting to secure $75 worth of jewels from Tiffany & Co. on a forged order, was yesterday discharged by Magistrate Deuel, in the Jefferson Market Police Court, as James T. Coats, the thread merchant of White Street, whose name was forged to the order, refused to prosecute.

Double the Usual Number of "S. & H." Green Trading Stamps, TO-DAY.

THE BIG STORE A CITY IN ITSELF

SIEGEL COOPER Co.

SIXTH AVE. 18TH 19TH & 20TH STS.

Double the Usual Number of "S. & H." Green Trading Stamps, TO-DAY.

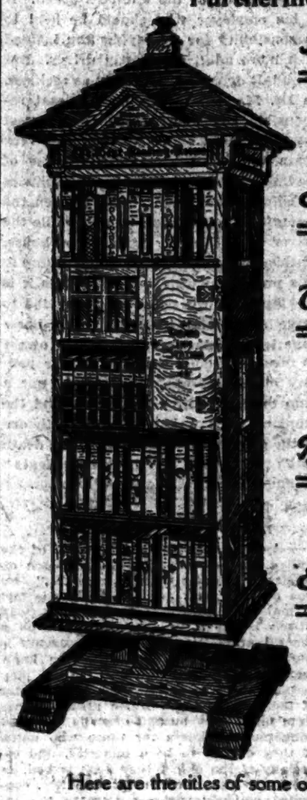
Fine News for Book Lovers!

The Siegel Cooper Company Announces as an Additional Feature of Its Large and Popular Book Store a Splendidly Equipped Branch of

The Tabard Inn Library

Which Is Now One of the Largest Circulating Libraries in the World.

The Idea Is Entirely New, and Allows Book Readers an Immense Saving—Furthermore, a Membership Makes an Excellent Christmas Present.



How to Become a Member—Upon visiting the Tabard Inn Station on the Second Floor of The Siegel Cooper Store and paying $1.18 you are enrolled as a member, and become the owner of a $1.50 book. Furthermore, you have the privilege of exchanging this book in the Tabard Inn Library anywhere by paying 5c. Should you at any time desire to cease reading according to this plan, bear in mind that the book in your possession is YOUR property.

Exchanging the Books—The Books are exchangeable at any time, and as often as you desire, at any of the 2,000 stations of the Tabard Inn Library (including the Siegel Cooper Store) for any other Book or Books listed. The Books are always new, clean and in a most attractive condition.

The Exchange Fee Is 5c—There is no other expense after the membership fee has been paid. If you buy a book at the Siegel Cooper Store to-day you can exchange it to-morrow, and the book you get in return you can exchange the following day, or next week, or next year, or in ten years, in New York, Chicago, San Francisco, London, or almost anywhere you please upon the payment of 5c.

No Limit as to Number—You can exchange one book at a time, or ten, or a hundred—any number, in fact, that you possess in Tabard Inn cases. The purchase of one Tabard Inn Book gives you continuous exchange privileges at all Tabard Inn Libraries and Exchange Stations upon the usual exchange fee.

Every Book in a Tabard Inn Cloth Case which you purchase carries with it the same privilege. In this way the value of a book to the purchaser is multiplied a hundredfold. Book-buyers can gradually accumulate a TABARD INN Library in their homes, and whenever it is their pleasure to do so they may exchange the whole library for an entirely new library, every book of which is also exchangeable. In addition to other titles, the lists include all the popular fiction of the day.

Here are the titles of some of the newest books:

Wings of the Morning	*Louis Tracy*	John Burt	*Fred'k Upham Adams*
Colonel Carter's Christmas	*F. Hopkinson Smith*	Pigs in Clover	*Frank Danby*
Little Shepherd of Kingdom Come	*John Fox, Jr.*	Red Triangle	*Arthur Morrison*
	Thomas Nelson Page	Lady Rose's Daughter	*Mrs. Humphry Ward*
Gordon Keith	*Charles Major*	Adventures of Gerard	*Sir A. Conan Doyle*
The Forest Hearth	*Robert Barr*	Fortunes of Fifi	*Molly Elliot Seawell*
Over the Border	*George Ade*	Heart of Rome	*F. Marion Crawford*
In Babel		One Woman	*Thomas Dixon, Jr.*

N.Y.T. 11—24

Siegel Cooper Company, New York:

I inclose $1.18 to be enrolled as a member of the TABARD INN LIBRARY, and to receive as my first Book .....

as per list. (Name a Book in the annexed list, or come to The Store and choose from the selected list which will be handed you upon application.)

NAME .....

ADDRESS .....

HERE IS THE MAIL ORDER COUPON.

James McCreery & Co.

On Tuesday, November 24th, Sale of Fine China, Silverware and Cut Glass

Fine China.

White and Gold Limoges, Bread and Butter Plates 3.00 per doz.

Haviland's Limoges Plates, dinner, tea and breakfast size.

Floral spray design, 15c each

Ramekin and Plate, pink rosebud pattern. 3.00 per dozen

Cut Glass.

Oil or Vinegar Cruet.....50c
Mustard Jar.....50c
Bon-bon Dish.....1.25
Water Carafe.....2.00
Claret Decanter, quart size.....2.50
Cream and Sugar Set.....2.50
Salad or Fruit Bowl, deep, handsome cutting.....3.50

Silverware.

Sterling Silver

Tea Spoons	4.50	half dozen
Table "	10.25	" "
Forks	9.50	" "

Finest quality rolled plate.

Tea Spoons	1.95	half dozen
Table "	3.85	" "
Forks	3.85	" "

Twenty-third Street.

The Perfect Cleanser

Miller's Powerine is the best cleanser wherever there's spot of dirt, or stain, or grease. Wherever there's stubborn resistance to cleanliness and sanitation it makes everything sweet, pure and sightly. Miller's Powerine is pure soap and pure ammonia ground to a smooth powder that never cakes or sticks in the package—every bit of it is available for use.

MILLER'S Powerine

with Ammonia (5c)

quickly cuts away grease from dishes and cooking tools; removes stains from the skin; keeps the drains clear; disinfects *everything*. Large package for 5c.—at all the grocers. Don't use Powerine to wash clothes—get *Miller's Soap with Naptha*, the half-hour soap, the friend of the cloth.

THE PENNSYLVANIA SOAP CO. Manufacturers, Phila.

Gold Medal

At Pan-American Exposition

Unlike Any Other!

The full flavor, the delicious quality, the absolute *Purity* of Lowney's Breakfast Cocoa distinguish it from all others.

No "treatment" with alkalis no adulteration with flour, starch or ground cocoa shells; nothing but the nutritive and digestible product of the choicest Cocoa Beans.

Ask Your Dealer for It.

Miss some of the sweet things in life—but don't miss the pleasures of a box of

Huyler's

363 BROADWAY, bet. 18th and 19th Sts.
506 FIFTH AVE. bet. 42d and 43d Sts.
218 W. 42d ST. near 7th Ave.
150 BROADWAY, cor. Liberty St.

CANDIES sent everywhere by Mail or Express

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Army.

Second Lieut. Grayson M. P. Murphy, Seventeenth Infantry, is relieved from the Military Information Division, and will sail from New York City by transport on or about Dec. 15 to join his company in the Philippines.

Changes in stations and duties of officers of the Medical Department:

Capt. Henry A. Weber, Assistant Surgeon, now at San Francisco, is relieved from duty in the Philippines, and will proceed to Fort Walla Walla, Washington, to relieve First Lieut. Arthur W. Morse, Assistant Surgeon. Lieut. Morse will proceed to Vancouver Barracks, Washington, to relieve First Lieut. William K. Brooke, Assistant Surgeon. Lieut. Brooke will proceed to Washington Barracks.

First Lieut. David A. Lindsay, First Infantry, is transferred from Company K to Company D of that regiment.

First Lieut. Ralph E. Lister, First Infantry, is assigned to Company K of that regiment.

Special orders of Nov. 14 are so amended as to direct Lieut. Col. Henry S. Kilbourne, Deputy Surgeon General, on request to the commanding General, Department of California, for transportation to Manila on the first available steamer of Commercial Line leaving San Francisco on Dec. 1.

Major Harry C. Cavenaugh, upon his own application, is detailed as Professor of Military Science and Tactics at Girard College, Philadelphia, to take effect April 14, 1904.

Capt. Edwin Landon, Artillery Corps, will proceed to Fort Monroe on business pertaining to the system of fire control now being experimented with at the Artillery School at that post.

Capt. John M. Bigsworth, Ninth Infantry, is detailed for service and to fill a vacancy in the Pay Department.

Navy.

Lieut. Commander A. G. Winterhalter is ordered to the Navy yard, Portsmouth, N. H., for duty, in charge of departments of equipment and ordnance.

Assistant Surgeon A. M. Fauntleroy, when discharged from treatment at Naval Hospital, Narragansett Bay, R. I., is ordered to the Scorpion.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Arrived: Vixen and Chanticleer, at Hampton Roads; Alert, at Mare Island; Buffalo, at Havana; Newport, at Santo Domingo City; Montgomery, at Montevideo; Peoria, at Yerka Bunas, Baltimore, at San Juan; Caesar, at New London; Barry, at Hampton Roads; Sterling, at Lambert Point, and Tecumseh, at Norfolk.

Sailed: Alcthusa, from Boston for San Juan.

The New York Times.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, NOV. 24, 1903.

OFFICES:

New York:
Publication Office.....41 Park Row
Harlem Office.....239 West 125th Street
Wall Street Bureau.....30 Broad Street
Washington.....Washington Post Building
Philadelphia.....Public Ledger
Sixth and Chestnut Streets
London: The Times, Printing House Square, E.C.

Entered at the New York Post Office as second-class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
BY MAIL, POSTAGE PAID.

DAILY, per Week.....$0.13
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week.....0.17
DAILY, per Month.....0.50
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Month.....0.70
DAILY, per Year.....6.00
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year.....8.00
SUNDAY, with Magazine and Financial Supplements, per Year.....2.00
THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW, per Year.....1.50

The postage to foreign countries for daily and Sunday editions adds $1.10 per month.

SIXTEEN PAGES.

HONOR AND SAFETY.

In discussing our adventure in Panama, Prof. GOLDWIN SMITH says that the honor of this Republic might be in better hands than those of President ROOSEVELT. The broken treaty is evidence of that; the sophistical apologies for breaking it supply further evidence. But there is a growing belief among us that the peace and prosperity of the country, also, might be in safer hands.

What evidence did President ROOSEVELT have that the "insurrection" faithfully represented the prevailing opinion of the people of the revolted State? How did he know that the thing was not gotten up by a dozen speculators and promoters aiming to secure for themselves a good part of the ten-million-dollar payment, and, perhaps, a commission from the French Canal Company? The President at once entered into relations with these persons, and inside of a week recognized them as an independent nation. Unless he was perfectly well assured that they were faithful representatives of public opinion on the Isthmus, that the people of Panama and Colon would stand by them, he ran the gravest risk of presently finding himself under the necessity of suppressing the true and prevailing public opinion of the Isthmus in order to make good his guarantee to the dozen conspirators. NAPOLEON III. did something like that in Mexico, but he did it openly with arms, as an imperial undertaking.

Oh! but the President knew all about the insurrection, he was well assured that it was genuine and representative of universal sentiment, his defenders will say. Would that not be a somewhat dangerous admission? Too much antecedent knowledge gives support to the unpleasant charge of collusion on the part of our Government. If the President did know enough about the affair to justify his indecently swift recognition of independence, he knew too much. If he did not know, if he had no other evidence than the impressions hastily gathered by our Consuls and the representations of the rebels, he knew far too little to justify recognition in a week.

No state of facts that can be made out, no theory that can be put forward, will shelter the President from the just censure of those who charge that the course he pursued was hasty, reckless, unwarranted, and unsafe.

"BRITONS, GUARD YOUR OWN."

Probably it was the mistake of the correspondent of The London Times which made Mr. CHAMBERLAIN recite a poem of TENNYSON entitled "Britons, Hold Your Own." There are some verses—they are hardly poetry—of the late Poet Laureate of which the title is "Britons, Guard Your Own," and these were doubtless what Mr. CHAMBERLAIN recited or tried to recite. There is a passage in them, by the way, which Mr. RITCHIE and other of his late associates in the Conservative Cabinet might be tempted to apply to Mr. CHAMBERLAIN himself:

Peace-lovers we—sweet Peace we all desire—
Peace-lovers we—but who can trust a liar?

Apart from the refrain it is not easy to see what there is specific in the verses for Mr. CHAMBERLAIN to quote. But their spirit is quite in harmony with his own. They were first published in 1852 on the morrow of the coronation of NAPOLEON III., and they were so savage an attack on "the fierce 'beat' that lighted on a throne"—as NOAH BROOKS described him—that TENNYSON suppressed them until after the fall of the Empire. They might be described as a lyric expressive of Mr. CHAMBERLAIN'S own remark apropos of Russia—"He must have a long spoon who supe with the devil"—and they breathe the narrow jealousy of alien peoples, the furious pugnacity of the irritated islander, which are traits of Mr. CHAMBERLAIN'S new policy of tariff wars in place of free commerce.

Mr. CHAMBERLAIN is a past master of the arts of a popular orator, and in this matter he has the very great advantage of sharing quite sincerely the passions to which he appeals. He really feels angry and disgusted at the idea of Germans and Americans selling their goods in England at lower prices than English manufacturers can sell them. He is a manufacturer himself, and acquired all his wealth and many of his prejudices in trade. "Dumping"—when done by others—horrifies him, though he felt differently when the American woodscrew-makers were ready to pay a handsome sum to his house for refraining from undercutting them in our markets. He sees no remedy for dumping but taxing the things dumped. That was the way our manufacturers tried, but it was not nearly so effectual as the policy of improved machinery and better methods of business. So well have these worked that, instead of buying off competition in our markets, our manufacturers are competing in British markets. But Mr. CHAMBERLAIN sees only our tariff weapons in use, and longs to arm himself and his people with them. It is so much easier to fight that way than with brains, ingenuity, skill, enterprise.

Nor in his blind mood of resentment and envy does Mr. CHAMBERLAIN see that England is situated far less advantageously for a tariff war than is this country. It is all well enough to shout "Britons, Guard Your Own"—but their own is not enough for their daily needs. America, with its vast territory and population, its varied resources, and its absolute free trade from ocean to ocean, is self-contained and self-supporting. We have more food and more material for industry than we shall require for a long time to come. Undoubtedly free foreign commerce would be profitable to us, but it is not necessary to us. We can be largely and lastingly prosperous without it. Not so England. She has neither food enough for her workmen to live on nor material for them to work on. If she taxes the entry of these into her markets she chokes the very springs of her well-being. Even with the white population of her colonies added to her own she has little more than half the number of laboring units to rely on that the United States has, and between her and her colonies there is not—and Mr. CHAMBERLAIN dares not promise—that free exchange which makes all our forces available to the last ounce of human energy. Her strength lies in untrammeled commerce with the whole world. Any restraint on this can but cripple her.

PENSION OFFICE POLITICS.

The mind of Pension Commissioner WARE seems to work rather uncertainly regarding the relation of his appointees to partisan politics. It is reported that he has recently decided that his medical examiners are not subject to the President's order forbidding activity in such politics because, by an opinion of the Supreme Court a quarter of a century ago, such examiners are not officers of the United States.

Well, suppose they are not. They are unquestionably in the employment of the United States. The Government, since the decision referred to, has, by the law of 1883 and by the orders of the President under that law, fixed a standard of conduct for those in its employment, one of the elements in which is the requirement that men drawing pay from the common Treasury shall not indulge in partisan politics. That is a sound requirement. It makes for fairness and decency and the protection of the equal rights of all dealing with the Government.

Commissioner WARE can enforce that requirement if he chooses to do so. A short time since he removed a medical examiner because of the examiner's politics—he was one of two Democrats, we believe, in a board which the Commissioner thought should have two Republicans and only one Democrat. If the Commissioner could do that he surely could check partisan activity among the examiners if he wished to do so. It does not make any difference what the legal status of the examiners may be. It is a question solely of the Commissioner's official policy.

In the general conduct of his office and his relations with the Civil Service Commission Commissioner WARE has observed the spirit of the rules with unusual fidelity. We do not quite understand why he should prefer so clearly to violate that spirit in this matter.

TO KEEP OUT IMMIGRANTS.

If we wish merely to restrict immigration, not to sift the bad immigrants from the good immigrants, Senator LODGE'S bill applying the educational test will accomplish our purpose. If during the past five years, a period in which foreigners have come here to settle at the rate of nearly half a million a year, officers of the Government had been stationed at our ports of entry with a copy of the United States Constitution, and empowered to require each immigrant to read and intelligently explain an article of the same as a condition of receiving his permit to land, a very great part of the flood would have been turned back. The trouble is that some of the best immigrants might have been excluded and the least desirable admitted. The educational test affords no proof of physical or moral worth.

In vetoing the bill of 1897 President CLEVELAND said:

> In my opinion, it is infinitely more safe to admit 100,000 immigrants, who, though unable to read or write, seek among us only a home and opportunity to work, than to admit one of those unruly agitators and enemies of Governmental control who can not only read and write, but delights in arousing by inflammatory speech the illiterate and peacefully inclined to discontent and tumult. The ability to read and write, as required in this bill, in and of itself affords, in my opinion, a misleading test of contented industry and supplies unsatisfactory evidence of desirable citizenship or a proper apprehension of the benefits of our institutions.

An immigrant might be able to read Homer in the original, and yet come here intending to pursue the trade of a criminal. He might declaim Cicero, though coming here to beg and steal his living. He might not only read our Constitution, but expound it, though visiting America with the purpose of organizing bands of Anarchists and addressing their meetings. On the other hand, the simplest educational test might exclude an industrious and law-abiding man, who if admitted would work with ready will and strong hands in the development of our industrial resources.

We are not without evidence that immigrants are coming in too great numbers for our good. Tests of quality, if effectively applied, would naturally diminish the volume of the flood. There are three classes we should rapidly and absolutely exclude: those who are defective in mind or body; those who are dependent and would therefore be a burden upon our charity; those belonging to the class called delinquent, the criminals, and evildoers. It is very easy to shut out gross numbers by applying the educational test. It will be very difficult to devise tests that will certainly exclude the mentally and physically incompetent, the dependent class, and the criminals. We have no doubt, however, that this should be the aim of our policy in respect to immigration.

THE CHICAGO STREET RAILWAY STRIKE.

The efforts to effect the settlement of the street railway strike in Chicago have thus far been unsuccessful, but it is gratifying to note that the parties to it are much nearer together than they were at the outset. The absurd and impossible demands of the men have been modified to the following, which do not seem to offer many insuperable obstacles to a settlement:

> That there shall be no discrimination against members of the union.
>
> That in the event of differences between members of the union and the company, adjudication shall be undertaken by representatives of the union and officials of the company. If this shall fail to settle the differences they shall be settled by arbitration.
>
> That the company may route the cars as it shall please, provided that no employé shall work less than ten hours or more than eleven hours, and that no employé shall be required to be under orders from the company more than fifteen consecutive hours.
>
> That the wage scale shall be referred to arbitration upon the basis of the present scale.

Perhaps the only one of the above demands which cannot be properly insisted upon is the second. No corporation can do business if its labor holds employment under rules which are comparable to those establishing tenure in the civil service. The right of dismissal from the company's employ is a correlative of the right to leave the company's employ. A company operating a public utility and charged with large responsibilities which may be expressed in judgments for heavy pecuniary damages, as well as criminal indictments, cannot safely divide its responsibilities with the representatives of a trades union in the matter of deciding which of its employés may be trusted with delegated authority. Its discipline would be hopelessly weakened if no one could be discharged without the consent of the union to which he belongs. Such safeguards are not necessary for the protection of competent, faithful, and trustworthy men. Corporations do not willingly let such men go, and rarely apply to them stricter standards of judgment than their own protection demands.

The strike is obviously weakening. More lines are in operation and passengers are gaining the courage to ride. The police work has been better than was expected, and without a free hand to establish and maintain a reign of terror, unskilled labor cannot force the acceptance of impossible conditions such as were originally insisted on by the Chicago car strikers. The modification of these demands shows good judgment.

CHURCH ATTENDANCE.

We printed yesterday the results of a census of churchgoing, taken on Sunday, Nov. 15, for that part of Manhattan Island which lies above the Central Park. The results are most interesting and suggestive. It is a quarter of homes, and consequently of churches. We should say it was the part of New York, or at least of Manhattan, which might reasonably be selected as likely to show the best results in respect of attendance at church, to prove itself the most churchgoing part of the island. Perhaps the quarter abreast of the Park might be taken as giving an equal chance of showing a high rate of attendance. But such a selection would ignore the great fringe of tenement houses on the east side of that lower quarter, where a very high ratio of church attendance would be impossible for absolute want of church facilities. What might be called the churchgoing belt of the quarter would be almost bounded on the east by Third Avenue, so that the quarter actually chosen looks likelier to secure good results, from the point of view of the census takers.

The results are more favorable, we think, than any one who has not paid special attention to the matter would have ventured to hope. Roughly, one-quarter (23.047 per cent.) of the population went to church on a November Sunday when the weather was normal for the season. Undoubtedly that is a good showing for any part of New York. But it becomes less gratifying to Protestants when they analyze it and see how largely they are indebted for it to the Catholics, how disproportionately large is the Catholic attendance, or how disproportionately small the Protestant. The Protestant population of the district, according to the rules of estimation laid down by the Church News Association, is about half as large again as the Catholic population. Yet the actual church attendance reversed this showing, being more than half as large again for the Catholics. And this although there are in the district 87 Protestant places of worship to 19 Catholic. The actual figures are 38,750 Protestant churchgoers to 62,211 Catholic.

The natural deduction from these figures would be that the proportion of "good Catholics" was much larger than that of "good Protestants"; in other words, that the Catholics were more Catholic than the Protestants were Protestant. But we leave deductions from these very interesting statistics to those whom they chiefly concern, and whom they concern very much indeed.

RECKLESS DRIVING.

Dr. DONALD SAGE MACKAY was fully justified in his protest from the pulpit on Sunday against the recklessness of human life that is permitted to be shown in the streets of New York. The example of London which the preacher cited is in point only to a certain degree. It is true that the public conveyances of London are much slower than those of New York. It is only when Mr. YERKES shall have finished his perfect work of covering the surface of London with such a reticulation of tracks as cover those of Manhattan, run over by cars similarly propelled by electric power, that the comparison will be entirely fair. But then, London has as many automobiles per capita as New York, probably more, though it insists upon calling them "motor cars." And the showing that London loses out of her four millions and a half of population less than a third as many lives as New York out of her population of a million less, by "traffic accidents," ought certainly to set us not only to thinking, but to acting.

The reckless boy driver has much of the responsibility to bear. And he is in all ways irresponsible. Nothing can prevent him from galloping a horse over which he is allowed to hold the reigns to the height of the animal's speed. It is his employer who should be held to responsibility for employing him, instead of a more adult and costly driver. But the adult driver is frequently as reckless, as Dr. MACKAY insists, as the least responsible boy. One of the commonest causes of runaways, perhaps the very commonest, is the reckless practice of leaving horses attached to vehicles standing in the street, without even the detention of a hitching weight, while the driver is delivering goods in a house. Nothing were easier than to put a stop to this practice, which is as illegal as it is reckless. Let the police be instructed to drive away and impound every horse thus left to his own devices, the owner to recover it only after paying the penalty of his offense. That would put a stop to the practice in a week, and the stopping of it would do away with one of the chief causes which make the death rate of New York by "traffic accidents" so much higher than that of London.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

—As was said by the President of the United German Societies in his speech on Sunday, "in unity there is strength." He was not the first, nor will he be the last to make the statement, and no American citizen is likely to deny its truth as a general proposition, but Dr. ANDERSON is doubtless enough of a logician to know that even a truth, if followed too far, may become a source of danger. As a matter of fact, the strength which always comes from union may be and often is the most dangerous weakness for those who unite. If they chance to be a minority, and especially if the object they seek is bad, or even only distasteful to the majority, concerted action invariably attracts the attention and leads to the repression which individual action may long escape. To take an extreme case, a band of criminals is weakened by the very effectiveness which union gives them, since it forces the vigorous pursuit and exemplary punishment a single criminal would not demand. In an analogous way, united action by American voters separated from other American voters on racial lines, while it would unquestionably give them strength, would as unquestionably excite an opposition with which that strength could not cope. It therefore seems to us that Dr. ANDERSON made a tactical error when he assumed that his hearers, as men of German birth or descent, have special grievances against the Government, municipal, State, or National, when he credited them with a peculiar responsibility for the maintenance of personal liberty, and when he advised them to act as a political unit. To take that advice would be a mistake which those who too often allow themselves to be called German-Americans are not at all likely to make. In their more reflective moments they realise, as does Dr. ANDERSON himself, that the only political union with a chance or a right to success in this country is a union of American citizens, as such and as nothing else, and that any other political union here will be utterly wrong during its necessarily brief duration and without a single mourner at its demise. And what did Dr. ANDERSON mean when he hinted that the preservation of peace between America and Germany depended in large part upon the German-Americans? Have they standards different from their fellow-citizens for judging grounds of disagreement between the two nations? The question answers itself—of course they have not.

—If, as seems to be the case, we really must use the word "Panamanian" ourselves and let everybody else use it, why not go further along the same line and coin the word "Panamaniac," for which, according to present appearances, there is going to be much employment? It would be applicable, of course, to the people in Washington and elsewhere, for whom the name "Panamist," with its evil associations of theft and fraud, would be unduly harsh, but who yet must be described in a way more or less critical. "Panamaniac" would be critical enough without being too critical; it condemns what the bearers of it are doing, while it does not deny that their intentions may possibly be honest—saving their reputations, as it were, at the expense of their responsibility, and mitigating denunciation with a charitable afterthought. Thus would all sensitive feelings be safeguarded and the severest of language would have a metaphorical string attached to it to prevent the doing of more than harm enough.

—Among the facts brought out at the trial in the City Court of a suit to recover money advanced to the Treasurer of the Socialist-Labor Party was one of particular interest in journalistic circles—the fact that the money in question was used in keeping alive The People, a local organ of the Socialist-Labor Party, and that the paper is managed, or run, to use a commoner word, by a board of three Trustees chosen for that end at a party convention. Were it not that papers the conduct of which was not determined in this peculiar way have, in remote times and distant places, been known to have difficulty in meeting expenses and in repaying loans, how tempting would be the opportunity to say that the troubles of The People might have been expected as the inevitable consequence of board management, and management, at that, of a board selected by a body which, to say the least of it, could not include many persons profoundly experienced in the multifarious tasks incidental to the newspaper business. Indeed, the temptation still exists, for while other methods of newspaper management often fail to produce the desired results, yet the method adopted in this instance obviously did not have a single chance of success. Therefore the Socialists, who are courageous enough to offer a remedy for every human ill and an improvement upon all past systems of doing everything, have no right to take refuge in the plea that other folks, following old plans, also have had their failures. Had them the other folks have, too often for counting, but that does not excuse the Socialists for failing with a plan which is very far from new and which has been rejected and cast aside as worthless by the old fogies whose conservatism the Socialists so severely criticise. And, judging from occasional copies of The People that have reached us, it is just about such a paper as a board of managers chosen by a political convention would naturally produce—a violent, inconsistent, irresponsible sheet that would be in constant trouble if those whom it charges with most of the crimes on the calendar knew what it is saying about them and thought legal action worth while. That its woes are all monetary is the good luck that attends inconspicuousness.

—We are informed by the local press agent of the "Christian Science" organization that our account of a recent happening up on Sixty-eighth Street was inaccurate. Mrs. W. D. BALDWIN, he says, is not a "reader" in the "Second Church of Christ, Scientist," or of any other "church" of the kind, no windows of her house were broken, or even cracked, when mischievous boys assailed it with stones, Mrs. BALDWIN was not in the house when the stones were thrown, and she didn't have hysterics or send for the police, either twice or any other number of times. We would like to say that otherwise our account of the episode was all right, but unfortunately there wasn't any otherwise, the corrections covering the whole narrative. Our informants took, apparently, great and entirely successful pains to miss everything that did happen and to set down as many things that didn't happen as an ingenious and well-developed fancy could suggest. The situation in which we are thus left is not without its embarrassments, our comments on the things that didn't happen having been as vigorously sarcastic as we could make them. The simplest way out of the difficulty is obviously a frank confession that we were utterly mistaken as to the facts and that we're sorry for it. It is hardly necessary—and, if necessary, quite useless—for us to assure Mrs. BALDWIN that our detestation of "Christian Science," deep as it is, would never lead us into intentional misstatement as to the acts either of its followers or of its exploiters, and that it is furthest from our desire to denounce or to ridicule them unjustly.

WALKING DELEGATE'S DEFENSE.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

On Nov. 6 I was arrested upon the complaint of Contractor Henry E. Fox, charged with extortion, and placed under $1,000 bail by Magistrate Zeller. At a hearing before Magistrate Baker this morning I was discharged.

I think it is only fair to me that my honorable discharge should be as widely published as was the fact of my arrest, and particularly so because of the present outcry against walking delegates. It is also due to me that I should be permitted to make clear my position at the time of my arrest.

About a week before my arrest I was instructed by the borough board (Manhattan and Bronx) of our local Bricklayers' and Masons' Unions to collect actual time and waiting time owed to two members of the union I represent. I called upon this contractor, and he stated that he would pay the money under protest the following Monday. After this interview I was told that he had said that should I call to collect the money he would have me arrested. I called at the appointed time, and after paying me the money the contractor immediately handed me over to a policeman.

In collecting this money, as already stated, I was acting under instructions from our central organization, just as our walking delegates have done time and again. All actual time or waiting time collected by a delegate is turned over to the Secretary of our borough board, to be held in safekeeping for the member or members to whom it belongs, and it is to be understood that any contractor paying waiting time, or other time, has the privilege of appearing before this board to make protest. Only last night the board ordered returned to the United Engineering and Construction Company the sum of $6 which had been wrongfully collected as waiting time; and at a previous meeting $28 was returned to J. C. Rogers & Co.

While members of our unions may, through their delegates, demand that the board collect wages owed them, I wish to make it plain that the contractor in any case of this kind may appear before the board in person and show cause why the money should not be collected.

I do not wish to take up your space needlessly, but I feel that as a matter of justice my part in this transaction should be made clear, and at the same time the public should be better informed upon this subject of waiting time, in so far, at least, as it relates to the Bricklayers' and Masons' Unions of this city. I repeat that at a time when walking delegates and other trades union officials are being so very generally criticised, and so many of them charged with downright dishonesty, it is only fair play that a statement of the kind I have made here be given equal publicity.

JAMES HICKEY,
Business Agent Stone Masons' Union No. 30, New York.
New York, Nov. 21, 1903.

NUGGETS.

The Secret of Success.

"To be successful," he remarked, thoughtfully, "all we have to do is to make as much of a business of our own business as we do of the things that are none of our business."—Chicago Post.

A Tearful Occasion.

"I wonder if there's been a funeral in that house?"

"Why?"

"Two women just came out crying."

"Oh, it must be a wedding."—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

His Ready Retort.

"There is no doubt," said the estimable citizen, "that intoxication injures the system."

"My dear, Sir," answered Col. Stillwell of Kentucky, "just think of the harm water has done to our financial system."—Washington Star.

The Lawyers' Friend.

"That fellow Brierleigh," remarked the lawyer, "is one of the greatest benefactors our profession ever had."

"What did he do? Endow a library?"

"No, indeed. He compiled a book entitled 'Every Man His Own Lawyer.'"—Chicago News.

HIS PROMOTION.

S. E. Kiser in Chicago Record-Herald.

He toiled serenely at the forge and sometimes hummed an air
From some old, simple song of love; his knotted arms were bare;
He worked for those he loved, and, while his daily tasks were done,
Sought not to set his son above his fellow-toilers' sum.
With earnest faith he did his work and took an honest pride
In dealing fairly, justly, with the worker at his side.

They took him from the forge one day and set him o'er the rest,
And longings thereupon began to brood within his breast;
He ceased to hum old songs of love, he watched for chances where
He might grind others down and gain more power here and there.
He mounted step by step and still reached out for more and more,
And laughed because he earned their hate whose love he prized before.

VATICAN NEWS LEAKS OUT

Cardinal Gotti Protests at a Meeting of the Propaganda.

Says Results of Meetings of the Congregation Are Known in America Before Meetings Are Concluded.

ROME, Nov. 23.—When the Cardinals composing the Congregation of the Propaganda met to-day they received a sharp reminder that they have at their head in the person of the Prefect of the Propaganda, Cardinal Gotti, a churchman of clearly defined and strong opinions. Those present at the meeting were Cardinals Aglardi, Vannutelli, Steinhuber, Segna, Pierotti, Cassetta, Martinelli, Satolli, Mathieu, della Volpe, and Gotti.

The Cardinal Prefect in his opening address dwelt most earnestly on the bad impression made on both the Pontiff and himself by the receipt of remonstrances from Apostolic Delegations and from Cardinals abroad against the publication of the decisions of the Propaganda before they had been officially informed of these decisions, and even before the decisions had been ratified by the Pontiff. This matter had gone so far, said Cardinal Gotti, that the results of the meetings of the Propaganda were known in the United States even before the meetings of the Cardinals had been actually concluded.

Continuing, Cardinal Gotti said that he had in the strongest manner called the attention of all the clerks in attendance on the Congregation of the Propaganda to the fact that it was their duty to observe the most complete secrecy, and he wished to recommend the same course not only to the Secretaries, Mgrs. Veccia and Savelli, but even to the members of the Sacred College themselves, although, he added, he did not suppose for a moment that any of them would condescend to lower their dignity by action contrary to the spirit of the law regulating the affairs of the Propaganda.

Several Cardinals greeted the speech of the Cardinal Prefect by saying "Good, good," while others considered the speech inopportune. These latter thought that no damage could be done to the interests of the Church by the publications of which the Cardinal Prefect complained, as it was known that the decisions of the Propaganda were not valid until ratified by the Pope, while on the other hand it was pointed out that the decisions of the Congregation were rarely rejected by the Pope.

Some of the Cardinals expressed the opinion that it would be assuming too much in these days of wireless telegraph to hold that the announcements of appointments made by the Congregation could be leisurely given by mail after going through so many hands. One Cardinal pointed out that the Cardinal Prefect evidently had not considered the fact that in the matter of time Rome was six hours in advance of New York.

The Congregation next discussed the appointments of several Bishops and Archbishops, including a successor to the late Archbishop Katzer of Milwaukee, Wis. It is reported that the Congregation decided to propose to the Pope for that position the name of Bishop Mcesmer of Green Bay, Wis., but this report could not be verified.

PROF. NORDENSKJOLD SAFE.

He and the Members of His Expedition Rescued by an Argentine Warship.

BUENOS AYRES, Nov. 23.—The Argentine warship Uruguay has arrived at Rio Gallegio with the members of the Nordenskjöld antarctic expedition on board.

The Uruguay found the officers of the Nordenskjöld expedition on Louis Philippe Island and the other members of the party on Seymour Island.

It was ascertained to-day that Nordenskjöld's vessel, the Antarctic, was crushed in the ice last Feb. 12.

Contrary to a first report, the Charcot expedition, which was to search for the Swedish explorers, will not be stopped, but will engage in scientific research. The Français, with the Charcot party on board, will sail as soon as possible for Graham's Land.

The French (Charcot) expedition, headed by Dr. Jean Charcot, son of the famous professor of that name, sailed from France in August, and was last heard of at Buenos Ayres.

The Nordenskjöld expedition sailed from Gothenburg, Sweden, Oct. 16, 1901.

FRENCH ART FOR ST. LOUIS.

Splendid Collection of Paintings, Sculpture, and Miscellaneous Objects.

PARIS, Nov. 23.—The result of the examination by the jury charged to select paintings, sculpture and art objects for the St. Louis Exposition has been the selection of a number of works which will splendidly represent French art. The jury will not complete its work until Dec. 1, but it is known generally what its recommendations will be.

Two thousand paintings were submitted by French artists, of which only 600 could be taken. On the list of successful artists are such names as Bonnat, Bouguereau, Carolus-Duran, Fleury, Henner, Besnard, Simon, Ménard, Constant, Monet, and the late Camille Pissaro.

The object of the jury was to secure as wide a range as possible, and, consequently, it limited the number of pictures which could be selected from each artist to three.

The members of the jury say the exhibit will far surpass that at the Chicago Exposition. It is their intention to send Rodin's celebrated figure in bronze, "Le Penseur," now in the Galerie des Machines.

Among other sculptors whose work will be exhibited are Barrie, Bartholdi, Dalou, Fremet, Bartholmé, Michel, Dampt, and Marceaux.

About two hundred valuable art objects have been selected, including jewelry, glassware and pottery, and eighty pieces from the chalcographic collection of the Louvre, in addition to two hundred and thirty modern engravings by Flameng, Renouard, Patricot, Lepere, Mauron, and others.

THE CZARINA'S ILLNESS.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 23.—To-day's bulletin regarding the condition of the Czarina is as follows:

"The Empress slept at intervals during the night. Her temperature was 99.3, pulse 70. Her Majesty's temperature this morning was 98.7, pulse 68. The process of local inflammation is exceedingly slow in development. Her Majesty's subjective condition is satisfactory and her appetite is improved."

Charts for American Navigators.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Commander W. H. H. Southerland, Chief Hydrographer of the navy, in his annual report says the office has in progress the preparation of a series of charts intended to cover every navigable portion of the world excepting the United States coasts, so that United States vessels may be supplied with charts "of our own production for every region that a vessel may be called on to visit," and no risk be run in time of war of Americans being unable to obtain an article absolutely essential for the safe navigation of vessels.

Kaiser May Go Yachting.

BERLIN, Nov. 23.—Nothing has been arranged for the Emperor's Winter vacation in a warmer climate. He has simply said that after Christmas he wishes to go south for a while. It is considered likely that his Majesty will go yachting in the Mediterranean.

Herr von Eisendecher Badly Hurt.

BERLIN, Nov. 23.—Herr von Eisendecher, the Prussian Minister to Baden and one of Prince Henry's companions on his American tour, was knocked over by a cyclist at Carlsruhe to-day and was severely hurt.

ANTI-CHAMBERLAIN CAMPAIGN

"Free-Fooders" Hold a Big Meeting To-day—Chamberlain's Friends Say He Will Make Mincemeat of the Opposition.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The Free Food League holds a big meeting in London to-day at which it will attempt to stem the tide of popular sentiment for a tariff war against America and the other countries which refuse fair trade with Great Britain. The Duke of Devonshire, Lord Goschen, Lord George Hamilton, and Sir Michael Hicks-Beach will be among the speakers.

Sir Henry Howarth, the well-known scientist, in a letter to The Times, says the purpose of the meeting is to enable a number of old gentlemen and obsolete politicians to proclaim their devotion to free food. He ridicules the thought that they will injuriously affect the Chamberlain movement, which, he says, has stirred England as the country has not been stirred before for half a century.

The Times, in an editorial article, takes practically the same view, and calls the Free Food League an "extremely anomalous body."

Mr. Chamberlain's friends say that after the Free Food League has demonstrated and Lord Rosebery has had a meeting Mr. Chamberlain will come to London and make mincemeat of the opposition.

BOMBARDMENT DESTROYS MINISTER POWELL'S HOUSE

People of Santo Domingo Panic-stricken—Bombardment to Continue Till the City Falls.

SANTO DOMINGO, Sunday, Nov. 22. United States Minister Powell's residence was destroyed in the latest bombardment of this city.

The inhabitants are in a state of panic. President Wos y Gil, in his efforts to bring about a peaceful arrangement with the insurgent forces which are besieging the city, to-day commissioned the United States Minister, the Belgian Minister, the Minister of Haiti, and the Spanish Consul to visit the insurgent camp.

An armistice was agreed upon, to expire at noon, and the Peace Commissioners consulted with the insurgent leaders. The latter, however, refused to entertain the peace proposals, and demanded the surrender of the city, but they prolonged the armistice until 6 o'clock this afternoon, after which hour the bombardment of Santo Domingo will be resumed and will be continued until the capital falls.

The Italian third-class cruiser Liguria and the Dutch armored cruiser De Ruyter have arrived here.

The Dominican warship Presidente went to Anua de Compostela, about sixty miles from here, last night.

The sanitary condition of Santo Domingo is good, but the poor are suffering from want of food. The prices of provisions are very high.

ST. THOMAS, Danish West Indies, Nov. 23.—The German cruiser Falke sailed for Santo Domingo to-day. It is reported that she will relieve the German cruiser Gazelle, the latter returning here.

The German cruiser Vineta and the German training ship Stein are now at this port.

GERMAN COLONIAL COTTON.

Texas Man for Government Inspector of East Africa Plantations.

BERLIN, Nov. 23.—J. B. G. Becker of Hockley, Texas, has been appointed Government Inspector of Cotton on the plantations of German East Africa. His headquarters will be at Dar-es-Salaam.

The official announcement of his appointment was accompanied by the statement that Mr. Becker formerly held "the honorable office of County Commissioner."

The German East Africa cotton crop last season, produced under the direction of some of Booker T. Washington's pupils, totaled 150 bales. Fresh sowings this year will, it is expected, triple this crop.

The German Chambers of Commerce are energetically supporting the development of cotton growing, but it is recognized that the growing of cotton in the German colonies must remain inconsiderable until railroads into the interior are built.

Great Britain, France, and Germany are all making great efforts to encourage the cultivation of cotton in their African colonies. In German Africa cotton plantations have been established in Togoland, Kamerun, German Southwest Africa, and German East Africa.

In Togoland the development of cotton culture has been most successful, so much so that the second year's crop—that of 1902—was as large again as that of the first year, 50,000 pounds of cotton having been exported.

German cotton mills have, after thorough trial, declared Togoland cotton to be of excellent quality, and are fostering the efforts of the German colonial cotton growers, hoping thereby to become independent of American cotton. It is claimed that America is unable to cover the world's demand for cotton, thereby causing cotton to become not a staple article of commerce, but one of speculation.

The 1902 crop of Togoland cotton realised a profit of nearly $30 for each 500 pounds.

SIGNOR BONI COMING HERE.

Famous Archæologist to Lecture at St. Louis and at American Universities.

ROME, Nov. 23.—Giacomo Boni, the famous archæologist and director of the excavations of the Roman Forum, has accepted an invitation to visit the St. Louis Exposition. He will deliver a lecture at the exposition on "The Origin of Italian Civilization."

Lectures will also be delivered by Signor Boni at American universities concerning his work on the Forum excavations.

On his way to the United States he will lecture in Paris and at the University of Cambridge, England.

200 HINDUS DROWNED.

Palar River Flood Destroys Half the Town of Vaniyambadi, Madras.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—A telegram has been received at the India Office from the Viceroy of India, Lord Curzon, saying that, according to reports received at Madras, a Palar River flood on Nov. 12 destroyed half the town of Vaniyambadi, in the Salem district of Madras.

Two hundred persons were drowned.

The flood, the telegram says, has now subsided.

Vaniyambadi has a population of between 15,000 and 16,000.

King and Queen Back in Italy.

PISA, Nov. 23.—King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helena arrived here early this morning on their return from their visit to King Edward and Queen Alexandra, and proceeded to the royal residence at Rossore.

BEAUX ARTS ARCHITECTS.

Informal Dinner Given by the Society at Lafayette-Brevoort Hotel.

The Society of Beaux Arts Architects held its annual meeting and informal dinner last night at the Lafayette-Brevoort Hotel, Fifth Avenue and Eighth Street. About fifty were present. S. D. Trowbridge, President of the society, presided at the meeting and was toastmaster at the banquet which followed.

President Trowbridge, in his annual report, said that the society had benefited much by affiliation with the Society of Architects of Paris. A. R. Stevenson, the Secretary, said that the society consist of 116 active members and thirteen associate members.

JOHN MITCHELL SPEAKS

Addresses Universalist Club on Relations of Capital and Labor.

Says He Believes in Boycott, Is Opposed to Incorporation and Entrance of Unions Into Politics.

John Mitchell, President of the United Mine Workers of America, was the guest of the Universalist Club at its one hundred and forty-fifth meeting, held at the St. Denis Hotel, Broadway and Eleventh Street, last night. At the conclusion of the dinner Mr. Mitchell delivered an address on "The Relations of Capital and Labor," in which he defended trades unionism and urged the necessity of trade agreements between employers' associations and the representatives of organized labor.

On the invitation of the speaker his auditors asked him such questions as they chose. In answer to inquiries, he stated that he was a believer in the boycott and in certain cases the secondary boycott and the closed shop. He was opposed, he said, to the incorporation of labor unions, and to the idea that they should enter politics.

Previous to the address of the labor leader resolutions of condolence were framed to be sent to the family of the late Rev. Dr. J. M. Pullman, founder of the club.

L. M. Ames, as the presiding officer, introduced Mr. Mitchell, who said in part:

"If there is one thing I hate it is to be taken for a leader of strikes. What I want to see is the master and the workman reconciled. I am not sure that I entertain the same views as the workingmen and that the employers hold mine, but I have very certain views. I have an abiding faith in the sense and justice of the employer and employe.

"The normal relation of labor to capital is one of peace. Capital is labor saved and materialised; the power to labor is in itself a form of capital. There is not even a necessary antagonism between the laborer and the capitalist. Both are men, with the virtues and vices of men, and each wishes at times more than his fair share. The relations existing between these two factors are those of organized bodies and not of separate and independent individuals.

"The organization of workingmen and of employers is not an isolated fact. Employers learned a lesson from their workmen, and groups or associations of manufacturers and other employers became a fixed institution. Employers pursued tactics which had been a feature of trades union policy.

"Instead of the system of picketing and boycotting adopted by workingmen, the associations of employers occasionally resorted to the blacklist, sending notices broadcast for the purpose of preventing the employment of striking or locked-out workmen, and while employers now frequently criticise union men for applying opprobrious epithets to non-unionists who, during a strike, have entered the field and taken away their means of livelihood, the jealousy and hatred aroused among employers when a concern turns traitor, resolves itself into curses as loud and as deep.

"Workingmen insist upon the right of contracting through their unions, and they recognize the right of the employers to contract through their associations.

"The proper relation of labor and capital may be summarised in one phrase; the trade agreement. It is not too much to say that the hope of future peace in the industrial world lies in the trade agreement. There is nothing so promising to the establishment of friendly relations between labor and capital as the growing tendency of the representatives of both sides to meet in friendly conference in order to settle conditions of employment. It is like a congress legislating for a nation, or rather, like a coming together of the representatives of two great nations, upon the basis of mutual respect and mutual toleration, for the formulation of a treaty of peace for the government of industry and the prosperity and welfare of the contracting parties.

"Those who deny to workingmen capacity for self-government should study the making of agreements as worked out in Great Britain and the United States. An agreement, to be made and lived up to, must be reasonable and fair to both sides; and it is unwise, even if it were possible, to insist upon terms which are ruinous or seriously detrimental to employers. The workingmen must recognise the difference between what is desirable and what is attainable, and must exercise an unusual degree of self-restraint.

"The trade agreement secures to the workingman what various beneficent and co-operative schemes in the past have failed to do. Co-operative schemes suggested by the philanthropy or justice of employers are, in a sense, an acknowledgment of the claim that workingmen should have a say in the conduct of business. The sliding scale is a more important form of co-operation, and is of advantage where a high, definite, minimum wage is made the basis. These schemes, however, are not, as a rule, successful. The employes of the United States Steel Corporation could not, at the present rate of subscription, secure control of the stock within a century, even if the stock were not increased during that time. The plan of securing even a partial control of industry by workingmen through the purchase or allotment of stock is chimerical.

"While individual employers have made splendid benefactions, the influence of these gifts is small, except in a few instances. The American workingman does not want to be favored or coddled.

"Trade agreements, even in their simplest form, represent the central ideal for which trade unionism stands, the collective or joint bargain, and they presuppose the existence of a union, and in the case of agreements upon a large scale, associations of employers as well as of workmen.

"Before the era of trade agreements workmen were wont to exaggerate the profits of employers and to believe, frequently without cause, that they were being exploited.

"It usually happens when joint conventions to formulate agreements are held that during the first few days, the radical speakers on both sides make extravagant claims or give utterance to more or less violent speeches, so that the two interests appear absolutely irreconcilable. As the convention progresses, however, the conservative men on both sides gradually approach a common understanding, and differences of opinion have been minimized, and a general agreement is almost invariably reached.

"The recognition of the rights of organized labor by the making of trade agreements will, with the coming years, become more and more general in the United States. The American employer is too broad-minded not to realise the advantage of such a method of securing stable conditions and of insuring a spirit of friendly co-operation among his men."

COOK BOOK IN DIVORCE CASE.

Chicago Woman Says Husband Used It to Beat Her Frequently.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 23.—"The Queen of the Kitchen," a cook book, is a new weapon used in family difficulties. Mrs. Bertha Jensen filed a bill in the Superior Court asking for a legal separation from Ferdinand C. Jensen, with whom she says her wedded life lasted three months.

The cook book, she declares, was the weapon with which her husband beat her on May 15, 1902. Whenever difficulties arose she averred her husband resorted to the cook book in fending his ideas of household duties. Mrs. Jensen says he threatened her life, and cruelly beat her.

St. Louis Bribery Case Abandoned.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 23.—The indictment against Emil Meysenburg, sentenced to three years' imprisonment on conviction of bribery in connection with the suburban franchise deal, was nolle prossed by Judge McDonald to-day on motion of Circuit Attorney Folk. The Circuit Attorney's action marks the abandonment of the Meysenburg prosecution. Meysenburg's sentence was set aside, the decision of the Circuit Court reversed, and the case remanded for a new trial by the Supreme Court. Meysenburg was indicted with Kratz and Murrell Jan. 24, 1902. He was a member of the City Council during the Suburban deal.

NEW FAR EASTERN CRISIS?

Japanese Vessels May Intercept Russian Warships—Russia Menaces Korea.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 23.—A semi-official Russian agency has received from Tokio a report to the effect that Japanese warships have been dispatched to prevent the Russian war vessels Tsarevitch and Bayan from reaching Port Arthur to join the Russian squadron there.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The Tokio correspondent of The Daily Mail, cabling under yesterday's date, says:

"It is reported that Baron de Rosen, Russian Minister to Japan, received yesterday an urgent telegram of over 300 words from the Foreign Office at St. Petersburg, and that immediately thereafter the Minister's secretary was dispatched to the Japanese Foreign Minister.

"It is believed that a conference will be held to-day, when Japan's reply will be given."

The correspondent says that the Russian Minister at Seoul has addressed another note to the Korean Government declaring that if Korea should ignore all warnings and persist in opening Yongam-Pho to foreign trade Russia will take active steps to deal with the situation.

The Korean Government has replied, strongly objecting to Russia's interference as a violation of Korea's sovereignty rights.

A communication to the same effect, according to the correspondent, was sent to the Japanese Minister at Seoul.

MITCHELTREE SET FREE.

Three Others Released, and Another Arrest for Murder of Telegraph Operator Clendennen.

Special to The New York Times.

WILLIAMSPORT, Penn., Nov. 23.—No light was thrown to-day on the mystery of the murder of W. H. Clendennen, the telegraph operator at Brown's tower on Thursday night.

Arthur William Mitcheltree, Clendennen's friend, who was arrested at the funeral of the murdered man unexpectedly yesterday, was to-day discharged without a hearing. The several witnesses, including John Edgar, who were placed under arrest late last evening, were also dismissed from custody.

District Attorney McCormick said: "We have reasons of our own for discharging this man. We are not fully convinced that he had anything whatever to do with the killing of Clendennen, and we believe that the arrest was premature. I understand that Mitchelltree was before the Coroner's jury to-day, and that he repeated his story as told that body on a previous occasion. The watch he had in his possession is the property of Miss Overhill, and it certainly had no connection whatever with the tower murder."

Four suspects were arrested to-day at the points along the Beech Creek and Fall Brook Railroad. Three, who were captured near Snowshoe, were taken to Lockhaven and thoroughly examined and later discharged.

The first man was arrested after a struggle late this afternoon at Ansonia, and is now in the jail at Wellsborough, where he will be held until to-morrow, when he will be brought to Lockhaven. He gives his name as Jesse Price, and the officers say they have been on the lookout for him since the night of the murder.

He is a resident of Syracuse, N. Y., and railroaders says that he spends the greater part of his time traveling up and down the New York Central Railroad. The detectives say that he has been evading them since the murder of Clendennen.

SHAMOKIN, Penn., Nov. 23.—Coal and Iron policemen arrested an Italian, Joseph Moscow, who was stealing a ride on a Reading freight train near here this morning, on suspicion of being implicated in the Clendennen murder and hold-up of the Reading operator at Allenwood. Moscow was relieved of two revolvers and a knife. He said he formerly worked at Allenwood, and was on his way to Philadelphia. He was committed to Northumberland County Jail.

HOLDS TESLA'S PATENTS GOOD.

Validity of Devices Passed on by an Ohio Judge.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 23.—The validity of two patents granted to Nicola Tesla, the famous electrical inventor, was under consideration before Judge Thompson of the United States District Court to-day. He held that both patents were good, and are the property of the Westinghouse Electrical and Manufacturing Company of Pittsburg.

One is for the electrical transmission of power, and the second is a method of operating motors.

The Westinghouse Company in 1901 brought suit against the Dayton (Ohio) Fan and Motor Company, asking that it be restrained from manufacturing these appliances, and that damages be granted the Westinghouse people for the injury sustained by the manufacture of these devices by the Dayton Company.

ROUNDSMAN LACKWOOD DEAD.

Death Due to Exposure in Connection with Case of the Rev. Cirringione.

Roundsman William J. Lackwood of the Wakefield Police Station died Sunday night at his home, Cebrie Park, from pneumonia. The Roundsman is said to have been very much interested in the case of the Rev. Father Cirringione and to have spent all his spare time working on it. As a direct result of exposure and overwork in connection with the case he is said to have succumbed to the disease.

Roundsman Lackwood's funeral will take place on Wednesday, which would have been his forty-first birthday. He leaves a widow and five children.

ON HER FATHER'S COMPLAINT.

Nellie Leonard Up Before Magistrate for Disappearing from Home.

Nellie Leonard, a girl of nineteen years, was a prisoner before Magistrate Flammer in the Tombs Police Court yesterday afternoon, and the complainant against her was her father, William A. Leonard, an engineer, of 145 West One Hundred and Third Street. The charge made by the father was that his daughter had been guilty of disorderly conduct in running away from home one week ago last Monday with a Fifth Avenue art dealer, a married man.

Miss Leonard has for some time past been employed as an assistant bookkeeper at the Calumet Club, corner of Fifth Avenue and Twenty-ninth Street. According to Mr. Leonard his daughter left home one week ago last Monday. The girl stoutly asserted that she would never return to her home.

At this juncture a Mr. Comstock, who for twenty years has been head bookkeeper at the Calumet Club, introduced himself to Magistrate Flammer, and said that he knew Miss Nellie to be a highly respectable girl, and that he would, if Nellie so desired, give her a home with him and his family at White Plains. The Magistrate asked Nellie's opinion of the plan, and she said she would like nothing better.

The Magistrate decided that there was nothing further to do in the case, and he dismissed the disorderly conduct charges.

Woman Disappears from Fort Totten.

Mrs. Jennie Medley, who was a clerk in the Post Office at Fort Totten, Willets Point, has been missing for several days. Until Nov. 6, when she was married to Medley, she was Miss Jennie Allen. She occupied the position of assistant to Mrs. Walter Wills, Postmistress at the post. Mrs. Wills's husband, Sergt. Major Wills, disappeared from the fort a few weeks ago. Medley says he has no idea where his wife has gone. Postmistress Wills asserts that her accounts, which were found somewhat tangled, when her husband went away, have been further complicated by the disappearance of her assistant.

DANIEL FROHMAN MARRIED

Theatrical Manager Quietly Weds Miss Margaret Illington.

Bride Will Retire Permanently from the Stage at Conclusion of Her Present Engagement.

Daniel Frohman, the well-known theatrical manager, was quietly married at 6 o'clock on Sunday afternoon to Miss Margaret Illington, who is playing the leading part in "A Japanese Nightingale," now running at Daly's Theatre, of which playhouse Mr. Frohman is manager.

The marriage took place at the home of Mrs. D. H. Davison, a sister of the bridegroom, at 1,062 Madison Avenue, the ceremony being performed by Justice Henry Bischoff of the Supreme Court in the presence of the immediate relatives of the contracting parties.

Rumors of the approaching marriage of Mr. Frohman and Miss Illington had been current for many weeks, but so quietly were the details of the ceremony planned that not even the closest friends of the contracting parties knew that it had really taken place until the announcement was made yesterday.

Miss Illington's fellow-players at the theatre were taken into her confidence on the stage last night before the performance began and told of her happiness, but the audience, which included many of her friends, did not know that in little "Yuki," the Japanese nightingale, they had before them a blushing bride.

The witnesses of the marriage included besides Dr. and Mrs. Davison, the Misses Caryl, Emma and Effa Frohman, sisters of the bridegroom; Mr. and Mrs. Gustav Frohman, his brother and sister-in-law; Mrs. E. M. Light, of Bloomington, Ill., mother of the bride; Mr. and Mrs. Huber Light of the same city, brother and sister-in-law of the bride; Mr. and Mrs. Alek J. Ludvigh, and Leo Schlesinger, President of the Mechanics and Traders' Bank, a life-long friend of the bridegroom.

The wedding was followed by a supper, and the newly wedded pair went to the Ganoga, in East Twenty-seventh Street. Later they will reside in Mr. Frohman's fine residence, in West Seventy-ninth Street. The new Mrs. Frohman appeared at the theatre at 10 o'clock yesterday morning for rehearsal, and still kept her secret from her fellow-players.

Mr. Frohman, who during last night's performance wandered about the lobby with the shyness of the newly made benedict showing all over him, was fairly overwhelmed with congratulations by as many of his friends and business associates as had heard of his marriage.

He said that Mrs. Frohman would continue in "A Japanese Nightingale" until the conclusion of her contract with Klaw & Erlanger, which runs during the remainder of the season, when she would retire permanently from the stage.

"Unfortunately her contract with Klaw & Erlanger antedates her contract with me," said Mr. Frohman, "so we will have to postpone any honeymoon trip that we may wish to indulge in."

There is considerable romance in the marriage. Miss Illington, whose real name was Maud Light, was born in Bloomington, Ill. She came to New York three years ago and applied to Mr. Frohman, who had already noticed her work for a theatrical engagement. Her experience on the stage had been limited, but Mr. Frohman saw in her the making of a good actress and employed her.

She has been continuously in his employ ever since, advancing from a small part to leading parts with James K. Hackett and afterward with E. H. Sothern. During the Sothern engagement in "If I Were King," she was understudy to Miss Cecelia Loftus, the leading woman, and her success with the company prompted Klaw & Erlanger to engage her for the present production at Daly's.

Mr. Frohman has for years been known throughout America and Europe as one of the most successful of theatrical managers. He was born in Sandusky, Ohio, in 1851, and began business life as a messenger, and later got a position in the office of The New York Tribune, where he won fame in the office as being the only person there who could decipher the handwriting of the paper's famous editor, Horace Greeley. Later he became business manager of The Standard under John Russell Young.

He began his career in theatricals as advance agent for a minstrel show.

In 1881 he became manager of the Madison Square Theatre, and in 1886 he assumed the management of the Lyceum Theatre, which he retained until the building was torn down a year ago. He is now manager of the new play house of that name, as well as of Daly's, and is interested in several other theatrical enterprises.

Swift—Bates.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Some 200 guests witnessed the marriage at 4 o'clock this afternoon of Miss Elisa Morgan Bates, youngest daughter of the Paymaster General of the Army and Mrs. Alfred E. Bates, to Frederick Rotch Swift, formerly of Boston, but now of New York City.

The ceremony took place in the ballroom of the Bates residence, which was exquisitely decorated from the entrance hall to the third floor.

The bride's only attendant was her sister, Mrs. Dunn McKee, who was preceded by a long line of groomsmen, including George Marvin, G. W. Farley, Malcolm McDonald, J. F. Perkins, J. F. Curtis, Arthur Adams, Peter Higgenson, all of Boston; Walter Cutting of Pittsfield, Mass.; R. C. Bolling of New York, and Clark Thompson and Howard Henry of Philadelphia.

Gen. Bates escorted his daughter to the chancel, where she was met by the bridegroom and his brother, Rodman Swift, who served as best man. Bishop Henry Yates Satterlee of Washington read the marriage service.

The reception which followed was attended only by the company witnessing the ceremony.

MAY NAIL SUMMONS TO DOOR.

Justice Dickey Permits Service on ex-State Senator McCarty in This Manner.

Justice Dickey, sitting at Motion Term of the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, granted an order yesterday afternoon, directing the service of a summons on ex-State Senator John McCarty by nailing the summons on the door of the country home of the Senator in Goshen, N. Y.

The order was granted in an action brought by the Sprague National Bank, Brooklyn, against Senator McCarty and Patrick H. Flynn, a Brooklyn contractor. It is alleged in the complaint filed by the bank that McCarty and Flynn executed a promissory note to the bank in April, 1902, for the sum of $40,000, payable in four months. The note was not paid when it became due, and the action was begun on Nov. 0 last.

On that date Walter D. Johnson, a clerk in the office of the law firm of Carr & Grout, affirms that he visited the home of Mr. McCarty in Goshen and asked to see him. A woman whom Johnson says was Mrs. McCarty met him at the door, and after learning his mission, refused to permit him to see the Senator. He called again on Nov. 10, and again on Nov. 11, without success.

COLOSSAL STATUE OF VULCAN.

It Will Be Cast in Iron for St. Louis Exposition.

A contract was signed to-day for the execution of a colossal statue of Vulcan, which is to represent the Birmingham district of Alabama at the St. Louis Exposition.

The design is by G. Moretti. It represents Vulcan with his right hand clasping a hammer resting on an anvil, while the left holds aloft an arrow head. The height of the figure is fifty feet. It will be cast in iron at Birmingham.

WHAT IS DOING IN SOCIETY.

With the exception of one or two weddings, there is but little of interest socially on to-day's calendar. A number of people came into town for the opera, but there are still many remaining at their country residences who will not open their town houses until after Thanksgiving.

***

A complete list of the men attendants at the wedding on Dec. 2 of Miss Héloise Breekman and David Leavitt Hough will be as follows: Best man, Frank W. Morse of Albany; ushers, Robert H. Carnahan of Fort Wayne, Ind.; Ernest H. Hunter and Wilmot Grant Pierce, Philadelphia; C. Eugene Montgomery of Lancaster, Penn.; W. Robinson Mollmard of Baltimore, Percy Jackson, Henry L. Goodwin, and Fenwick Beekman of New York. The names of the bridesmaids were printed in this column on Saturday.

***

Mrs. Burton Harrison has taken a house in Washington for the Winter at 1,712 N Street, near the D. P. Morgan house, in Scott Circle, that Mr. and Mrs. Francis Burton Harrison are occupying, and also near the Fairfax Harrison house, in Eighteenth Street. Mrs. Fairfax Harrison gave a tea for her sister-in-law, Mrs. F. B. Harrison, last week, which was largely attended.

***

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Alexander will return to town on Saturday and open their house, 4 West Fifty-eighth Street. Mrs. Alexander gave a house party at her Tuxedo cottage over Sunday. Her guests included Mrs. Vanderbilt, Miss Gladys Vanderbilt, H. W. Lucy, (Toby M. P.,) and Mrs. Lucy of London, and Major Mott. Mr. and Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, Mr. and Mrs. Augustus Jay, and others were her guests at luncheon.

***

Miss Ellen Mercer Atterbury, youngest daughter of John Turner Atterbury, will make her début to-morrow at an afternoon reception to be given by her father at his residence, 12 West Forty-ninth Street. Mrs. Eliphalet Nott Potter, who was Miss Josephine Atterbury, a bride of last May, will assist her young sister in receiving.

***

The Executive Committee of the Portrait Show will give a tea to-morrow afternoon in the American Art Galleries. Miss Frelinghuysen, Mrs. John Hobart Warren, Mrs. C. B. Alexander, and Mrs. Seth Barton French will be present. The Portrait Show will last two or three weeks, and every Wednesday a tea will be given. It is having a great success, and much money is being netted for the Orthopaedic Hospital.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Burton Lyon are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son, who is now about two weeks old. Mrs. Lyon was Miss Emily Vyse, a cousin of Mrs. Frederic Neilson and Mrs. John H. Burton.

***

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Vanderbilt are to leave Paris early next month for Egypt. They will go up the Nile in a special dahabeah. They are to be absent until Spring.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Chester Griswold, who were married on Oct. 14, are at their home, 111 East Thirty-eighth Street, for the Winter.

***

Mrs. Francis H. Leggett has returned from Europe, and is at her residence on Madison Avenue for the season.

***

The attendants at the Pruyn-Metcalf wedding will be the Misses Minnie Metcalf, Wenonah Wetmore, Therese Iselin, C. M. Dix, and the Misses Sloane, Webb, and Twombly. F. S. Pruyn will be the best man, and the ushers selected are A. S. Burden, L. C. Clark, Jr., Prescott Metcalf, C. R. Henderson, Jr., L. Pruyn, Edwin Bowditch, Roger Kinnicutt, Richard Lawrence, and Barret Wendell. The Rev. Dr. Dix and the Rev. Dr. Grosvenor are to officiate. Miss Metcalf will give a dinner at Delmonico's on Dec. 11 for the attendants, and Mr. Pruyn will give his bachelor dinner in Albany on Dec. 12.

THE NEWS OF NEWPORT.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, Nov. 23.—Mr. and Mrs. Frederic Sheldon closed their cottage on Narragansett Avenue to-day and went to New York for the Winter.

Mrs. Stuyvesant Leroy and Mrs. Amos T. French will close their cottage on Beach Street next Monday and go to New York for the Winter.

Miss Ketcltas will close her cottage on Monday.

Mrs. Georgianna G. King will go to Washington on Wednesday for the Winter.

Mrs. Paul Dahlgren and Miss Romola Dahlgren will close their Newport season this week and go abroad, remaining for some time in Paris.

IN THE SHOPS.

There is something quite new in the doll world this year, and this is the doll who turns her eyes. She is the coquette doll. Pick her up, and she looks at you from first one and then the other corner of her eye. The coquette comes in different sizes, and in a doll of ordinary size can be bought for something over $2, while big dolls, nearly as large as a small girl and with eyes quite as large, cost nearer $10.

***

But really the most attractive of dolls is the indestructible one made like a real baby, the head shaped like it, oval rather than round, the hair painted on, to be sure, but so natural that it looks more like it than the flaxen locks of the ordinary dolly. One of the large, baby-sized dolls, which wears for dresses the real, little short baby frocks, hand made, costs $6. Smaller sizes cost $3.75 and $4.50.

***

There are tiny indestructible dolls which come in boxes, and are exceedingly well dressed, in little knitted frocks, some of these ornamented with tiny knotted tufts of pink worsted on the shoulders. These are three and four inches tall.

***

Leghorn hats with wide rims and tall crowns are among the latest styles for dolls' Winter fashions. The young ladies wearing thin lawn and muslin gowns wear light hats to match. The leghorns are trimmed with a band of ribbon twisted around the crown with a large, many-looped bow in front. Lace and lawn hats trimmed with ribbons are also worn, and little caps are made of many ruffles of lace.

***

A small doll dressed all in white fur, with a little fur hood, is called the Baby Bunting doll, and is inexpensive.

***

One of the prettiest of dolls is a small Lord Fauntleroy, wearing, however, a Russian blouse suit of white, trimmed with pale blue, which is becoming to his flowing yellow locks. The most attractive parts of his costume is the small breast pocket on one side, in which is tucked a diminutive handkerchief.

***

Standard work baskets are among the treasures for little girls. They stand perhaps a couple of feet high, have covers, and the bottom is lined with quilted satin.

***

Next to these in attractiveness, and for the little girls who care more about dolls than sewing, are wicker cradles on standards. The cradle is hooded, and can be removed from the standard, also of wicker, which makes it about the height of the work basket.

***

There are desks for large dolls, made of wood enameled in white, which are large enough for the children to use.

DEATH LIST OF A DAY.

Andrew J. Odell.

Andrew J. Odell, who was formerly Secretary and Treasurer of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, died yesterday morning at 135 West Seventy-fifth Street, where he had lived for many years with his brother, Hamilton Odell. He was born in Wurtsboro, Sullivan County, this State, on Nov. 30, 1832. He came to this city in 1850 and worked for a year for the Erie Railroad, when he entered the service of the Lackawanna Road. For many years he held the position of Secretary and Treasurer. In the Summer of 1877 Mr. Odell became incapacitated for business as the result of a serious illness, and had been an invalid ever since. About ten days ago he had a cerebral hemorrhage, which caused his death.

Mr. Odell was an ardent book collector and connoisseur, and the sale of his fine library in 1880 created a good deal of interest among book lovers. Lyman Odell, his father, was at one time prominent in State politics.

Charles M. Davison.

Charles M. Davison, confidential clerk in the Brooklyn office of the State Excise Department, died on Sunday at his home, 820 Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn. He was born sixty years ago in Bogota, Colombia, his father being at that time British Consul at Rio Janeiro, Brazil. He was educated in this country, and returning to South America was in business there for fifteen years. Some time later he engaged with his brother, Joseph Davison, in coal-mining operations in West Virginia. When the State Excise Department was organized in 1896, Mr. Davison was appointed confidential clerk to Deputy Commissioner Harry W. Michel. Mr. Davison was a Mystic Shriner, a member of the Patrons of Husbandry, the Knights of Pythias, and the Invincible and Aurora Grata Clubs. His wife and two sons survive him.

Antoinette Cleveland Aiken.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 23.—Antoinette Cleveland Aiken, a pioneer of Cleveland, died here to-day, aged seventy-three years.

She was a granddaughter of Gen. Erastus Cleveland of Madison, N. Y.; a cousin of Bishop Arthur Cleveland Coxe, of ex-President Cleveland, and of Gen. John Sedgewick. Her kindred also include the Wadsworth, Gould, Longfellow, Douglas, Rogers, and Sedgwick families of New England.

She was a prominent worker in the United States Sanitary Commission during the civil war and the author of several volumes of verse. She was a sister of the late Judge James D. Cleveland of Cleveland. She leaves three children, residents here.

Col. Eugene T. Joyce.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 23.—Col. Eugene T. Joyce, a veteran hotel proprietor, for many years prominent in Irish-American societies and a warm friend of the late Charles Stewart Parnell, died to-night aged sixty-five. He organized the Emmet Guards and St. Patrick's Society, had served several terms in both houses of the Maryland Legislature, and had filled various municipal offices. Several daughters and a son survive.

Vice Admiral von Waldersee Dead.

BRESLAU, Prussia, Nov. 23.—Vice Admiral von Waldersee, brother of Field Marshal Count von Waldersee, died yesterday at Miesendorf.

Obituary Notes.

THOMAS P. LANGDON, a member of the wholesale drug firm of Gilpin, Langdon & Co. of Baltimore, died yesterday from a complication of diseases. He was fifty years old.

ROBERT WHITEHILL, an inventor and mechanical engineer, died at Newburg, N. Y., yesterday, aged sixty-five. He served in in the United States Navy as an engineer during the civil war.

R. A. BRITTIN, for the past thirty years employed in the United States Sub-Treasury in this city, died of heart disease at his home, 55 Taylor Street, Newark, N. J., yesterday, aged seventy years. He is survived by a widow.

JONATHAN RICE, First Vice President of the Rice-Stix Dry Goods Company, Vice President of the Mercantile Trust Company, and a leading figure in commercial and religious circles of St. Louis, died at his residence there yesterday of heart trouble.

RICHARD HARRIS, for many years a crier in the Essex County courts, died at his home, 42 Ferry Street, Newark, N. J., early yesterday morning, aged seventy-four years. He was formerly in the employ of the late Bernard M. Shanley, and had charge of the construction of some of the Newark reservoirs. A widow and six children survive him.

Mrs. FRANCES KURS, mother of Mrs. Peter Hauck, wife of the brewer, died at her home on Harrison Avenue, Harrison, N. J., yesterday. She was ninety-seven years old. Mrs. Kurs was injured in a runaway accident three weeks ago, and never recovered from the shock sustained. She was driving in Branch Brook Park with her coachman and maid, when the horses ran away. Mrs. Kurs was thrown out and severely injured.

CONFEDERATE CHAPLAIN DEAD.

The Rev. Thompson Smith Was a Friend of Famous Generals.

DENVER, Nov. 23.—The Rev. Thompson Smith, senior chaplain of the Confederate Army and intimate friend of Gens. Jackson, Lee, and Early during the civil war, died of general debility to-day at St. Luke's Hospital in this city, aged eighty-one years.

To Pass on Sentenced Man's Sanity.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 23.—Gov. Odell has appointed a commission to examine the sanity of William B. Ennis, the Brooklyn policeman sentenced to die at Sing Sing in the week of Dec. 14, for the murder of his wife. The commission includes Drs. George A. Smith, Charles P. Wagner, and D. D. Arthur, superintendents respectively of Central Islip, Binghamton, and Gowanda State Hospitals. Ennis's defense was insanity. Superintendent Collins of the Prison Department believes the man insane, and it is at his instance that the commission is appointed.

Hebrew Infant Asylum Celebration.

The Young Folks' League of the Hebrew Infant Asylum invites its members and friends to visit the asylum, One Hundred and Sixty-first Street and Eagle Avenue, from 2 to 6 o'clock on Thanksgiving afternoon. Music will be rendered and refreshments served.

DEATHS REPORTED NOV. 23.

Manhattan.

Ages of one year or under are put down one year.

Name and Address.	Age in Yrs.	Date Dth. Nov.
ALVORD, Clarissa A., 314 W. 50th	82	20
ACHER, Cecilia, Welfare Isl.	59	19
BANKS, Jane L., 58 Varick St.	60	21
BOLEY, Caroline, 220 E. 85th St.	73	22
BERKE, Irving C., 227 W. 148th St.	1	22
BURNE, Edward P., 639 10th Av.	17	22
BERNERT, H., 118th & St. Nich. Av.	53	22
BRADBERG, Carl V., 308 E. 26th St.	81	22
BEEBE, Archibald N., Majestic Hotel	53	22
CAMPAGNA, Francesco, 54 Spring St.	44	22
CARE, Lawrence, 605 1st Av.	4	20
CURRY, Peter, 224 W. 24th St.	21	21
COONEY, Michael, 939 Forest Av.	53	21
COUGHLAN, Patrick, 229 William St.	61	22
CARBONEO, Raul, 331 W. 35th St.	1	22
CORCORAN, Catherine, 138 W. 106th	80	21
CRAWFORD, Ida, 47 W. 68th St.	35	23
COGAN, Lizzie, 455 W. 50th St.	29	22
CLARK, Mary E., 70th Bet.	51	22
DOWLING, William, 211 E. 63d St.	1	20
DENARI, Emilio, 311 7th Av.	66	21
DORAN, Edwin F., 41 Rose St.	48	22
DORIE, Charles, 302 W. 45th St.	61	22
DUGAN, Ellen, 1,593 2d Av.	56	21
DEGENHARDT, M., 29 W. 95th St.	71	22
FRIER, Matilda, 634 Hudson St.	60	21
FISCHER, Henry, 1,726 2d Av.	71	21
FLANNAGAN, James, 253 E. 37th St.	47	22
FRAVONA, Joseph, 311 W. 60th St.	1	22
FREY, Louise, 309 E. 81st St.	1	22
GROSS, Elias, 109 Ridge St.	1	22
GALLIGAN, Alice, 242 E. 17th St.	60	22
GORMAN, John, 210 E. 74th St.	17	21
GURNEY, Agnes, N. Y. City Home	61	22
GROSS, Frank, 290 Broadway	38	22
HAINES, Jane D., 122 E. 55th St.	70	21
HOCHSTETTER, John, 151 E. 106th	39	22
HYMOWITZ, Isidor, 106 Allen St.	1	22
JAEGER, John, 251 W. 135th St.	45	22
JACOBSON, Jennie L., 171 W. 71st St.	41	22
KILROY, Margaret, 239 E. 30th St.	70	22
LEDERER, Elsa, 75 E. 116th St.	12	22
LEVIN, Julius, 300 E. 50th St.	1	22
LANE, Nellie, 371 W. 145th St.	36	22
LANGAL, Elmer, 200 Stanton St.	1	22
LOCKHART, Edgar St., 226 E. 42nd St.	1	21
LIGGAN, Emma, 159 W. 30th St.	1	22
MURRAY, Mary, 1,737 2d Av.	62	22
MULLROONEY, Jerome, 417 Broome	1	22
MALONE, James, 442 W. 41st St.	32	22
MOORE, Anna, 227 W. 68th St.	1	22
MUNCHERT, Elizabeth, 1,882 Bath-bte Av.	40	22
MILLER, Jacob, 33 Essex St.	74	22
McCORMICK, Nellie, 239 E. 51st St.	17	21
McMAHON, James, House of Relief	54	21
McCOY, John, 439 W. 43d St.	56	20
McMANUS, Mary, 546 W. 57th St.	49	20
NEARY, Martin, 53 E. Houston St.	65	20
NOLL, Leon, 1,711 York Av.	9	21
NEWMAN, Pauline, 139 Eldridge St.	2	22
ODELL, Andrew J., 135 W. 75th St.	70	22
O'REILLY, Mary, 109 W. 140th St.	28	22
PFLUGHIEL, Lizzie, 400 W. 40th St.	28	22
QUINN, Michael, 527 W. 39th St.	60	22
QUINLAN, John, 442 W. 47th St.	1	22
RICHARDS, Louis D., 206 W. 21st St.	56	21
REICHSHAFER, Julia, 330 E. 76th	77	21
ROBINSON, Edmund de B., 575 W. 161st St.	16	20
REILLY, Ann, 232 E. 72d St.	64	21
ROTHENBERG, Pauline, 1,114 Park Av.	80	22
ROSENBLATT, Golda, 714 E. 8th St.	49	22
SCHEER, Edward, 213 E. 117th St.	72	21
SULLIVAN, Stephen, 449 W. 26th St.	1	20
SIEBER, Edmund, 609 Water St.	1	22
SCHAFFER, Rudolf, 274 Av. B.	44	22
SCHEFER, Attilio, 200 10th Av.	2	22
SCHNEIDER, May, 174 E. 104th St.	6	22
STANCHFIELD, Mary C., 212 W. 23d	42	22
SILVERMAN, Estie, 328 E. 13th St.	1	22
SEIDELMANN, Anna, 103 E. Houston	37	22
SAUER, John, 243 W. 49th St.	39	22
TRAPANI, Mary, 345 E. 5th St.	35	22
TRAUENECK, Andrew, 362 E. 10th	1	22
TIERNEY, Thomas, 440 W. 29th St.	40	22
UTKANSKY, Hyman, 56 Ridge St.	62	22
UNGARO, Giovanni, 9 Spring St.	1	22

WEBER PIANOS

For more than half a century characterized by a *distinctive* tone-quality — rich, pure and sympathetic

Our new Style A Grand is the most remarkable Small Grand in *volume* and *quality of tone* ever produced by any maker. Its length is but 5 feet 4 inches.

The WEBER PIANO COMPANY
108 Fifth Avenue, cor. 16th Street, and Aeolian Hall, 362 Fifth Ave., near 34th St.
Catalogue mailed upon request.

VANNIER, Désiré, 136 W. 26th St.	69	23
VALLEY, Edmund, 120 W. 104th St.	20	23
WALLACE, Benjamin, 1,630 Brook Av.	1	22
WHELAN, Michael A., 527 W. 30th	15	22
WATERS, Margaret, 410 W. 49th St.	39	21
ZEIDA, August, 434 E. 73d St.	28	22

IN THE FOOTBALL WORLD

Trip to Pacific Coast Proposed for Columbia's Eleven.

Matches with California and Leland Stanford Contemplated—Hogan Favored for Yale Captaincy.

For the first time in Columbia's history the football eleven may undertake a Western trip this year, according to a rumor which was prevalent on the campus yesterday. The team will, it is said, go West during the two weeks' vacation at Christmas, and play the University of California and Leland Stanford Junior University.

A member of the university whose position on the eleven should make him well qualified to speak as to the true state of affairs said that in his opinion there was a very good chance that Columbia would take the suggested journey and play both California and Stanford. The original inception of the idea is due to the members of the Columbia eleven in this and other seasons who hail from the West and were anxious to see representative elevens of the East and West meet. Erb, last year's quarter back, came from Leland Stanford, and Smith, the present Captain, comes from Oregon.

Victor Mapes, Columbia, '91, the author of "Captain Barrington," has invited the Columbia eleven to be his guests at tonight's performance of the play. The team will be accompanied by about five hundred other Columbia men.

Of the seventeen men who wore Yale uniforms and got their "Y's" in the Yale-Harvard game on Saturday, Mitchell, Capt. Rafferty, Bissell, Morton, Metcalf, and Farmer will be graduated next Spring, leaving as a nucleus for the 1904 eleven Kinney and Hogan, tackles; Batcheller, Bloomer, and Miller, guards; Rorback, centre; Shevlin, end; Rockwell and Soper, quarter backs; Owsley, half back, and Bowman, full back.

James J. Hogan, 1905, of Torrington, Conn., is now most likely to be chosen as Captain for the 1904 team. His roommate, Rockwell, the Yale quarter back, is also spoken of as Captain, but Hogan's longer service, if not superior playing ability, has put him first in the race.

The Yale outlook for next year includes several men of unusual prominence beside the players on this year's eleven. At end there will be Shevlin, who will be in his third and last year at right end, and also Hare, who won his "Y" last season at left end; Neale, a first substitute this season, and Spalding, also a substitute. Besides these men there will be Sumner, Captain of the freshman team and end; Cates, the Andover end, and Ortmeyer, a fast and furious end player. At tackle there will be Kinney and Hogan again from this year's team, both of whom will play their last year in 1904; Lawrence and Turner, first-class substitutes this season, and Andrews of the freshman team, who is a "comer" in Yale football. At guard, Batcheller, Bloomer, and Miller who played this year, will return, and it is more than likely that Kinney will be added to the guard list, as he played that position in school, and this year showed up better there than at tackle. There will also be Georges, a 240-pound player who will be eligible next year. Tripp, the former University of Chicago guard, and W. E. Coe, the well-known English champion hammer thrower, who is in Yale and who will be eligible next year. Flanders of this year's substitute list, will also be a guard candidate. At centre Rowe back will return, and there will be a new man in Beecher, the old Cornell centre.

Rockwell will again be Yale's field general back of the line, and Soper, his first substitute, will also be a candidate. Twitchell, who did not materialize this season, may be better next year at quarter back, and there will also be Sumner and Hutchinson of the freshman eleven. Mitchell is likely to return, so that Yale may have the use of this brilliant player for several years more, as this was his first attempt at football, though a senior. McCoy, the former Amherst full back, who did not "make good" this year, will be a leading half back candidate, as will Owsley, who will complete his college course and who will be first choice for right half back, where he would have played this season had he not been continually injured. Bowman, the 'Varsity pitcher and full back and half back, will return, as will Allen and Preston, this year's first substitutes. A first-class backfield could be made up from these men, but Yale will also have several other good men. Quill, the former Tufts half back, will be eligible, and there will also be Monahon, the old Bucknell College half back. It is not the question of who is not yet decided, but it is probable that Capt. Rafferty will act in that capacity.

AUTOMOBILE HILL CLIMBING.

W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., and Others to Race Their Cars at Eagle Rock, N. J.

Among the entries received yesterday for the automobile hill-climbing contest at Eagle Rock, N. J., on Thanksgiving morning, was that of W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr. Other entries received to date, about thirty-five in all, include F. A. La Roche, Harlan W. Whipple, R. M. Owens, L. J. Wyckoff, C. F. Calvert, and H. J. Kobler. The entries will close with A. H. Gillette, 31 West Forty-second Street, at 10 A. M. tomorrow.

A number of local Orange automobilists have entered their cars, and there will be one or two from Jersey City, Paterson, Passaic, and other New Jersey cities. The first car in the contest will be started promptly at 10 o'clock. Only one car will be on the hill at a time. As soon as one reaches the top a signal is to be given for another to start. The timing will be done by an apparatus belonging to the Automobile Club of America. The West Orange Police Department will provide sufficient men properly to guard the course and complete arrangements have been made to insure a prompt start and a successful contest.

Eagle Rock Hill is easily reached by the West Orange trolley from Newark. This line, which ends at the foot of the hill, runs through the Oranges and connection can be made with it at any of the Orange stations or at Newark, Lackawanna and Bay Shore, or at the West Orange station of the Erie Railroad.

AMATEUR BILLIARD MATCHES.

Ferguson Won Three-Cushion Tournament with Remarkable Runs—The Metropolitan Tournament.

A. D. Ferguson last night won the three-cushion amateur billiard tournament at the Metropolitan Academy, Sixty-sixth Street and Columbus Avenue. He defeated E. O. Presbrey by the score of 35 points to 25, finishing the contest in seventy-six innings. Ferguson came through the tournament without meeting with defeat. At the close of the forty-second inning last night Ferguson's score was 30 and Presbrey's 12. Then Ferguson began to solve the puzzling three-cushion problems and made runs of 6, 5, 4, and 3. He distanced Presbrey, whose best run for the match was 8 points. E. O. Presbrey, Isaac H. Manners, and W. E. Johnson are now tied for the second prize, each having won and lost two games of the series. The balk line tournament will be continued to-night, C. W. Furey meeting S. E. Dittman.

The standing of the competitors in the fourteen-inch balk line, two counts in balk, tournament at the Metropolitan Academy follows:

	Won.	Lost.	High Run.	High Average.
L. A. Sevatius	2	1	27	4 26-41
J. H. Millette	2	1	30	3 27-30
W. M. Farlin	1	1	19	5
H. D. White	1	1	21	2 44-52
Leo E. Bennett	1	2	25	2 41-53
S. E. Dittman	1	2	27	3 44-52

In the continuation of the fourteen-inch balk-line tournament at the Knickerbocker Academy Brooklyn, last night, Charles Barker defeated M. V. Larkin by the score of 501 to 30. Barker proved an adept at close-line and rail play. Only on four turns at the table did he fail to count, while his runs that mounted to double figures were numerous. He relatively outplayed Larkin, and his best run was 23 carroms. The summary:

Charles Barker—0 5 0 5 4 0 1 2 1 2 0 1 2 4 6 10 8 11 0 0 23 3 6 0 15 6 4 0 0 6. Total—300 points. Average—6 6-25. High runs—23, 21, and 16.

M. V. Larkin—2 3 0 1 1 4 0 0 0 1 7 2 5 2 0 3 5 2 1 7 2 1 4 1 0 0 2 1. Total—30 points. Average—1 13-53. High runs—15 and 6.

"TOD" SLOAN SEEKS REDRESS.

American Rider Sues the French Jockey Club for $40,000.

PARIS, Nov. 23.—The suit of "Tod" Sloan, the American jockey, against the French Jockey Club came up in the Civil Court to-day. Sloan claims $40,000 damages for being warned off the turf in connection with Count de Saint-Phalle's Rose de Mai winning the race for the Prix de Diane at the Chantilly races, May 17, 1903. The case is attracting much attention, as it involves the Jockey Club's sole control of the turf administration. Maître Labori began the presentation of Sloan's case by protesting against the decision. The main point of M. Labori's argument was that Sloan in this case was neither the trainer nor the jockey, but merely employed to gallop horses, and not subject to the jurisdiction of the club.

Maître Mennesson, for the defense, maintained that the Jockey Club's action was legitimate, and the case was adjourned for a week.

On May 30 the French Jockey Club issued a formal notification to the effect that "Tod" Sloan had been excluded from further entrance to the weighing inclosures or training grounds of the race courses under the jurisdiction of the Jockey Club for having exercised the horse Rose de Mai at Chantilly about two weeks previously without having received permission from the proper turf authorities. It was publicly stated at the time that Sloan's exclusion was the outcome of his "spreading turf rumors" rather than for his breach of the rules in galloping Rose de Mai, as Brethes, the filly's trainer, escaped with a fine of $400.

The action of the Stewards of the French Jockey Club followed numerous incidents connected with Rose de Mai's victory in the race for the Prix de Diane, one of the classic events of the French turf, being equivalent to the English Oaks and worth $10,000. Rose de Mai was second favorite at 4 to 1, but reports on the morning of the race that she coughed and that it was probable she would not start sent the price to 12 to 1. Later it developed that Rose de Mai was heavily backed at long odds, and she won in fine style, whereupon M. Marghlioman, a well-known horse owner, voiced the public feeling, with the result that M. Charron, who superintended the filly's training, challenged him to fight a duel, but the seconds, after consultation, May 20 announced that there was no cause for a duel. This announcement was simultaneous with the notice of Sloan's exclusion from the French turf.

ON LOCAL BOWLING ALLEYS.

The feature of last night's bowling contests was the high team score of 1,071 pins, rolled by the Algonquin team against the Cyclone team in the Columbia League's tournament, at Schlusing's alleys. Every man on the winning side made a score of over 200, and duplicated a similar score rolled by the same five men against the Cyclones about a year ago in the same tournament. Following are the scores in the games rolled last night:

COLUMBIA BOWLING LEAGUE.

Schlusing's Columbia Alleys.

FIRST GAME.—Cyclone Bowling Club—Le Bau, 171; Kasselman, 186; Prior, 206; Johannesmeyer, 146; Schoales, 201. Total—910.

Algonquin Bowling Club—Linden, 218; Vreeland, 211; Moynahan, 201; Diedrick, 216; Wiman, 225. Total—1,071.

SECOND GAME.—Cyclone Bowling Club—Le Bau, 170; Kasselman, 133; Prior, 182; Johannesmeyer, 161; Schoales, 169. Total—815.

Hudsons of New York Bowling Club—Tauchert, 196; Barry, 137; Lambertson, 162; Scott, 153; MacLellan, 211. Total—881.

THIRD GAME.—Algonquin Bowling Club—Linden, 211; Vreeland, 210; Moynahan, 184; Diedrick, 175; Wiman, 147. Total—930.

Hudsons of New York Bowling Club—Tauchert, 177; Barry, 166; Lambertson, 151; Scott, 153; MacLellan, 121. Total—768.

JEWELERS' BOWLING LEAGUE.

Reid's Bowling Alleys.

FIRST GAME.—Keystone & Crescent Company—Brinck, 153; Flynn, 77; Schierich, 96; Frewin, 110; Watson, 154. Total, 585.

L. E. Waterman & Co.—Sparks, 126; Heydern, 99; Ferris, 137; Liddell, 115; Chamberlin, 135. Total, 612.

SECOND GAME.—Keystone & Crescent Company—Brinck, 102; Flynn, 96; Schierich, 125; Frewin, 110; Watson, 121. Total, 611.

Aiken, Lambert & Co.—Ilgen, 170; Dean, 117; Eggens, 105; Rollestun, 73; Tickell, 128. Total, 593.

THIRD GAME.—L. E. Waterman & Co.—Sparks, 76; Ferris, 100; Liddell, 113; Heydorn, 145; Chamberlin, 168. Total, 600.

Aiken, Lambert & Co.—Ilgen, 125; Dean, 116; Eggens, 113; Rollestun, 134; Tickell, 128. Total, 606.

AMERICAN NATIONAL TOURNAMENT.

Thum's White Elephant Alleys.

FIRST GAME.—Rockland Bowling Club—Wagner, 199; Dorsch, 163; Odell, 166; Powell, 176; Perry, 156. Total—859.

Corinthian Bowling Club—Smith, 199; Holmes, 161; Sprinter, 152; Hatf, 171; Holden, 211. Total —894.

SECOND GAME.—Rockland Bowling Club—Wagner, 156; Doersch, 152; Odell, 208; Powell, 162; Perry, 153. Total, 856.

Montgomery Bowling Club—Clauff, 127; R. Weiss, 199; English, 178; E. Weiss, 145; Weingarth, 197. Total—856.

THIRD GAME.—Montgomery Bowling Club—Clauff, 170; R. Weiss, 200; English, 170; E. Weiss, 148; Weingarth, 170. Total—858.

Corinthian Bowling Club—Smith, 182; Holmes, 169; Sprinter, 178; Hatf, 177; Holden, 167. Total —873.

SILK BOWLING LEAGUE.

Monarch Palace Alleys.

FIRST GAME.—William Iselin & Co. Bowling Club—Wieser, 160; W. L. Betsch, 124; Wunderlich, 157; W. Betsch, 169; Wellington, 117. Total, 677.

F. Iseman & Co. Bowling Club—Herbert, 159; Levy, 167; Mayer, 180; Pelber, 134; Rosenberger, 144. Total, 784.

SECOND GAME.—William Iselin & Co. Bowling Club—Wieser, 170; W. L. Betsch, 141; Wunderlich, 165; W. Betsch, 151; Wellington, 190. Total, 817.

Iseman & Co. Bowling Club—Herbert, 145; Levy, 157; Mayer, 156; Pelber, 160; Rosenberger, 168. Total, 786.

THIRD GAME.—William Iselin & Co. Bowling Club—Wieser, 162; W. L. Betsch, 147; Wunderlich, 138; W. Betsch, 193; Wellington, 151. Total, 791.

F. Iseman & Co. Bowling Club—Herbert, 141; Levy, 147; Mayer, 133; Pelber, 160; Rosenberger, 162. Total, 682.

HARLEM BOWLING LEAGUE.

Thum & Kahlerdt's Alleys.

FIRST GAME.—Hyperion Bowling Club—Carter, 195; Wagner, 170; Pelter, 169; Fecher, 161; Herrmann, 162. Total, 876.

Westchester Wheelmen Bowling Club—G. Clark, 190; Winter, 190; W. F. Clark, 165; Bauman, 182; Simpson, 156. Total, 854.

SECOND GAME.—Westchester Wheelmen Bowling Club—G. Clark, 182; Winter, 185; W. F. Clark, 181; Bauman, 140; Simpson, 178. Total, 866.

West Harlem Bowling Club—Higbee, 188; Hassel, 164; Stone, 146; Petrie, 170; Kolb, 175. Total, 843.

THIRD GAME.—West Harlem Bowling Club—Higbee, 179; Hassel, 180; Stone, 114; Petrie, 166; Kolb, 122. Total, 781.

Hyperion Bowling Club—Carter, 189; Wagner, 193; Pelter, 187; Fecher, 157; Herrmann, 154. Total, 880.

NEW YORK BOWLING LEAGUE.

Imann & Thiess's Alleys.

FIRST GAME.—Spartan Bowling Club.—Maier, 174; Bomeager, 186; Schilling, 138; Rehm, 181; Leinbach, 154. Total—833.

Bryant Bowling Club—Miller, 194; Klusmier, 132; Schilling, 160; Wagner, 156; Leinbach, 166. Total—808.

SECOND GAME.—Bryant Bowling Club—Miller, 167; Klusmier, 184; Schilling, 165; Wagner, 218; Leinbach, 175. Total—937.

Fidelia Bowling Club—Schultz, 202; Gerdes, 199; Rothermel, 210; Timm, 177; Amann, 193. Total—981.

THIRD GAME.—Fidelia Bowling Club—Schultz, 222; Gerdes, 163; Rothermel, 214; Timm, 187; Amann, 191. Total—987.

Spartan Bowling Club—Maier, 223; Boulanger, 143; Schilling, 190; Rehm, 154; Leinbach, 210. Total—940.

LIFE INSURANCE BOWLING LEAGUE.

Thum's White Elephant Alleys.

FIRST GAME.—Mutual Life No. 1 Bowling Club—Babcock, 169; Carbonell, 181; Miller, 167; Whitney, 188; Garrison, 175. Total, 880.

Travelers' Bowling Club—Clarkson, 167; Ellison, 140; Thompson, 147; Lehlein, 148; Lamb, 130. Total, 741.

SECOND GAME.—Mutual No. 1 Bowling Club—Babcock, 182; Carbonell, 166; Miller, 187; Whitney, 183; Garrison, 161. Total, 789.

Mutual No. 2 Bowling Club—Hawley, 113; Moore, 128; Adrience, 149; Trinda, 161; Viesser, 146. Total, 695.

THIRD GAME.—Mutual No. 2 Bowling Club—Hawley, 160; Moore, 124; Adrience, 153; Trinda, 164; Viesser, 168. Total, 771.

Travelers' Bowling Club—Clarkson, 131; Ellison, 167; Thompson, 103; Lehlein, 129; Lamb, 169. Total, 729.

STOCK EXCHANGE TOURNAMENT.

Broadway Arcade Alleys.

FIRST GAME.—Cohen, Green & Co. Bowling Club—Cohen, 164; Blazer, 133; Hanson, 211; Brown, 121; Fernald, 160. Total, 789.

Moore & Schley Bowling Club—Mulligan, 139; Butler, 203; Klein, 183; Dempsey, 164; Walworth, 190. Total, 878.

SECOND GAME.—Cohen, Green & Co. Bowling Club—Cohen, 171; Blazer, 129; Hanson, 175; Brown, 160; Fernald, 210. Total, 884.

C. I. Hudson & Co. Bowling Club—Amory, 134; Walsh, 157; Macrae, 126; Taggart, 180; Bogert, 170. Total, 768.

THIRD GAME.—Moore & Schley Bowling Club—Mulligan, 132; Butler, 140; Klein, 145; Dempsey, 229; Walworth, 148. Total, 803.

C. I. Hudson & Co. Bowling Club—Taggart, 169; Walsh, 149; Macrae, 117; Amory, 149; Bogert, 193. Total, 776

YACHTING CUP DIPLOMACY

Delicate Question Involving American Clubs and Kaiser's Trophy.

Emperor William and Lord Lonsdale Confer as to Which Organization Is to Present the Prize.

BERLIN, Nov. 23.—Lord Lonsdale, who, on the occasion of his present visit to Emperor William is acting as "Ambassador of the American yacht clubs," spent five hours with his Majesty to-day. The delicate relations between the Atlantic Yacht Club and the New York Yacht Club were discussed, and a way satisfactory to all interests out of the difficulty in selecting the club which will present the Emperor's Cup for a trans-Atlantic yacht race will probably be found. In the meantime no decisions have been taken.

The Emperor, Baron von Sternburg, German Ambassador to the United States, and Lord Lonsdale to-day walked for an hour in the park of the new palace at Potsdam. Rain was falling most of the time. His Majesty was in uniform, but the others were in correct "Piccadilly" costumes, which were considerably damaged by luncheon time. The Emperor invited both of them to luncheon.

Baron von Sternburg sails for New York on the North German Lloyd steamer Kaiser Wilhelm II., which leaves Bremen Dec. 1.

At first it was said Emperor William intended to give the Trans-Atlantic Cup for a race between schooners through the New York Yacht Club, without reference to any other American organization, but the fact that Sir Thomas Lipton had previously offered a cup for a similar race through the Atlantic Yacht Club caused the purpose of the Emperor to be kept secret until Sir Thomas could be communicated with. When the latter was advised of the situation he withdrew his Atlantic Cup offer, after a cabled correspondence with Emperor William, and it was decided to have the two yacht clubs manage the race. But further difficulty is said to have arisen on account of the New York Yacht Club's objection to a joint management of the race. An amicable adjustment of the question, however, is anticipated, as many members of the Atlantic Yacht Club are also members of the New York Yacht Club.

RACING AT WASHINGTON.

Carbuncle's Victory Was the Feature of the Day—Only One Favorite Won.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Carbuncle's performance in the last race was the feature at the Bennings track to-day. He conceded weight to a good field and won, going away at the end and covering the mile in 1:41, which is better than the best time for the distance over the new course last week. Trapezist was the only winning favorite. Track fast. Summaries:

FIRST RACE.—Three-year-olds and upward; mile and seventy yards. Nine Spot, 103, (Redfern,) 4 to 1 and 6 to 5, won; Star and Garter, 95, (H. Callahan, 50 to 1 and 12 to 1, second; Miladi Love, 90, (Brunner,) 15 to 1, third. Time —1:50 3-5. Florizel, Arrahgowan, Flara, Punctuate, Eminence II., Mary Worth, Unterock, Cottage Maid, Jingler, The Guardsman, and Scottie also ran.

SECOND RACE.—Two-year-olds; five and one-half furlongs. Gold Dome, 112, (Fuller,) 3 to 1 and 2 to 1, won; Cannonade, 100, (Redfern,) 4 to 1 and 6 to 5, second; Winkayuna, 108, (Shaw,) 4 to 1, third. Time—1:09 4-5. Strike a Light, Bronx, Loricate, Conkling, Clarence, Redman, Palm Broom, Cantaloupe, Belle of Wakefield, Dixie Paradise, Queen Belle, Cedar Rapids, and My Alice also ran.

THIRD RACE.—Hurdle, for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a half. Trapezist, 132 pounds, (Jackson,) 9 to 10 and out, won; Draughtsman, 148, (Mars,) 3 to 1 and even, second; Meforite, 143, (Lawton,) 50 to 1, third. Time—2:53. Sir Ellersile, Allins Abbott, Moreton Gascar, and Rossfame also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—For two-year-olds; six furlongs. Alforian, 111 pounds, (H. Michaels,) 5 to 2 and 4 to 5, won; Fortunatus, 108, (Redfern,) 15 to 5 and 6 to 5, second; Clovercap, 98, (Fletcher,) 6 to 1, third. Time—1:15. McWilliams, Arlo, Bar to Dun, Harrison, Hackensack, Widow's Mite, and H. L. Coleman also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; one mile. Carbuncle, 126 pounds, (Redfern,) 7 to 1 and 2 to 1, won; Unmasked, 122, (Fuller,) 6 to 1 and 2 to 1, second; April Shower, 106, (H. Callahan,) 10 to 1, third. Time 1:41. River Pirate, Buttons, Stolen Moments, Wild, Pirate Bird, Frankie Foster, Court Maid, Illyria, Wire In, and Lord Advocate also ran.

Entries for Washington Races.

FIRST RACE.—Highweight Handicap, for all ages; six furlongs on the old course. Young Henry, 127 pounds; Sweater, 122; Foxy Kane, 120; Flying Pepper, 118; Elsie Jane, 124; Locket, 94; Alforten, 118 each; Sais, 125; Longspur, 114; Mimdi Love, 118; Labor, 110, and Genesee, 106.

SECOND RACE.—For all ages, winners of not more than one race in 1903, special weights; one mile and forty yards on the Columbia course. Sam Craig, Faraniase, Bassverine, and Mastermap, 115 pounds each; Paget, Mabon, and Bassano, 107 each; Pompana, Longspur, and Champlain, 99 each, and Bathoven and Briarthorpe, 87 each.

THIRD RACE.—Steeplechase, for four-year-olds and upward, winners of not more than one steeplechase or hurdle race in 1903, special weights, with allowances; about two miles. Moncover, Red Hawk, and Manilian, 158 pounds each; Lepida, Perion, and Harrow, 148 each; Black Death, 147, and Gascar, 145.

FOURTH RACE.—For all ages; selling allowances; seven furlongs on the old course. Highlander, Demurrer, 110 pounds each; Paul Clifford, 107; Right and Trde, 97, and Any Day, Mimcn, and Sweet Tone, 94 each.

FIFTH RACE.—For two-year-olds, non-winners of more than two races; special weights; six furlongs on the Columbia course. Tom Cod, Sais, Reveille, Grasialio, Fort Hunter, Lord of the Valley, Champiain, and Oriskany, 106 pounds each, and Dimple, Burdette, Clear the Arena, and Gold Bride, 104 each.

SIXTH RACE.—For all ages; non-winners at the meeting; selling allowances; seven furlongs on the Columbia course. All Gold and Satire, 110 pounds each; Red Banner, 107; The Major, 104, and Sneer, Pleasant Memories, Banderilla, and Mohican, 99 each.

THREE CUP CHALLENGERS.

Rumor That Clyde Yachtsmen Will Build as Many Denied by Donaldson.

GLASGOW, Scotland, Nov. 23.—The reported intention of Clyde yachtsmen to challenge for the America's Cup was today confirmed by The Glasgow Herald. The paper adds:

"The latest suggestion on the subject, which is favorably received, is that Messrs. Coates, Clark, and Donaldson should head three separate syndicates and have three yachts designed respectively by Watson, Fife, and Mylne, the yachts to be raced throughout the Summer, and the best one to be selected to challenge in 1905."

LONDON, Nov. 23.—Donaldson, who formerly owned the famous racing yacht Isolde, when questioned this afternoon regarding The Glasgow Herald's statement, said he was not connected with the syndicates mentioned, and knew nothing about the matter.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Constipation Can Be Cured.

Good Health is Utterly Impossible Unless the Waste Products of the Body Are Got Rid Of—A Safe, Natural Remedy is to Be Had from Any Druggist.

Iron-Ox Tablets not only relieve, but permanently cure constipation.

They do it, not by violent purgative and cathartic action, but by so toning up the stomach and bowels that they perform their natural functions without the aid of harmful drugs.

Remember Iron-Ox Tablets are not purgative or cathartic in their effect; they are tonic-laxative; they cure by building up the entire system. Purgatives and cathartics give only temporary relief by violent and injurious action—they do far more harm than good.

Iron-Ox Tablets are concentrated nerve food—they abound in brain-making elements—they do not produce a temporary exhilaration, followed by a weakening reaction, as do liquid tonics composed of drugged alcohol which leads to the drink habit.

Anything which shocks the system into activity is dangerous. Do not expect immediate perceptible effects from Iron-Ox Tablets. They produce a natural, regular building up of all the functions. This takes a little time, but a successful result is absolutely certain.

With Iron-Ox Tablets in an attractive aluminum pocket-case, 25 cents at druggists, or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price. The Iron-Ox Remedy Co., Detroit, Mich.

Columbia
ELECTRIC TOWN CARRIAGES
(For Private Service Only.)
BROUGHAMS, LANDAUS, LANDAULETS, COUPES, OPERA BUSES.
Latest and most approved designs. Many exclusive COLUMBIA features.
ELECTRIC VEHICLE CO.,
134-136-138 West 39th St.,
Opposite Metropolitan Opera House.

HORSES SOLD AT AUCTION

Crowd at Dispersal Offering of Dr. Wentz's Show Stable.

Lord Brilliant, Harness Champion and Winner of Blue Ribbons, Was the Star of the Sale.

The stable of famous show horses owned by Dr. J. L. Wents of Scranton, Penn., was sold at public auction last night at the W. D. Grand offering in the American Horse Exchange. A crowd that completely filled the big salesroom gathered to witness the dispersal of the Wents establishment, which for the past four or five years has been one of the most prominent in the country.

On the authority of Dr. Wents it had been announced last Saturday night at the Horse Show, in Madison Square Garden, that he had sold his entire stable at private sale to J. Campbell Thompson for $125,000, but in the face of that announcement the auction offering went on last night, and the horses were sold through the catalogue, though they then brought a total far below the prices alleged on Saturday.

Of the horses sold, by far the best known was Lord Brilliant, who for years has been a champion in harness classes and who in his career in the show ring has won 405 blue ribbons or first prizes and who has been pronounced victor in ninety championship competitions, his latest triumph having been recorded only last Saturday night in Madison Square Garden. Lord Brilliant now is fifteen years old, but he entered the sales ring last night stepping as high and moving as gallantly as in the best of his younger days, his appearance being greeted with hearty applause from the spectators. There was much speculation as to the price that Lord Brilliant would bring, and, in spite of the champion's age, there was surprise when the auctioneer was compelled to dwell at $500, the first bid made for Lord Brilliant. After a long delay an advance to $600 was made, the price then being carried up by raises of $100 each to $2,800, with J. J. Ryan of St. Louis and William B. White of Cleveland, Ohio, as the contenders. After that the raises were of $50 each, the harness champion and hero of hundreds of show rings finally going to W. B. White's bid of $3,200. The purchaser intends the horse to continue as a show animal.

The more notable horses sold and the prices paid for them were as follows:

Lord Greystone, ch. g., 6 years, 15.2 hands, and Lord Chesterfield, ch. g., 7, 15.3, sold as a pair; R. S. Price, Hazelton, Penn.....$1,850

Lord Chancellor, ch. g., 7, 15.2, and Lord Cheltenham, ch. g., 6, 15.3, sold as a pair; J. J. Ryan, St. Louis.....1,000

Lord Brilliant, ch. g., 15, 14.3½, by Johnny Mack; William S. White, Cleveland, Ohio.....3,200

Lord Golden, ch. g., 10, 14.3½; A. De Cernea, New York.....2,050

Lord Jolly Boy, b. g., 4, 15.1, and Lord Gay Boy, b. g., 4, 15.1, sold as a pair; R. S. Price, Hazelton, Penn.....2,500

Lord Standard, br. g., 5, 15.1½, and Lord Yeaxel, br. g., 5, 15.3½, sold as a pair; G. L. Brighton, Drifton, Penn.....1,000

Lady Dorothy, br. m., 7, 15.3½, and Lady Dulcemon, mr. m., 5, 15.3½, sold as a pair; William M. Kaufman, New York.....900

Ping Pong, br. g., 8, 14.3, and San Toy, br. g., 7, 14.2, sold as a pair; G. W. Provost.....900

Lord Burleigh, b. g., 6, 16, and Lady Marjorie, b. m., 5, 16, sold as a pair; The Standard Coach Horse Company.....1,000

OLD GLORY HORSE SALE BEGUN.

Offering in Madison Square Garden Drew a Big Attendance of Harness Racing Turfmen.

The "Old Glory" horse auction, the most important of the season's offerings of trotting bred stock, was opened yesterday morning in Madison Square Garden, to continue for ten days, the final dispersal sale of the stallions, mares, and young horses from the famous Palo Alto Farm being the introductory feature. Horsemen and patrons of the light harness turf from all parts of the United States and Canada, and representatives of a large number of European buyers were in attendance. Though the bidding was rather light throughout the first day, the number of buyers in the city and the high quality of the horses catalogued give every promise that the sale will be one of the most successful of the year.

The horsemen took a sentimental interest in the stock from Palo Alto, the stud established nearly thirty years ago by the late Senator Leland Stanford in California, and the farm that for many years held first place in the racing world as the birthplace of extreme trotting speed, but not even the blood lines of the horses and their near relationship to famous winners could induce high bidding so early in the sale.

The offering from the Stanford farm was completed with $1,700 as the top price, that sum being paid by John H. Dickerson of New York for Expressive, bay mare, eleven years, by Electioneer-Esther. The next best price realized by a Palo Alto horse was $1,050, paid by R. H. Shaughnessy of Kirkwood, Del., for Helena, bay mare, thirteen years, by Electioneer-Lady Ellen. In all fifty-one head from Palo Alto were sold for a total of $19,565, making an average of $383.43, a figure which was rather disappointing to the managers of the farm, as they confidently expected an average of better than $500. The offering of the stock of the Mariposa Farm was begun immediately following the sale of the last horse from Palo Alto, the Mariposa horses then selling through the remainder of the afternoon and in the evening.

A feature of the night offering, which began with a large attendance at 7:30 o'clock, was the sale of Red Wilkes, foaled in 1874, and now, at twenty-nine years, showing but little trace of his age. This old bay horse is the sire of numerous progeny, three of which have gone in 2:10, twenty-three in 2:15, and fifty-one in 2:20. He is by George Wilkes-Queen Dido, and is a grandson of Hambletonian, who made a fortune for his owner, a farmer of Orange County named William Eyedeal. After bidding that started at $200, the old horse finally was sold to Powell Brothers of Shadeland, Penn., for $775. Their competitor in the bidding was A. N. Kingsley of Ashuelot, N. H., who bid $900 for the animal one year ago.

Eighty-one horses of the Mariposa Farm stock had been sold when the sale closed last night, for a total of $28,765, or an average of $298.40 for each animal. The total sum received for 182 horses sold in the course of the day was $48,830, an average of $268.18 per animal. The sale will be resumed at 10:30 o'clock this morning.

To Really Enjoy the Dinner Smoke *Between the Courses*

MOGUL

EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES

Most Popular— Because the Best.

10 for 15 cents.

Cork Tips or Plain.

Save the Coupons.

ARMORY RECORDS BROKEN

Twenty-second Regiment Games Marked by Close Finishes.

Kohn, a Columbia Student, Makes New Time for the Half-Mile Championship—Company A Wins the Cup.

Two armory athletic records were broken last night in the games of the Twenty-second Regiment Athletic Association, held in the armory, Broadway and Sixty-eighth Street. Walter Kohn, a member of Company A and a Columbia University athlete, won the half-mile regimental championship in 2:02, breaking the best previous record by two-fifths of a second. He won in a splendid finish by about six yards, Joseph Bromilow of Company I coming second, hard pressed for the place by Meyer M. Marks of Company H, who set the pace up to the last seventy-five yards.

The time for the wall-scaling event, purely a military athletic feature, was lowered from 0:44 4-5 to 0:40 4-5 by the Twelfth Regiment team.

W. G. Frank maintained his old-time reputation for indoor bicycle victories by winning both the one and two mile events, riding each from scratch. In each event F. E. Adams, who had 60 yards handicap in the one-mile event and 80 yards in the two-mile, was second.

Great interest centred in the intercompany relay race of a mile for the O'Brien Trophy. Company A's team of five, P. J. Walsh running in the last two laps against Myer Prinstein of the Company F team, won easily, Walsh finishing over five yards ahead of Prinstein.

Company A also added to its honors by winning for the fourth successive time the Regimental Athletic Trophy, scoring in the seventeen events on the programme 45 points. Company G was second with 28, and Company H third with 17 points. There was a large attendance, and the games were run off in fine order. The summaries:

70-Yard Dash.—First Heat—Won by C. J. Clarke, Company A, (14 feet;) E. G. Woolfolk, Jr., Company I, (16 feet,) second. Time—0:07 3-5.

Second Heat—Won by George McGraham, Company F, (15 feet;) Frank Richert, Company A, (3 feet,) second. Time—0:07 3-5. Third Heat—Won by A. J. Boston, Company F, (14 feet;) F. L. Fearon, Company C, (11 feet,) second. Time—0:07 4-5. Fourth Heat—Won by F. S. Callahan, Company H, (12 feet;) W. F. Daly, Company A, (15 feet,) second. Time—0:07 3-5. Fifth Heat—Won by C. E. Peabody, Company I, (6 feet;) A. Schroeder, Company F, (13 feet,) second. Time—0:07 3-5. Sixth Heat—Won by Meyer Prinstein, Company F, (6 feet;) J. J. McLaughlin, Company F, (10 feet,) second. Time—0:07 3-5.

Final Heat—Won by F. S. Callahan, Company H, (12 feet;) George McGraham, Company F, (15 feet,) second; Frank Richert, Company A, (3 feet,) third. Time—0:07 3-5.

One-Mile Bicycle Race, Novice.—Won by L. M. Totten, Company E; George Christian, Company F, second; F. H. Kormaresa, Company H, third. Time—2:37 1-5.

220-Yard Dash, Novice.—First Heat—Won by F. C. Poggenburg, Company K; E. C. Legon, Company F, second; A. McCutcheon, third. Time—0:28 3-5.

Second Heat—Won by I. G. Bush, Company E; T. C. White, Company A second; H. S. Hoxworth, Company C, third. Time—0:27 3-5.

Third Heat—Won by T. J. McMann, Company D; H. Levy, Company F second. Time—0:29 1-5.

Final Heat—Won by A. McCutcheon, Company C; F. C. Poggenburg, Company K, second; E. C. Legon, Company F, third. Time—0:26 3-5.

Twelve-Pound Shot Put.—Won by F. S. Callahan, Company H, (scratch,) 45 feet 8½ inches; A. J. Mayell, Company A, (9 feet,) 40 feet actual put, second; W. F. McLaughlin, Company F, (8 feet,) 34 feet actual put, third.

Half-Mile Run, Championship.—Won by Walter Kohn, Company A; Joseph Bromilow, Company I, second; Meyer M. Marks, Company H, third. Time—2:02, (new armory record.)

70-Yard Hurdle, Handicap.—Won by O. F. Luiers, Company F, (3 feet;) A. Schroeder, Company F, (12 feet,) second; Myer Prinstein, Company F, (5 feet,) third. Time—0:09 2-5.

One-Mile Bicycle Race, Handicap.—Won by W. G. Frank, Co. A, (scratch;) F. E. Adams, Co. F, (60 yards,) second; J. J. McManus, Co. H, (45 yards,) third. Time—2:32 2-5.

Wall Scaling.—Won by Twelfth Regiment team. Time—0:40 4-5, creating a new armory record; Connecticut Naval Reserve, second. Time—0:42; Thirteenth Regiment, Heavy Artillery, third. Time—1:02 2-5.

220-Yard Dash, Championship.—Won by Frank Rickert, Co. A; Myer Prinstein, Co. F, second; F. J. Walsh, Co. A, third. Time—0:24 1-5.

Half-Mile Run, Handicap.—Won by W. H. Dawson, Co. G, (20 yards;) C. J. Clarke, Co. A, (68 yards,) second; Louis Markheim, Co. F, (30 yards,) third. Time—2:01 4-5.

Sack Race, Seventy Yards, Handicap.—Won by F. M. Pearson, Co. C, (14 feet;) F. A. Onderdonk, Co. E, (scratch,) second; M. J. Wheeler, Co. A, (12 feet,) third. Time—0:10.

Half-Mile Run, Novice.—Won by T. A

IN THE BUSINESS WORLD

MERCHANTS PLEAD TO SHAW.

He Refuses to Interfere in Decision of Board of Appraisers in Valuation of Ribbons.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—A delegation from the Merchants' Association of New York, headed by President King and accompanied by ex-Assistant Attorney General Beck as counsel, had a conference at the Treasury Department to-day with Secretary Shaw and Assistant Secretary Armstrong in regard to the recent decision of the Board of General Appraisers, in which it was held, in effect, that "ribbons," under Paragraph 390 of the Tariff act of 1897, should be classified as "trimmings," and therefore are subject to a duty of 60 per cent. ad valorem instead of "manufactures of silk in which silk is the component material of chief value," which is rated at 50 per cent.

The delegation insisted that as the shipment in controversy was "baby ribbon" the board went outside of its jurisdiction in including in its decision all silk ribbon, and asked the department to instruct Collectors to ignore that part of the decision which related to other than "baby ribbon" pending a decision by the courts, to which an appeal had already been taken. This the Secretary declined to do.

EXAMINER DALE OUT.

Failed to Get On Eligible List and Temporary Appointment Expired.

Appraiser Whitehead announced yesterday that he had transferred Examiner Charles W. McDonough from the Ninth Division to the Third, to take the place of Fred S. Dale. Mr. Dale was appointed temporarily ninety days ago, under the law which permits such appointments in the absence of an eligible list. Since then an examination has been held and an eligible list made up, on which Mr. Dale's name did not appear.

The duty to which Mr. Dale was assigned was the examination of silk upholstery stuffs, plushes, velvets, &c. Mr. McDonough has been examining curios, umbrella sticks and handles, vehicles, &c. His place is taken by William A. Hines, who has been examining passengers' baggage on the docks. Mr. Hines will be succeeded by Edward C. Ebbo, who has been a clerk in the Custom House.

TAPIOCA FLOUR DUTY.

Admitted Free by General Appraisers on Importers' Protests.

The Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday sustained several protests by three Chinese firms against the assessment of 1¼ cents a pound duty on tapioca flour. They claimed free entry for it. The protesting importers were Wing Tuck & Co., Nee Yuen Lung, and Quong Wing Sung & Co., all of New York.

Protests overruled were by Wo On & Co., the Syracuse and New York Canal Line, R. A. Dowler, and the Kaldenberg Importing and Trading Company, New York; J. W. Hampton, Jr., & Co., Philadelphia; F. F. G. Harper & Co., San Francisco; Charles D. Stone & Co., Chicago, and S. Kojun, Honolulu.

GENERAL COMMERCIAL NEWS.

The Andrew Radel Oyster Company, with a capitalization of $500,000, has been organized at Norwalk, Conn.

***

A commission has been appointed by the Canadian Government to investigate the complaint of the Nova Scotia fishermen that the herring fisheries of the Maritime Provinces are being ruined by the capture of immense quantities of young herring for shipment to the United States, where they are put up as sardines.

***

Loeb, Lipper & Co., 685 Broadway, have applied for space at the St. Louis Exposition for an operating display of wood silks.

***

The Riedlheim-Schlichten Ramie Manufacturing Company has given to Wilson Brothers of Chicago an exclusive wholesale agency.

Lehigh Valley Passenger Agents.

The following appointments of Passenger Agents are announced by the Lehigh Valley Railroad:

George R. Chesbrough, General Eastern Passenger Agent, with office at 355 Broadway, New York, vice A. A. Heard, resigned. George L. Doughty, City Passenger Agent, reporting to Mr. Chesbrough. William B. Wheeler, Western Passenger Agent, headquarters at Buffalo, N. Y., vice George R. Chesbrough; George Eade, Jr., Northwestern Passenger Agent, with office at 218 South Clark Street, Chicago, Ill., vice William B. Wheeler.

NEW YORK INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 23.—Incorporated today:

The Distillers' Co-operative Company, New York; capital, $500,000. Directors—C. E. Potter and J. S. Westermayer, New York; Edward Bringman, Weehawken, N. J.

Cebe Clay Working Company, Croton-on-the-Hudson, manufacture brick and pottery, (principally in Cuba;) capital, $200,000. Directors—C. C. Comstock, W. H. Randel, and Talma Drew, New York.

Buffalo Lithotite Company, Buffalo; capital, $100,000. Directors—P. H. Daiter, Albany; C. A. Leonard, Syracuse; Charles Barnum, Buffalo.

The Harris Reel Company, Gloversville, to manufacture fishing rod reels; capital, $50,000. Directors—W. J. Harris, C. L. Jordan, and A. Mosher, Gloversville.

Greater New York Home Company, New York, (real estate;) capital, $50,000. Directors—J. E. Roberts and G. E. Minor, New York; J. J. Smith, Jamaica.

The Security and Real Estate Company, Carthage, Jefferson County; capital, $25,000. Directors—A. B. Carter, C. W. Shaffer, and C. J. Reeder, Carthage.

The Garbutt Gypsum Company, Garbutt, Monroe County, (mine gypsum;) capital, $30,000. Directors—J. C. Lyon, Smith O'Brien, and C. H. Thompson, Rochester.

St. Lulu Remedies Company, New York; capital, $25,000. Directors—A. V. M. Sprague and Mary C. Sprague, New York; Douglas Sprague, Passaic, N. J.

New York Local Stock and Mining Exchange, New York; capital, $25,000. Directors—J. C. White and G. K. Carpenter, New York; I. E. Latimer, Cleveland.

The L. S. Bruenn Company, New York, (electric appliances;) capital, $25,000. Directors—L. S. Bruenn, S. S. Rich, and Alexander Unger, New York.

Urban Land Company, New York; capital, $50,000. Directors—G. S. Bixby, E. D. York, and W. E. Black, New York.

The Algers Pharmacy, New York; capital, $20,000. Directors—W. G. Algers, J. A. Miner, and L. A. Andrews, New York.

Charles F. Noyes Company, New York, (real estate;) capital $10,000. Directors—C. F. Noyes, Brooklyn; E. S. Crawford and S. T. Carter, Jr., New York City.

Inter-State Marine Telegraph Company, New York City; capital, $10,000. Directors—F. J. Kyle, E. Hausener, and F. B. Sharot, New York.

AT THE HOTELS.

WALDORF-ASTORIA—Gen. James A. Gary, Baltimore; W. G. Elliott, Baltimore; Col. Charles Pfaff, Boston; F. H. Goodyear, Buffalo.

HOLLAND—R. Lincoln Lippitt, Providence; M. von Thermo, Germany; D. S. Glover, Edinburgh; Lars Anderson and Mrs. Anderson, Washington; Louis F. Payn, Chatham, N. Y.

GRAND—Capt. H. Lawton, United States Army; F. R. Wright, United States Marine Corps; F. Hastedt, Mexico.

MANHATTAN—S. Remington Ethlan, Santa Barbara, Cal.

PLAZA—Edward D. Rice, Boston; Arthur Smith, Lake Forest.

MURRAY HILL—Capt. J. W. Maguire, England; R. E. McNeely, Tairy United States Cavalry; Col. Barry, Edinburgh, Scotland.

FIFTH AVENUE—Charles W. Semmes, Washington; Bustace W. Hopkins, London; P. Boyd, Canal Commissioner, Panama; J. Villascoe, Mexico; A. F. Legas, Lancaster, England.

ALBEMARLE—Edward Bok, Philadelphia; Lady Alberni, Gerbon Lennox, London; F. Lorillard, Tuxedo.

KENSINGTON—F. L. Beals, United States Army.

DARLINGTON—Ex-Gov. John P. St. John, Versailles, Mo.

EVERETT—Judge F. B. Stanbery, Pomeroy, Ohio.

WESTMINSTER—Sigwerine, Guayaquil, Ecuador.

ASTOR—Herbield Sasha, Berlin, Germany.

Copper Litigation in Montana.

HELENA, Mon., Nov. 23.—The Supreme Court to-day heard arguments in the case of John MacGinnis and James Forestor against the Boston and Montana Company. This is the case in which Judge Clancy at Butte granted an injunction restraining the Boston and Montana Company from transferring its stock or paying dividends to the Amalgamated Copper Company. It was Judge Clancy's order in this case that caused the Amalgamated Copper Company to shut down all its properties in Montana.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

PETITIONS IN BANKRUPTCY.

ELLA LESSER.—Ella Lesser, residing at 121 West One Hundred and Seventeenth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $6,500, and no assets. She has only one creditor, the State Bank, and her liability is as an indorser on three notes of Pearlman & Lesser, manufacturers of skirts, at 508 Broadway, against which firm a petition in bankruptcy was filed three months ago.

THE SANDMAN MANUFACTURING COMPANY.—Schedules in bankruptcy of the Sandman Manufacturing Company, novelties in leather goods at 506 Broadway, show liabilities $40,530 and assets $11,943, consisting of stock $4,225, fixtures $697, and accounts $6,121. Among the creditors are the Oriental Bank, $10,000, secured; People's Bank, $2,000, secured; L. F. Robertson & Sons, $3,889, secured, and $823 unsecured, and Mrs. L. Sanders, $2,250.

S. BRODSKY & SONS.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Solomon Joshua, and Charles Brodsky, who compose the firm of S. Brodsky & Sons, wholesale grocers at 74 Henry Street, by the following creditors: John S. Sills & Sons, $245; Joseph Okin, $146, and Samuel Rieger, $240. It was alleged that they are insolvent, have disposed of and secreted a large portion of their property, and on Nov. 16 permitted some of their property to be removed by a Deputy Marshal on an attachment. They began business on May 1 last.

CHARLES SANDHOP.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Charles Sandhop, manufacturer of store fixtures at 202 and 204 East One Hundred and Second Street, by the following creditors: Henry Volkening, $289; Samuel Cohen, $218, and Edward A. Terry, $148, all on assigned claims of several firms. It was alleged that while insolvent he transferred portions of his property to Otto G. Stoye, Eureka Store and Fixture Company, and Adolph Sandhop, and permitted an attachment to be taken against him. Mr. Sandhop began business in 1882 as a carpenter, and in March, 1902, went into the store fixture business. He owned a flat at 15 East One Hundred and Eighth Street, mortgaged for $20,500, but he transferred it recently to Anna P. Sandhop.

OUTSIDE BUSINESS TROUBLES.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT NEWS.—The Booker-Parch Company, a lumber and building firm, has assigned to Trustees W. R. Perkins and M. W. Gale. Liabilities, $30,000; assets, half that.

RICHMOND, Va.—George A. Pender of Richmond, Va., has been appointed receiver for John A. Waters & Co., local machinery dealers. J. N. Gorman, a creditor, forced the concern into bankruptcy. Liabilities, $19,000, well scattered. Assets put at $15,000.

DISCHARGES IN BANKRUPTCY.

The following discharges in bankruptcy were granted yesterday in the United States District Court:

Peter P. Askenasy, broker, 159 West One Hundred and Eighteenth Street; liabilities, $22,417.

Hyman Cohn, clerk, 2,061 Second Avenue; liabilities, $17,080.

G. E. Hecker & Co., flour, 81 Peck's Slip; liabilities, $12,290.

Edward Lange, dairy, 2,122 Eighth Avenue; liabilities, $208,918.

William C. Lorey, grocer, Brewster, N. Y.; liabilities, $2,821.

Daniel H. Livermore, broker, 74 Broadway; liabilities, $121,606.

Benjamin Nordschmidt, clerk, 71 East Eighty-second Street; liabilities, $2,094.

Thomas E. Quinn, builder, 18 East One Hundred and Tenth Street; liabilities, $27,750.

Vincenzo Rescuiti, bartender, 176 Essex Street; liabilities, $1,850.

Christopher Salom, shoe manufacturer, New York City; liabilities, $6,673.

Isaac E. Schoenberg, dry goods, 2,545 Eighth Avenue; liabilities, $1,705.

George E. Shaw, 297 Fifth Avenue; liabilities, $6,321.

Fisher Talmud, 31 Chrystie Street, notions; liabilities, $2,500.

Judgments.

ALCES, George—M. M. Jones, executrix. 109
ADAMS, Daniel, Jr.—J. Wanamaker..... 100
BRADY, Joseph H.—H. Bender..... 54
BARA, Caesar E. F.—D. Morrid..... 45
BARROWS, Grace M.—M. F. Dee and another..... 29
BAGNELL, Mary W.—George T. Finn and another..... 32
BARRY, Benjamin, and Edward Hayes—A. Specht and another..... 153
CLAUSSEN, Matthew B.—E. Brunner... 2,500
COHN, Louis—J. Ford..... 30
CAMANN, Charles L.—E. F. Hoidrige and another..... 2,763
CARLIN, Thomas G.—Powhatan Clay Manufacturing Company, costs..... 20
CARROLL, Jennie—M. Salomon and another..... 174
CONDIT, John W.—J. F. Craido, costs... 126
DEGNAN, Joseph—J. McKesson, Jr., and another..... 74
DOWNES, Frederick W.—J. W. Foster and another, costs..... 273
DOWNING, Charles J., and Victis L. Rice—H. R. Furman..... 5,234
DEVINE, Henry M.—C. F. Crofton..... 238
EISENBERG, Abraham M., and Isaac Kahn—D. Vandewart..... 1,041
FAHONEY, Elizabeth M.—H. Shapiro.... 66
FREUDENTHAL, Hugo—E. Cohn..... 25
FERRO, Joseph, Giuseppe Dolno, Antonio Caggiona, Gaetano Callende, and Teresa Ferro—People of the State of New York..... 5,500
FENNELL, Frank J.—W. H. Hussey and another..... 198
GUGGENHEIMER, Meyer—J. Wanamaker 84
HERTWECK, Frank—City of New York. 99
HERTWECK, Ludwig—City of New York. 99
HAINES, Nat, and William Vidoco—J. Armstrong..... 60
HENRY DU BOIS SONS' COMPANY—S. J. Belt..... 602
HOHL, Charles—A. Schoneweg..... 60
JAFFRAY, John W.—Benson & Hedges, Ltd..... 112
JUNGMAN, Abraham—H. R. Davis and another..... 412
JENNINGS, Louis H.—J. F. Pallon..... 160
JAMES WILSON COMPANY—Bay State Improved Box Company..... 310
JAMES, Charles, and the Sturtevant Company—New York Central Coal Company. 72
KATZ, Morris—S. Pomerantz..... 50
KUHLMANN, William—City of New York 100
LIPSKY, Morris—I. Wasserovast, trustee. 45
LEVY, Solomon—City of New York..... 25
LEONARD, Loretta F.—S. Goldbach..... 113
LAND, Charles, and Jacob Levine—S. M. Cohen and another..... 516
LONG ISLAND MACHINE CONSTRUCTION Company—City of New York..... 126
MESSITER, Samuel S.—J. Wanamaker. 150
MEEKS, Stewart G.—J. Wanamaker..... 43
MAXIM, Wilbur C., and William F. Thompson—W. C. Breed and another. 30,184
MOODY, William H.—City of New York. 105
McCABE, Lawrence P.—J. Bowers..... 119
METROPOLITAN STREET RAILWAY Company—J. Quail..... 50
MESSER, William—A. McD. Matheson.. 965
NATALE, Joseph—H. Lackmann and another, costs..... 25
NOTARA, Angelo—City of New York..... 40
NUHN, Miriam—R. A. Byley..... 113
PINKNEY, Charles M.—City of New York 70
PARIS LAUNDRY COMPANY, Tidewater Trim and Decor Company, Charles Dirrim, Albert B. Vorhels—M. H. Fowers... 207
REED, Charles A.—C. A. Schieren and another..... 93
RUNYON, Alice K.—J. Wanamaker..... 70
RYSKIND, Barnet—American Woolen Company of New York..... 243
ROSENTHAL, Jacob J.—Lederer Amusement Company, costs..... 127
ROSENBLUTH, Walter M.—German Press Club..... 38
RUSER, Nicholas—City of New York.... 5,234
R. F. BRAIN & CO.—City of New York.. 48
RICHMAN, Jacob S.—Weinstock..... 261
ROACH, E. Pollock—R. E. Oatman..... 304
SHEELEY, Jehial A.—C. Eaton..... 96
SWIFT, Frederic J.—S. Rosenwald..... 34
SCHULTZ, John F.—City of New York.... 46
SCOTT, Richard D.—City of New York.. 108
SCHMIDT, Olga—City of New York..... 315
SCHUMACHER, Frank—City of New York 75
SCHIFFMACHER, Joseph—City of New York..... 70
SHERMAN, Morris S.—Greenwich Bank. 714
SPRAUER, Max—M. A. Adler and another..... 86
STEADMAN, Mark—P. W. Bass & Sons Company..... 269
SILBERMAN, Rose, or Rosie—State Bank, costs..... 58
SCHOENERMAN, Charles—M. Hart..... 42
SAWYER, Antonio—E. J. Stanley and another..... 51
SILBERHEITZ, Louis—S. Weinstock..... 139
SEIFSTEIN, Jacob—S. Weinstock..... 43
SMITH, William F., and Clement H.—E. F. Byrne..... 1,043
TANNER, Albert E.—American Cycle Manufacturing Company..... 447
TUSHINGHAM, Samuel—City of New York..... 283
THE BEASLEY COMPANY OF NEW York—F. W. Ford..... 67
THE CITY OF NEW YORK—J. Buckner 126
UNION DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION—C. Hoffmann, administrator..... 2,000
WILLIAMS, Ida—M. E. Martin..... 243
WEIBLER, Margaretha—A. Freund..... 120
WARNER, William—City of New York.. 46
WILBURGER, Richard—City of New York 40
WILKES, Henry—C. Ung and another.... 68
WOODRUFF, Amos E.—W. C. Alger, costs 24
WILSON, Howard—C. S. Clark..... 2,234
ZEIGER, Charles H.—City of New York. 105

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Connelly & Wallace, Scranton, Penn.; R. P. Connelly, dry goods; Grand Hotel.

Goldenberg, Washington, D. C.; M. El Newspaper, hosiery, laces, and jewelry; 408 Broadway; Grand Hotel.

Fowler, Dick & Walker, Binghamton, N. Y.; G. Fowler, notions and furnishing goods; 464 Broadway; Grand Hotel.

Strauss, H., Louisville, Ky.; A. C. Lavi; silks; 506 Broadway; Herald Square Hotel.

Horner, Joseph, Company, Pittsburg, Penn.; F. E. Stouffer, furnishing goods; 47 Lispenard Street; Herald Square Hotel.

Gooddind, M., Troy, N. Y.; dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.

Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; C. W. Miller, silks; 2 Walker Street; Hotel Normandie.

White, R. H., & Co., Boston, Mass.; G. W. Freund, boys' clothing; 460 Broome Street; Hotel Normandie.

Hirshberger, J., & Co., Baltimore, Md.; J. Hirshberger, clothing; Hotel Savoy.

Butler, William H., & Co., Boston, Mass.; J. N. Lowett, millinery; Murray Hill Hotel.

Shortenberg & Robbins, Pawtucket, R. I.; J. Shortenberg, dry goods, 15 Spring Street; Hotel York.

Cohen, S., & Co., Baltimore, Md.; B. Cohen, cloaks; Hotel Imperial.

Gusky, J. M.; Pittsburg, Penn.; G. J. Gusky, cloaks and suits, 786 Broadway; Hotel Imperial.

Kleeman Dry Goods Company, Springfield, Ohio; J. Kleeman, dry goods; Hotel Imperial.

McCarthy, D. & Sons, Syracuse, N. Y.; Miss Goutty, ladies' and infants' wear, 690 Broadway; Park Avenue Hotel.

Freedman & Rosenau, Tuscaloosa, Ala.; D. Rosenau, dry goods; Hotel Marlborough.

Loveman, J. B., Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.; D. B. Loveman, carpets, ladies' and infants' wear, 34 Washington Place; Hotel Vendome.

McCarthy, D. & Sons, Syracuse, N. Y.; E. M. Green, dry goods, 690 Broadway; Hotel Navarre.

Cohen, Friedlander & Martin, Toledo, Ohio; L. H. Friedlander, cloaks; Hotel Navarre.

Letleck Brothers, Nashville, Tenn.; E. B. Letleck, domestics and ribbons, 366 Broadway; Hotel Marlborough.

Wyman, Partridge & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; W. S. Hunkins, notions and ribbons, 45 Leonard Street; Hotel Manhattan.

Bloetul Brothers, Albany, N. Y.; P. L. Bloetul, furnishing goods; Grand Union House.

Griffith Brothers, Duluth, Minn.; F. J. Griffith, carpets; Hotel Albert.

Callender, McAuslan & Troup Company, Provisions, N. Y.; Miss Kenny, underwear; 9 Walker Street.

Adam, J. W., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; Miss Gardner, underwear; 91 White Street.

Shillito, John, Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; S. Shillito, dry goods; 540 Broadway; Albemarle Hotel.

Strauss, B. J., & Bauman, St. Louis, Mo.; A. Strauss, notions; B. J. Strauss, dry goods; 637 Broadway; Hoffman House.

Guggenheimer & Co., Lynchburg, Va.; J. W. Ould, domestics; G. W. Ould, dry goods; 42 Leonard Street; Hoffman House.

MacKinnon, Thompson, Worcester, Mass.; J. D. Robertson, ladies' and infants' wear; 57 White Street; Herald Square Hotel.

Powers Mercantile Company, Minneapolis, Minn.; W. D. McCreary, ribbons and laces; 48 Leonard Street; Criterion Hotel.

Silver, M. T., & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; M. T. Silver, cloaks; 61 Worth Street; Hoffman House.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—There was evidence Monday of a disturbance near the eastern end of Cuba, the character and course of which cannot be determined. The storm that occurred in Minnesota Sunday night has moved eastward over the lake region with increasing strength, attended by rain in the upper Ohio Valley and Atlantic States north of Virginia and by rain or snow generally in the lake region.

Light rains have occurred in Central and Northern California, Northern Nevada, and the northern plateau region, and fair weather has prevailed in all other districts.

An area of high barometer has moved eastward over the British Northwest Territory, attended by a decided fall in temperature from the middle Rocky Mountain regions over the Missouri and upper Mississippi Valley and the western lake region. In the Gulf and middle and south Atlantic States the temperature has risen.

During Tuesday rain or snow will be followed by clearing and colder weather in New York and New England, and snow flurries will occur in the lower lake region. In the middle Atlantic States the Ohio Valley, and the upper lake region the weather will be fair and colder. The weather will continue fair in the Southern States and from the Mississippi River to the Rocky Mountains.

Light rain is indicated for the northern plateau districts, and fair weather for the Pacific Coast.

On the New England Coast the winds will shift to brisk and high northwest, on the middle Atlantic Coast the winds will be fresh to brisk northwest; on the South Atlantic Coast, fresh west; on the eastern gulf coast, fresh north; on the lower lakes, brisk northwest, and on the upper lakes, fresh northwest, becoming variable.

Steamships departing Tuesday for European ports will have brisk northwest winds and clearing, followed by fair weather to the Grand Banks.

Special Forecast—Storm warnings are displayed on the lower lakes and on the Atlantic Coast from Hatteras to New York.

Cold wave warnings have been ordered for Wisconsin, Eastern Minnesota, Upper Michigan, and Northeast Lower Michigan.

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY.

Eastern New York, clearing and colder Tuesday; Wednesday fair, brisk to high northwest winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey, fair and colder Tuesday, brisk west to northwest winds; Wednesday fair.

District of Columbia, Delaware, Maryland, and Virginia, fair and colder Tuesday; Wednesday fair, fresh northwest winds.

Western Pennsylvania and Western New York, colder Tuesday, with snow flurries near the lakes, diminishing northwest winds; Wednesday fair.

New England, rain or snow followed by clearing and colder Tuesday; Wednesday fair, winds shifting to fresh west.

North Carolina, South and South Carolina, fair Tuesday and Wednesday, fresh west winds.

West Virginia, colder Tuesday, with fair in western, and snow flurries in eastern portion; Wednesday fair.

Minnesota, fair Tuesday and Wednesday; warmer Wednesday, light variable winds.

North Dakota, fair and warmer Tuesday; Wednesday fair.

South Dakota, fair Tuesday, with warmer in eastern portion; Wednesday fair.

LOCAL FORECAST.—Clearing and colder today; fair to-morrow; brisk to high northwest winds.

The record of temperature for the twenty-four hours ending at 8 o'clock to-day, from THE NEW YORK TIMES's thermometer and from the thermometer of the Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	—Weather Bureau—		—TIMES.	
	1902.	1903.	1902.	1903.
6 A. M.	44	38	45	39
9 A. M.	52	37	51	41
12 M.	52	40	54	44
3 P. M.	44	39	45	45
6 P. M.	43	42	43	50
9 P. M.	43	44	43	49
12 P. M.	43	45	46	46

THE TIMES's thermometer is 6 feet above the street level; that of the Weather Bureau is 285 feet above the street level.

Average temperatures yesterday were as follows:

Printing House Square	45%
Weather Bureau	42
Corresponding date 1902	44
Corresponding date for last 25 years	41

The thermometer registered 40 degrees at 8 A. M. and 45 degrees, the maximum temperature, at 6 P. M. yesterday, the minimum temperature being 36 degrees at 8:15 A. M. The humidity was 66 per cent. at 8 A. M. and 69 per cent. at 8 P. M.

SHIPPING AND FOREIGN MAILS.

Miniature Almanac—This Day.

	A. M.	P. M.		P. M.
Sun rises	6:57	Sun sets	4:36	Moon sets	9:37

High Water This Day.

	A. M.		A. M.
S. Hook	10:47	Gov. Isl'd	11:04
H. Gate	1:00		
	P. M.		P. M.
S. Hook	11:15	Gov. Isl'd	11:32
H. Gate	1:24		

Outgoing Steamships.

TO-DAY, (TUESDAY,) NOV. 24.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Carpathia, Naples	8:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
City of Washington, Colon	9:30 A. M. 10:30 A. M.	1:00 P. M.
Colorado, Galveston	12:00 M.	3:00 P. M.
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, Bremen	4:30 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Mont Fleurus, Naples	4:30 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
Sylvia, Newfoundland	6:30 A. M.	8:00 A. M.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 25.

Catania, Brazil	11:30 A. M.	1:00 P. M.
Havana, Havana	12:00 M.	3:00 P. M.
Proteus, New Orleans		10:00 A. M.
Statendam, Rotterdam	7:30 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Teutonic, Liverpool	8:30 A. M. 10:00 A. M.	12:00 M.

THURSDAY, NOV. 26.

Grosser Kurfuerst, Bremen		10:00 A. M.
La Bretagne, Havre	7:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Laurentian, Glasgow		11:00 A. M.
Princess Anne, Norfolk		3:00 P. M.

FRIDAY, NOV. 27.

Comanche, Charleston		1:00 P. M.
Jefferson, Norfolk		3:00 P. M.
Santiago, Nassau and Cuba		3:00 P. M.

SUPPLEMENTARY MAILS.—Additional supplementary mails are opened on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic steamers and remain open until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

COASTWISE MAILS.

Mails for Cuba, via Florida, close at this office daily, except Thursday, at 12:30 P. M., (the connecting mails close here on Wednesdays and Saturdays via Tampa, and on Mondays via Miami.) Mails for Mexico City, overland, unless specially addressed for dispatch by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at 1:30 P. M. and 11:30 P. M. Sundays at 1:00 P. M. and 11:30 P. M. Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to Port aux Basques and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 6:30 P. M. (connecting mails close here every Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday.) Mails for Jamaica, by rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, close at this office at 6:30 P. M. every Tuesday. By rail to Philadelphia and thence by steamer, close at this office at 11:30 P. M. Sundays at 6:00 P. M. Mails for Mexico, overland, unless specially addressed for dispatch by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at 2:30 P. M. and 11:30 P. M. Sundays at 1:00 P. M. and 11:30 P. M. (connecting mail closes here Tuesdays at 11:30 P. M.)

Registered mail closes at 6:00 P. M. previous day.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

Mails for China and Japan, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C., close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to Nov. 24, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Empress of China. (Merchandise for United States Postal Agency at Shanghai cannot be forwarded via Canada.) Mails for China and Japan, via Seattle, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to Nov. 24, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Minnesota Maru. Mails for Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to Nov. 25, inclusive, for dispatch per United States transport. Mails for Tahiti and Marquesas Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to Nov. 25, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Mariposa. Mails for Hawaii, Japan, China, and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to Nov. 25, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Hongkong Maru. Mails for New Zealand, Australia, (except West Australia,) New Caledonia, Fiji, Samoa, and Hawaii, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to Dec. 2, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Ventura. (If the Cunard steamer carrying the British mail for New Zealand does not arrive in time to connect with this dispatch, extra mails will close at 6:30 P. M., 6:30 A. M., and 6:30 P. M., Sundays at 4:30 A. M., 9 A. M., and 6:30 P. M.—will be made up and forwarded until arrival of the Cunard steamer.) Mails for Australia, (except West Australia,) Fiji Islands, and New Caledonia, (specially addressed only,) via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C., close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to Dec. 5, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Miowera. Mails for Hawaii, Japan, China, and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to Dec. 7, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer China. Mails for China and Japan, via Tacoma, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to Dec. 8, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Shawmut.

Note.—Unless otherwise addressed, West Australia is forwarded via Europe; and New Zealand and Philippines via San Francisco—the quickest routes. Philippines specially addressed "via Canada or "via Europe" must be fully prepaid at the foreign rates. Hawaii is forwarded via San Francisco exclusively.

Transpacific mails are forwarded to port of sailing daily, and the schedule of closing is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit. Registered mail closes at 6:00 P. M. previous day.

Incoming Steamships.

TO-DAY, (TUESDAY,) NOV. 24.

Giocomo, Naples	Nov. 2.
Hubert, Para	Nov. 10.
Jefferson, Norfolk	Nov. 23.
Kyoto, Yokohama	Nov. 4.
Lucania, Liverpool	Nov. 17.
Lampasas, Galveston	Nov. 17.
Lombardia, Naples	Nov. 11.
Muristan, Algiers	Nov. 9.
Napolitan Prince, Naples	Nov. 6.
Saguenay, Cuba	Nov. 17.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 25.

Llandaff City, Swansea	Nov. 10.
Princess Anne, Norfolk	Nov. 24.
Princess Irene, Genoa	Nov. 12.
Tribia, Gibraltar	Nov. 22.

THURSDAY, NOV. 26.

Cedric, Liverpool	Nov. 18.
El Valle, New Orleans	Nov. 21.
Manoco, Norfolk	Nov. 23.
Nestory, Brunswick	Nov. 23.
Pretoria, Hamburg	Nov. 14.

FRIDAY, NOV. 27.

Bellagio, Barbados	Nov. 19.
El Sud, Galveston	Nov. 21.
Hamilton, Norfolk	Nov. 26.
Korona, St. Croix	Nov. 23.

Arrived.

SS Philadelphia, (Crockett,) La Guayra, Nov. 16, Puerto Cabello, 17th, Curacao, 18th, and San Juan, 20th, with mdse. passengers, and mails to Bonson, Bliss & Dallett. Arrived at the Bar at 7:10 P. M.

SS Robert, (Br.,) Good, Manaos, Nov. 5, Para, 10th, Barbados, 16th, with hides, and passengers to Booth & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 7 P. M.

SS Sabine, (Br.,) Taylor, Delagoa Bay, Oct. 26, in ballast to Barber & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 5 P. M.

SS Germania, (Fr.,) Joubert, Naples, Nov. 10, with mdse. and passengers to J. W. Elwell & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 5:30 P. M.

SS Poona, Ross, Puerto Plata, Nov. 17, with fruit to the United Fruit Company. Arrived at the Bar at 4 A. M.

SS Farnesia, (Br.,) Young, Glasgow, Nov. 12, and Moville, 13th, with mdse. and passengers to Henderson Brothers. Arrived at the Bar at 6 A. M.

SS Zealand, (Br.,) Broomhead, Antwerp, Nov. 14, with mdse. and passengers to the International Mercantile Marine Company. Arrived at the Bar at 8:46 A. M.

SS Proteus, Halsey, New Orleans, Nov. 18, with mdse. and passengers to the Southern Pacific Co.

SS City of Augusta, Burg, Savannah, Nov. 20, with mdse. and passengers to the Ocean Steamship Company.

SS Minnehaha, (Br.,) Robinson, London, Nov. 14, with mdse. and passengers to the Atlantic Transport Line. Arrived at the Bar at 11:14 A. M.

SS El Sido, Boyd, Galveston, Nov. 17, with mdse. to the Southern Pacific Company.

SS City of Philadelphia, Hastings, Baltimore, with mdse. to H. C. Foster.

SS Hindoo, (Br.,) Kerr, Hull, England, Nov. 4, with coke, to Sanderson & Son. Passed in at Sandy Hook at 12:05 A. M., 24th.

SS Bovic, (Br.,) Kerr, Liverpool Nov. 12, with mdse. to the White Star Line. Arrived at the Bar at 8:34 P. M.

WIND.—At Sandy Hook, N. J., at 9:30 P. M., southwest, fresh breeze; cloudy.

Sailed.

SS British Princess, (Br.,) for Antwerp.

SS Snyg, (Nor.,) for Cuba.

SS Monroe, for Norfolk and Newport News.

SS Algonquin, for Charleston and Jacksonville.

SS Goldsboro, for Philadelphia.

By Cable.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—SS Kaiser Wilhelm II., (Ger.,) Capt. Hogemann, from New York for Cherbourg and Bremen, arr. at Plymouth at noon to-day and proceeded.

SS Koronia, (Br.,) Capt. Carmichael, from Demerara for New York, sld. from St. Croix yesterday.

SS Housatonic, (Br.,) Capt. Harvey, from New York for Antwerp, passed Prawle Point yesterday.

SS Columbia, (Br.,) Capt. Baxter, from New York, arr. at Glasgow yesterday.

SS Mongolian, (Br.,) Capt. Stirrett, from New York, arr. at Glasgow yesterday.

SS Shimdes, (Br.,) Capt. Chaplin, from Yokohama, &c., for New York, arr. at Suez yesterday.

SS Siberian, (Br.,) Capt. Outram, for New York, sld. from Glasgow Nov. 21.

SS Excelsior, (Br.,) Capt. Courtin, from Rotterdam for New York, sld. from Shields Nov. 21.

SS Cuba, (Br.,) for New York, sld. from Hull Nov. 21.

SS Wells City, (Br.,) Capt. Carey, for New York, sld. from Swansea Nov. 21.

SS Rhein, (Ger.,) Capt. Rott, from Bremen for New York, passed Dover Nov. 21.

SS British Empire, (Br.,) Capt. Riddle, from Antwerp for New York, passed Isle of Wight yesterday.

SS Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, (Ger.,) Capt. Jansen, from New York for ——, passed Isle of Wight to-day.

SS Dona Maria, (Port.,) Capt. Rocha, from New York and New Bedford via Fayal, arr. at Oporto Nov. 21.

SS Arkansas, (Dan.,) Capt. Petersen, from New York via Christiansia, arr. at Copenhagen Nov. 20.

SS Manual Calvo, (Span.,) Capt. Castella, from New York, arr. at Barcelona Nov. 20.

SS Fort Stephens, (Br.,) Capt. Gray, from New York via St. Vincent, C. V. I., Fremantle, &c., arr. at Sydney, N. S. W.,

THE FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks irregularly higher.

Call money firm, 4½@7½ per cent.

There was something in yesterday's market to please the tastes of all, except possibly those difficult people who prefer to feel the ground firm beneath the feet, rather than to find it firm and soft in spots, and unreliable whether firm or soft. Steel preferred and Southern Pacific may be cited as cases of unreliable strength. There are excellent reasons for expecting Southern Pacific to sell higher on value some day, but when a non-dividend payer is advanced to the head of the trading list, only those who are in the know can afford to trade in it. The time is past to buy anything with confidence simply because the price is higher for two or three days together. Such markets have an uncomfortable way of disappearing without notice when efforts are made to sell. The advance in Steel preferred must be interpreted by the course of other securities reflective of the iron and steel trade. The Steel Trust can sell its products cheaper than any of its rivals, but its capitalization gives its securities no advantage on the price sheet. When pig iron producers like Republic, and pig iron consumers like Pressed Steel Car, are as weak as yesterday there are indications of trade conditions unfavorable to advancing prices of their competitors. The stories about Republic needing to borrow are unnecessary to explain its fall of about one-quarter of its selling price within a few days. Its Birmingham mill is reputed the best in the South, but it is closed for lack of orders with such indefiniteness that hundreds of its workpeople have left the district. Under such conditions it would seem that "working capital" would be secured better by suspension of dividends than by incurring fresh fixed charges, in the Steel Trust manner. The rise in Nashville and Chattanooga is more reasonable. In the early nineties it was a steady dividend payer, and it has had a substantial surplus without dividing it for now several years. A declaration of a dividend is a matter of policy, and the strength of the chief owner, Louisville and Nashville, would seem suggestive to those who put two and two together. None of the specialties acted better than the tractions. The reports about them are not very specific, but their business is at a juncture produced by conditions beyond any market manipulation, and which at any time may take a highly profitable turn. The completion of the Williamsburg Bridge, with its possibilities of public convenience necessitating arrangements beneficial to the railways at each end, is not matter which Wall Street speculators can hasten or defer by their quotations, and as yet the price changes hardly appear to have discounted a flood of traffic as certain to happen as a gush of water when a dam is broken. It will be seen that there were more and wider price changes than for a long time, on a rather marked absence of news or even rumors, and with a continuance of abstention from business by outsiders. The week opened with some loss of activity in the stock market, but the bond market continues to gain business. Steel 5 per cents are still the busiest bond, large business being done at changes of an ⅛, with the closing price, 69¾, above the lowest and below the opening.

Interest is large in the money market, which is decidedly sensitive. With frequent alterations in quotations, and with distinction between borrowers and collateral by even the same institution. Foreign exchange was weaker, which is the more surprising because domestic exchange also favors this centre. If the supply of funds is small at the moment, there is every indication that it cannot continue so, and if reasonable stringency should appear after all, it could only be for a period so short and for reasons so good that it would not unsettle confidence as it might if speculation were active and the market at a higher range. Exchange must strengthen before it can be inferred plausibly that the Panama business is exerting any influence; on a falling exchange market the stories answer themselves. Disbursement of money is a thing which cannot be undone, and it is safe to say that it will be done more cautiously than strenuously. But however it is done, and whenever it is done, the effect will be like taking money from a safe deposit vault and putting it into circulation. In other words, money cannot be more useless to commerce than when "covered into" our Treasury. There may be degrees of benefit in the manner in which it is taken out, but it would require great ingenuity to take it out in a manner prejudicial to interests which benefit by having money more or less in reach rather than by having it kept out of reach. In the present state of foreign balances gold disbursed in Paris would be more accessible to our market than when subject to Secretary Shaw's signature in Washington, and Secretary Shaw is a pretty good disburser, too.

***

Net changes in stocks of one-half of 1 per cent. or more were:

Stocks Advanced.

American Ice	½	Mo., K. & T. pf.	¾
Am. Ice pf.	2½	Missouri Pacific	½
Am. Snuff pf.	1½	Nash., C. & St. L.	1
At., T. & S. F.	½	Nat. Lead	1½
Balt. & Ohio	1	Nat. Lead pf.	1
Brklyn R. T.	1	Nat. R. of M. pf.	½
Can. Pacific	½	N. Y. Air Brake	2½
Ches. & Ohio	½	N. Y. Central	½
Chi. Gt. West.	¼	N. Y. C. & St. L.	½
Chi. G. W. pf. B	1½	Penn. R. R.	½
Chi., M. & St. P.	½	People's Gas	½
Chi., Term. Tr. pf.	1	Reading	½
Consol. Gas	1	Rock Island	½
Den. & Rio Grande	½	Southern Pacific	2½
Erie	½	Tol. Rys. & L.	½
Erie 1st pf.	½	Tol. St. L. & W. pf.	1
Hocking Valley	½	Twin City	1
Knick. Ice pf.	2	Union Pacific	½
Lake Erie & W.	½	U. S. Realty pf.	1½
Louis. & Nash.	1½	U. S. Steel pf.	1
Manhattan	1	Wabash	½
Met. Securities	4½	Wabash pf.	2
Met. Street Ry.	1½	Westinghouse	1½
M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	2	Wis. Central	½
		W. Un. Central pf.	½

Stocks Declined.

Am. Malting pf.	½	North American	1
Am. Steel Fdy. pf.	½	Pressed S. Car	1¼
C., M. & St. P. pf.	½	Pressed S. C. pf.	½
C. & N. W. pf.	4½	Reading 1st pf.	½
Chi. Union Traction	½	Rep. Steel	½
Col. Fuel & Iron	½	Rep. Steel pf.	2
Con. Tobacco pf.	1½	Rubber Goods pf.	½
Corn Products	½	Sloss-Sheffield	½
General Electric	1½	Va.-Car Chem.	1
Iowa Central	½		

***

Net changes in bond quotations of 1 per cent. or more were:

Bonds Advanced.

B'klyn Un. El. 1st	1	N. Y., S. & W. 5s	5
Gran. Bay dab. B	1¼	Pac. of Mo. 2d 5s	½
Lake Shore 3½s	1	St. J. & G. I. 1st	2

Bonds Declined.

B. & O. conv. 4s	5½	D. & R. G. gen. 5s	1
Buff., R. & P. gen. 5s	3	Rio G. W. col. tr. 4s	2½

STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

	Shares.
Nov. 23	453,941
To date this year	143,690,768
Corresponding date last year	170,268,795

BOND TRANSACTIONS.

Nov. 23	$2,550,500
To date this year	3610,883,050
Corresponding date last year	3623,022,550

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Procter & Gamble Co. common stock.

SPECIAL MEETING.

Long Island Railroad.

ANNUAL MEETING.

West End Street Railway.

WALL STREET TOPICS.

Except in the first and the last hours yesterday's session of the stock market was a very quiet one. Prices, however, were almost without exception strong, and the few issues which did decline, one or two of them severely, had apparently no sympathetic influence upon the rest of the list. Under the lead of Southern Pacific and United States Steel preferred practically all of the railroad stocks and some of the industrials advanced readily, and at the close the market displayed numerous advances of a point or more. The way in which the market disregarded the decline of 7 points in Republic Steel preferred was the subject of considerable comment, and was viewed as a favorable indication. At the same time, the day failed to develop any considerable demand from outside sources and the market was still so much in the hands of traders that it afforded little encouragement to those who have been expecting higher prices as a result of increased public buying. The fact of higher prices is, of course, a matter of congratulation, but it would be far more satisfactory were it evident that demand from the outside had more to do with the advance than a bidding-up process by traders.

***

Unaffected by Advance in Money.—About as little attention was given by the market to the advance in call money rates in the afternoon as was paid by the list in general to the weakness of one or two of the industrials. Call rates rose to 7½ per cent., and there were rumors of general marking up of loans by some of the largest of the banks, though subsequent information considerably modified this report. But the upward movement in money rates to within half a point of the highest point touched this season had so little influence upon prices that in most instances they closed at practically the highest of the day.

***

Southern Pacific.—Nothing new was advanced yesterday in explanation of the continued rise in Southern Pacific, which outdid its record of last week, and closing at 46¾, the highest price of the day, showed a net gain of 2¾ points. Trading in the stock amounted to 86,500 shares, being exceeded in activity only by United States Steel preferred. If appearances were not at fault, the action of the stock was due almost entirely to the same manipulation which brought it into prominence last week. The Street is crediting Mr. Keene with the stock's activity, but it does not appear to what extent others are helping in the movement. Buyers have shown so much shyness of late that something more than the market showing which has thus far been made by Southern Pacific would seem to be necessary in order to induce outside purchases in sufficient volume to make the manipulation of the stock very profitable.

***

United States Steel.—The strength of United States Steel preferred probably did as much as anything else to bring about the general advance in the market. The stock was depressed early in the day, but rallied so easily that sentiment was favorably affected by the stock's action. From 80¾ the price advanced to 82¼. The final sale was only an eighth below this price, the net gain for the day being 1 point.

***

Louisville & Nashville showed a net gain of 1½ points on trading in 5,000 shares, the specific ground for the advance, apart from the general strength of the market being a rumor that the dividend on the stock is to be increased from the present rate of five per cent. to six per cent. In connection with this report it was said that one of the company's subsidiary lines, the Nashville and Chattanooga, was to inaugurate dividends upon its stock, and incidentally this issue on transactions considerably less than 1,000 shares, advanced 10 points, to 105. It was argued that the Nashville and Chattanooga's dividend would considerably increase the available funds in the Louisville and Nashville treasury, permitting it to make a larger disbursement upon its stock, and incidentally benefiting the Atlantic Coast Line, which holds a controlling interest in Louisville and Nashville.

***

Tractions.—Metropolitan Street Railway and the rest of the traction stocks were prominent in the day's market, and all of them closed with substantial net gains. This apparently was according to programme, for early in the day the Street heard that the tractions were to be taken in hand by their friends and put up. Brooklyn Rapid Transit, the most active issue of the group, its total being 15,095 shares, showed a net gain of a full point, and the same advance was made by Manhattan Elevated. Metropolitan Street Railway sold from 114 up to 116¾, and Metropolitan Securities closed 4¾ points above the final sale of last week.

Offer New City Bonds.

Harvey Fisk & Sons and Parson, Leach & Co. offer to investors a new loan of $2,000,000 New York City 3½ per cent. tax exempt gold bonds, principal due 1968. The firms report an active demand caused by the near approach of tax day. Reports must be made to the Commissioners shortly after Jan. 1. It is understood that this is the last sale the city will make until after the new year.

Calumet and Hecla Dividend.

The Calumet and Hecla Mining Company yesterday declared a dividend of $10 a share, which amounts to 40 per cent. on the capital stock of $2,500,000, which has a par value of $25 a share. For the last quarter a similar dividend was declared, and the total for the current year has amounted to $35 a share, or 140 per cent. on the capital stock. The grand total of dividends paid by the company, including this last quarter, is $38,350,000.

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 23.—The local stock market was not very animated, with little more than 10,000 shares changing hands, but there was considerable activity in bonds. The Schuylkill River East Side 5s were particularly active, it being the last day for making deposits for exchange into the new 4s, and the price advanced to 113.

Arbitrage dealings in Reading, Pennsylvania, and the United States Steel stocks contributed the bulk of the transfers in stocks, and prices generally were firmer in sympathy with the higher level established in New York.

Consolidated Lake Superior shares were stagnant, despite the report that more than 50 per cent. of the stockholders have approved the reorganization plan. Total sales, 10,507 shares.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
55	American Rys.	41¾	41¾	41¾
10	American Cement	6¾	6¾	6¾
100	Lehigh Nav.	65½	65½	65½
25	Bergner & Engel pf.	56	56	56
342	Cambria Steel	17¾	17¼	17¾
20	Con. Lake Superior pf.	19	19	19
100	Con. Traction, N. J.	91	91	91
25	Electric Storage Battery	46	46	46
100	Fairmount Park Trans.	19	19	19
10	Lehigh Valley R. R.	59	59	59
150	Northern Central R. R.	94½	94½	94½
1,235	Pennsylvania R. R.	57 8-16	56 11-16	57
4	Pennsylvania Salt	106	106	106
146	Philadelphia Traction	95	95	95
150	Philadelphia Electric	5 15-16	5¾	5¾
10	Philadelphia Co.	36	36	36
2,400	Reading	30 5-16	30½	30¾
50	Reading 1st pf.	38	37¾	38
100	Republic Iron & Steel pf.	69¾	69¾	69¾
10	United Gas Imp.	78¾	78¾	78¾
132	Union Traction	43½	43¼	43¾
1,846	U. S. Steel	11¼	10¾	11¼
2,565	U. S. Steel pf.	82¾	80¾	82¾
5	United Trac. Phila. pf.	90	90	90

THE MONEY MARKETS AND EXCHANGE.

Coincidentally with an advance in call money rates to 7½ per cent. the price of demand sterling exchange declined from 4.8430 to 4.8380, and the market closed as practically the lowest of the day. The weakening of exchange was said to be almost entirely due to the advance in the money market, the offerings of cotton bills although still large not being in sufficient volume to have broken the exchange market had the money market been easier. Reports which had been current for some days that sterling exchange was being accumulated in anticipation of the Panama Canal payment were repeated yesterday, but in well-informed quarters were said to be entirely unfounded. Bankers who may be expected to take a prominent part in the transaction stated yesterday that all their advices were to the effect that the matter is one that will not come up until next Spring, and that it will have absolutely no bearing upon the money market between now and the close of the year. In similar quarters the statement that exchange is being accumulated in anticipation of the $40,000,000 payment is unhesitatingly pronounced as untrue.

As far as the outlook in the money market is concerned, the opinion is expressed that apart from slight flurries such as have already occurred twice within a week the market will not be disturbed. The situation seems to be one that offers no ground for anxiety, for unless rates go considerably above any thus far recorded borrowers will have little cause for complaint. This, however, does not mean that there will be any abundance of money before the beginning of the coming year. Rates are firm as it is, and any extensive market speculation would almost necessarily disturb rates uncomfortably.

Statements were published in the Street yesterday to the effect that the National City Bank had marked up its loans to 6 per cent. As the case it was said that the rates only partially true; some loans had been marked up to 6, but others were being carried at rates as low as 4½ per cent., although the opinion was expressed that for new business 6 per cent. would be a fair rate.

GENERAL BUSINESS ITEMS.

Receipts of grain, all kinds, at Chicago during the past week, according to dispatches from that city, amounted to 4,994,000 bushels, a decrease of 1,124,613 bushels from the previous week, but were 812,231 bushels more than the same week a year ago.

It is reported from Panama that an additional thirty miles of the Pan-American Railway has been opened, making 120 miles ready for operation and leaving only about 100 miles yet to be built.

Advices state that final figures of the shipments of iron ore from the head of the lakes are that 14,556,000 tons have gone forward from Minnesota and 24,000,000 tons from the entire lake regions. Last year's shipments were 15,730,000 tons from Minnesota and 27,571,000 for the whole lake front.

According to Chicago dispatches, receipts of all live stock last week were 72,366 more than the previous week, and 6,821 more than last year, the aggregate being 390,455.

A dispatch from Austin, Texas, says that an English syndicate has purchased the California mines situated in the San Dimas district of Mexico.

It is reported that the United States Steel Corporation will convert the sheet steel mill at South Sharon into a tin mill.

According to Whatcom (Washington) dispatches the shingle manufacturers of Whatcom County, which produce more than 25 per cent. of the shingle output of the country, are considering a proposition from the State shingle men's association to form a combination of all the mills in the State.

Sixty shares of Bank of Commerce stock sold yesterday on the Stock Exchange at 195 and 25 shares at 196.

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 23.—Business was dull in stocks, and changes in prices were not important. Amalgamated held up well, and Copper Range did not move far in either direction. Dominion Coal was weak on a few transactions. Trading in the cheaper coppers was very light.

Completo transactions follow:

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,561	*Atchison	65¼	64¾	65¼
151	Atchison pf.	96¼	95¾	96¼
2	Boston Elevated	141	141	141
1	Boston & Albany	248	248	248
9	Boston & Maine	177	177	177
1	Chi., B. & Q.	125	125	125
10	Massachusetts Electric	17¾	17¼	17¾
21	N. Y., N. H. & H.	196	196	196
47	Old Colony	200	200	200
750	Union Pacific	73	72¾	73
50	West End	90	90	90
25	West End pf.	110	110	110

TELEPHONES.

283	American	125¾	125¼	125¾
1	New England	121	121	121

MISCELLANEOUS.

10	American Ice pf.	27¾	27¾	27¾
160	American Pneu. Serv.	3½	3½	3½
110	American Pneu. Serv. pf.	14½	14	14½
1,095	American Sugar	117	117	117¾
	American Sugar pf.	130½	130½	130½
31	American Woolen pf.	67¾	67	67
241	Dominion Iron & Steel	9¾	9¾	9¾
200	Massachusetts Gas	33¾	33¾	33¾
225	*Massachusetts Gas pf.	77¾	77¾	77¾
20	Pullman	218	218	218
50	Swift & Co.	103½	103½	103½
27	United Fruit	96	96	96
25	United Shoe Machine	45¾	45¼	45¾
155	United Shoe Machine pf.	30¼	30	30¼
700	U. S. Steel	11	10¾	11
2,092	U. S. Steel pf.	82¼	80½	82

MINING.

1,216	*Amalgamated	39¾	38¾	39
100	Atlantic	7¼	7¼	7¼
100	Bingham	21¾	21¾	21¾
150	Consolidated Mercur	90c.	90c.	90c.
2,275	Copper Range	43¾	43¼	43
91	Daly-West	20	19½	19½
445	Dominion Coal	72¼	70¾	71¾
10	Franklin	7¼	7¼	7¼
200	Granby	4¾	4¼	4¾
300	Guanajuato	70c.	70c.	70c.
10	Isle Royale	6	6	6
110	Michigan	6¾	6¾	6¾
50	Mohawk	36½	36½	36½
250	Old Dominion	25¾	25¼	25¾
20	Osceola	58	55¾	56
75	Phoenix	2½	2½	2½
300	Shannon	8¼	8¼	8¼
230	United Copper	43¾	43¼	43¾
200	United States	19¼	19	19¼
100	Utah	27¾	27¼	27¾
10	U. S. Coal & Oil	6	6	6
50	Victoria	2¾	2¾	2¾
20	Winona	7	7	7
50	Wolverine	67	67	67

British Columbia, 2½ bid, 3 asked.
*Ex-dividend.

BOSTON BANK STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 23.—The weekly statement of the Associated National Banks of Boston follows:

	Nov. 21.	Inc. for Week.
Loans	$181,008,000	*$4,634,000
Circulation	6,589,000	132,000
Deposits	187,449,000	*4,772,000
Due banks	58,158,000	*1,816,000
U. S. deposits	6,419,000	2,000
Due from banks	28,454,000	*128,000
Exchanges	12,320,000	*1,484,000
Due from others	18,328,000	27,000
Five per cent. fund	320,250	6,000
Legals	5,606,000	228,000
Specie	14,861,000	380,000
Reserve excess	1,189,871	568,897
New York excess	9,146,071	580,857

*Decrease.

The money market remains quiet and firm.

Call loans, 5@6 per cent. Time loans on collateral, 5@6 per cent.; time loans on mercantile paper, 6@6½ per cent.; Clearing House loans, 5 per cent. New York funds at par. Clearings, $17,123,107. Balances, $1,214,515.

The foreign exchange market is steady. Actual rates follow:

	Sight.	60 Days.
Cables	4.85	
Sterling	4.84½	4.80⅞
Commercial		4.79⅝
Francs	5.18¾	5.21¼
Reichsmarks	94⅛	94¾
Guilders	40⅛	40

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 23.—To-day's Stock Exchange transactions:

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
125	Crucible Steel	39¾	39¼	39¾
190	U. S. Steel	11⅞	10⅞	11
450	U. S. Steel pf.	81¾	81¼	81¾
180	Mfrs. Light & Heat	28	28½	28
580	Pittsburg Coal	15¾	15¼	15¾
10	Pittsburg Coal pf.	90¼	90¼	90¼
155	Pittsburg Brewing	24¾	24¾	24¾
10	Pittsburg Brewing pf.	43½	43½	43½
425	West Kentucky	25¾	24¾	25¼
10	River Coal pf.	37	37	37
100	Nat. Fire Proof	6½	6½	6½

BONDS.

$18,000	Pittsburg Brewing	110	..	..

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on stock collateral loaned at 4½@7½ per cent., with the last loan at 6 per cent. The majority of the day's loans were made at 4½ per cent.

Time money rates, 5@6½ per cent. for sixty to ninety days and 5@5½ per cent. for four, five, and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 6 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 6 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 6@6½ per cent. for others.

New York Clearing House exchanges were $17,8,743,804; balances, $5,279,829; United States Sub-Treasury debit balance, $495,532.

Money on call in London, 2@2½ per cent.; short bills, 3 15-16 per cent.; three months' bills, 3 15-16@4 per cent.

Foreign exchange was weak. Nominal rates were $4.81 for sixty days and $4.84½ for demand. Rates for actual business closed as follows: Sixty days, $4.80¾@$4.8090; demand, $4.8390@$4.8410; cables, $4.84⅝. Commercial bills were $4.79¾@$4.80¾.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: France, 5.22½ less 1-16 and 5.20 less 1-32; reichsmarks, 94 1-16@94¼ and 94⅝@94 11-16; guilders, 39⅝@39 15-16 and 40⅛.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston—Par. Chicago—10c premium. New Orleans—Commercial, $1.25 discount; bank, par. Savannah—Buying, 5c discount; selling, 75c premium. Charleston—Buying, 1-16 discount; selling, 1-16 premium. San Francisco—Sight, par; telegraphic, 2½c.

THE LONDON MARKET.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—Money was in good demand in the market to-day. Discounts were firm owing to the expectation of further exports of gold.

The tone on the Stock Exchange was generally firm in sympathy with the buoyancy of Kafirs, the result of encouraging details concerning the conclusions arrived at by the South African Labor Commission. The bears were anxious to cover, but little stock was obtainable. Business was restricted pending the settlement. Consols were higher. Home rails were cheerful. Americans opened dull on the unsatisfactory New York bank statement on Saturday. Subsequently they recovered, mostly to above parity; became inactive, weakened later, and closed irregular. Grand Trunk was strong.

Closing prices: Consols for money, 88 13-16; consols for account, 88⅝; Anaconda, 3⅝; Atchison, 67; Atchison preferred, 92¾; Baltimore and Ohio, 77⅛; Canadian Pacific, 122⅝; Chesapeake and Ohio, 31; Chicago Great Western, 15⅝; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, 142⅜; De Beers, 20½; Denver and Rio Grande, 20¼; Denver and Rio Grande preferred, 69⅜; Erie, 27⅜; Erie first preferred, 68⅝; Erie second preferred, 50½; Illinois Central, 133½; Louisville and Nashville, 105; Missouri, Kansas and Texas, 17⅜; New York Central, 121; Norfolk and Western, 57½; Norfolk and Western preferred, 80; Ontario and Western, 21¾; Pennsylvania, 58⅝; Rand Mines, 9⅛; Reading, 20⅝; Reading second preferred, 29½; Southern Railway, 18⅝; Southern Railway preferred, 78; Southern Pacific, 46¼; Union Pacific, 74⅜; Union Pacific preferred, 89; United States Steel, 11¼; United States Steel preferred, 82⅛; Wabash, 19¼; Wabash preferred, 35⅞.

Bar silver quiet at 29¾d per ounce.

Money, 3@3½ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3@3 1-16 per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for three months' bills is 3 15-16@4 per cent.

Bullion amounting to £100,000 was withdrawn from the Bank of England to-day for shipment to Egypt.

Gold, 77s 11d. American eagles, 76s. 6d.

Gold premiums are quoted as follows: Madrid, 33.00; Lisbon, 24.50.

In Continental Centres.

PARIS, Nov. 23.—Business on the Bourse to-day was very irregular. Internationals were mostly weak. Gold mines were firm. Rio Tintos recovered considerably after weakening on American advices, eventually losing two points.

Three per cent. rentes, 97f 92½c for the account. Exchange on London, 25f 18½c for checks.

BERLIN, Nov. 23.—Trading in the foreign departments was very light on the Boerse to-day, owing to the telegraph lines being in trouble on account of the storm. Local business was quiet and prices were firm.

Exchange on London 20 marks, 45 pfennigs for checks. Discount rates: Short bills, 3 per cent.; three months' bills, 3½ per cent.

CHICAGO QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 23.—New York exchange was 10 cents premium to-day. Time and call loans, 5@6 per cent. Locally speculation was stagnant.

The odd transaction of the morning was the sale of City Railway stock at 170, in the face of the strike and the mass meeting for municipal ownership.

Biscuit preferred sold at 90. Title and Trust was weak below 89, and Can shares were easy.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
200	American Can	3¾	3½	3¾
800	American Can pf.	30½	29¾	30½
50	Chicago City Ry.	170	170	170
75	Chicago Pneu. Tool	23½	22½	23½
110	Chicago Title & Trust	90	86½	89
100	Chicago Union Traction	6½	6¼	6½
25	National Biscuit	35	35	35
10	National Biscuit pf.	90½	90	90½
100	National Carbon pf.	103¾	103¾	103¾
5	United Box Board	3¼	3¼	3¼
25	United Box Board pf.	21¾	21¾	21¾

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 23.—The market was dull and featureless. The trading amounted to $30,000 of bonds and 430 shares of stock. Seaboard 4s lost a fraction, but the common stock held its position of Saturday. International Mercantile Marine preferred advanced somewhat on a sale of 100 shares.

Transactions were:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
300	Seaboard Ry. common	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝
10	Atl. Coast Line com.	107	107	107
10	Northern Central	85	85	85
10	U. S. Cotton Duck com.	2½	2½	2½
100	Int. Mer. Marine pf.	20	20	20

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Seaboard Ry. 10-yr. 5s	73	73	73
5,000	United Rys. & Elec. inc.	59	59	59
5,000	United Rys. & Elec. 4s	90¾	90¾	90¾
5,000	Cotton Duck 5s	67	67	67
1,000	G. B. S. Brewing 1st	45	45	45½
1,000	Atl. Coast Line con. 4s	92¾	92¾	92¾
600	Atl. Coast Line 4s ctfs.	90	90	90
1,000	Consolidated Gas 5s	110¼	110¼	110¼
2,000	Col. & Greenville 1st	117	117	117
1,000	Pitts. Union Trac. 5s	111	111	111

TREASURY BALANCES.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—To-day's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the Division of Redemption, shows:

Available cash balance	$218,911,785
Gold	114,550,636
Silver	9,708,411
United States notes	2,926,869
Treasury notes of 1890	60,434
National banknotes	3,161,701
Total receipts this day	2,772,380
Total receipts this month	33,910,487
Total receipts this year	234,987,776
Total expenditures this day	1,220,000
Total expenditures this month	38,040,000
Total expenditures this year	227,758,017
Deposits in National banks	175,117,559

The condition of the Treasury, Divisions of Issue and Redemption, at the beginning of business to-day was as follows:

RESERVE FUND.

Gold coin and bullion	$150,000,000

TRUST FUNDS, DIVISION OF REDEMPTION.

Gold coin and bullion	$440,452,869
Silver dollars	473,098,000
Silver dollars of 1890	3,282,402
Silver bullion of 1890	12,877,884
Total	$930,051,869

DIVISION OF ISSUE.

Gold certificates outstanding	$440,452,869
Silver certificates outstanding	473,098,000
Treasury notes outstanding	16,839,000
Total	$930,051,869

GENERAL FUND.

Gold coin and bullion	$76,262,240
Gold certificates	26,207,200
Silver coin and bullion	2,944,989
Silver certificates	6,758,422
United States notes	2,926,000
Other assets	16,906,883
Total in Treasury	$144,091,649
Deposits in National banks	176,117,559
Total	$319,209,207
Current liabilities	100,297,422
Available cash balance	$218,911,784

OUTSIDE SECURITIES.

In comparison with the opening of last week's market in outside securities there was a decided decrease yesterday in the number of issues traded in, and little activity was shown in any part of the list. Changes for the day were about evenly divided between advances and declines, all of which were fractional except the 2-point drop in United Copper. No interest was shown in the bond list, only a few Brooklyn Rapid Transit new 4s selling. The activity and strength displayed the past week in American Can on rumors of a dividend on the preferred stock to be paid in January were entirely lacking yesterday, and only the common was traded in. Some slight improvement was shown in the trading in Greene Consolidated Copper, which rose to 14 after selling as low as 13⅝. Until late in the day there were no transactions in Northern Securities, but then 30 sold at an advance of ⅛ at 88.

***

INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT, which during the past week sold as high as 90⅝, yesterday sold at 88½. The first sale was at 90, and after declining to 88½, it closed unchanged at 90.

***

UNITED COPPER sold off to 12, a new low record for the year. The previous record was 2 points higher, at 14. Very little support is being given to United Copper, so that it has been constantly declining of late to new low levels.

***

SCHUYLKILL RIVER AND EAST SIDE 5s.—Out of a total issue of $4,500,000 Schuylkill River and East Side 5s, about $4,000,000 have been exchanged for the new first mortgage 4 per cent. bonds. The unexchanged balance of the 4 per cent. bonds has been largely oversubscribed.

***

CUBAN 6s OF 1896, which have been steadily advancing recently, took a rapid rise yesterday. Without any sales being recorded, the bonds were bid up to 42¾, with no offerings below 46. The last reported open sale was last week at 37½. The arrangements being made to have the Republic of Cuba pay the back coupons, interest on which has been accruing since 1898, are said to be the cause of the rise.

***

The principal transactions in 100-share lots reported in the outside market yesterday, with high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
300	Am. Can	3¾	3½	3¾
200	Bay State Gas	5¾	5¾	5¾
100	Cotton Oil & Fibre pf.	6¾	6¾	6¾
100	Gold, Hill Copper	1-32	7-32	7-32
1,300	Greene Con. Copper	14	13⅝	14
441	Interborough Rap. Tr.	90½	88½	90
205	Inter. Mer. Marine pf.	19	19	19
275	Manhattan Transit	1⅛	1¼	1¼
800	Montreal & Boston Cop.	¾	¾	¾
305	Northern Securities	89	87½	88
100	Seaboard Air Line	14¾	14¾	14¾
11	Standard Oil	601	601	601
100	Tennessee Copper	20½	20½	20½
300	Tonopah Mining	7	6¾	6¾
1,000	Union Copper	¾	¾	¾
100	United Copper	12	12	12
100	White Knob Copper	9	9	9

Bonds.

$5,000	†Brook. R. Tr. new 4s	76⅛	76	76⅛

*Less than 100 shares. †Sell flat.

***

QUOTATIONS—INACTIVE ISSUES.

Closing quotations of stocks compare as follows with the closing prices of Saturday:

Industrial and Miscellaneous.

	Nov. 23. Bid.	Asked.	Nov. 21. Bid.	Asked.
American Banknote	46	48½	46	48½
American Can	3½	3¾	3½	3¾
American Can pf.	29¾	30¾	30	30¾
American Chicle	98	102	95	102
American Chicle pf.	75	82	74	82
American Dr. Power	..	5	1	5
American Malting	94	100	96	99
American Motive Power	¼	1	¼	1
American Surety	100	105	100	105

TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Monday, Nov. 23, 1903.

Sales.	Bonds.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Amal. Copper 4s	76¾	76¾	76¾	76¾
50,000	Am. C. & F. 5s	104	104	104	104
1,000	Am. Ice 6s	87	87	87	87
1,000	Am. Ice pf	77	77	77	77
2,000	Am. Locomotive 6s	113½	113½	113½	113½
20,000	Am. Smelting 5s	93¾	94	93¾	94
2,000	Am. Sugar 5s	113¾	113¾	113¾	113¾
9,000	A., T. & S. F. 4s	93	93½	93	93½
4,000	Balt. & Ohio 4s	103¾	103¾	103¾	103¾
1,000	Brooklyn Un. G. 5s	108	108	108	108
500	Ches. & Ohio 5s	109½	109½	109½	109½
10,000	Chi. & Alton 5s	111	111	111	111
10,000	Chi., G. W. 5s	104½	104½	104½	104½
7,000	C., M. & St. P. 5s	119¾	119¾	119¾	119¾
30,000	Col. Fuel & Iron 5s	88	88	88	88
1,000	Erie 4s pf	49	49	49	49
70,000	Ill. Central 4s	103	103	102¾	102¾
1,000	Lousv. & Nash. 6s	113½	113½	113½	113½
1,000	Met. Street 5s	113½	113½	113½	113½
5,000	Mex. Central 4s	69	69	69	69
60,000	Mo., K. & T. 2d 4s	70	70½	70	70½
5,000	Mo., K. & T. Texas 4s	72	72	72	72
1,000	N. Y. & R. G. 4s	94	94	94	94
5,000	N. Y. Cent. & H. R. gen. 3½s	99½	99½	99½	99½
10,000	N. Y. & Harlem 3½s	99½	99½	99½	99½
1,000	N. Y. & Put. 1st 6s	118½	118½	118½	118½
1,000	N. Y. Susq. & W. 2d 6s	100	100	100	100
1,000	Nor. & West. Gen. 6s	120½	120½	120½	120½
2,000	Northern Pac. 3s	72	72	72	72
3,000	Ore. R. & N. con. 5s	106	106	106	106
2,000	Ore. Short Line 1st 6s	132	132	132	132
10,000	Penn. conv. 3½s	93¾	93¾	93¾	93¾
11,000	Reading gen. 4s	93	93	93	93
1,000	Rio Grande W. 1st 4s	89½	89½	89½	89½
10,000	St. L. & S. F. gen. 6s	120	120	120	120
5,000	St. L. & S. F. R. R. ref. 4s	104	104	104	104
3,000	St. L. & S. F. 2d 6s	87	87	87	87
5,000	St. L. & San F. R. R. refunding 4s	91	91	91	91
1,000	St. L. & San F. R. R. refunding 6s	120½	120½	120½	120½
1,000	St. L. Southw. con. 4s	72	72	72	72
8,000	Southern Ry. 5s	99	99	98¾	98¾
2,000	Texas & Pac. 1st 5s	117¾	117¾	117¾	117¾
10,000	Union Pac. 4s	104½	104½	104½	104½
1,000	Union Pac. conv. 4s	94¼	94¼	94¼	94¼
7,000	Va. Cent. 6s	94	94	94	94
2,000	Wabash 1st 5s	107	107	107	107
1,000	Wabash Deb. B	58	58	58	58
5,000	Wis. Cent. 4s	75¾	75¾	75¾	75¾
1,000	Wis. Cent. pf	95	95	95	95

$21,000.

CHANGE IN SUGAR PRICES.

Notice was posted by the American Sugar Refining Company and E. F. Howell & Co. yesterday morning of a change of selling basis for refined sugars. The prices posted were $4.55 for granulated in barrels and other grades on the same relative basis, net less 1 per cent. cash seven days and 5 cents per 100 pounds from invoice. No other discounts will be allowed.

The effect of the change in basis is to remove the discounts and allowances heretofore in vogue, as for instance the 10 cents per 100 pounds given Saturday, but the net price of sugar is left unchanged. In explanation of the change it was said that the system of allowances resulted in confusion. With it goes the further rule of the refiners of not delivering to the customers of jobbers direct lots of less than twenty-five barrels; and the jobbers will be advised to take care of the smaller amounts themselves in future.

BULLION AND MINING.

Bar silver was quoted in the London market at 28¾d per ounce and in New York at 56c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 45½c.

On the Consolidated Exchange 200 shares of Consolidated California and Virginia sold at .05, 30 Daly at 1.15, 500 Isabella at .09, 200 Little Chief at .08, 200 Mexican at .04@.05, 300 Moulton at .15, 100 Ophir at 1.20, 500 Pharmacist at .02, 200 Potosi at .11, 100 Small Hopes at .20, and 500 Syndicate at .04.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 23.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day and Saturday were as follows:

	Monday.	Saturday.
Alta	.01	.01
Alpha Consolidated	.04	.04
Andes	.14	.15
Belcher	.15	.15
Best & Belcher	1.25	1.30
Bullion	.07	.07
Caledonia	.56	.61
Challenge Consolidated	.15	.16
Chollar	.10	.11
Confidence	.79	.84
Consolidated Cal. & Va.	.99	.99
Consolidated Imperial	.02	.02
Crown Point	.13	.13
Gould & Curry	.10	.10
Hale & Norcross	.55	.60
Julia	.06	.06
Justice	.13	.10
Kentucky Consolidated	.03	.04
Ophir Washington Consolidated	.94	.96
Mexican	.30	.34
Occidental Consolidated	.80	.84
Ophir	1.30	1.30
Overman	.12	.10
Potosi	.10	.10
Savage	.13	.13
Sag Belcher	.06	.06
Sierra Nevada	.27	.27
Syndicate	.04	.04
St. Louis	.11	.11
Union Consolidated	.34	.35
Utah Consolidated	.11	.11
Yellow Jacket	.31	.30
Silver bars	.56¾	.56¾
Mexican dollars	46@47½	46@47½
Drafts, sight	Par.	Par.
Telegraph	.02½	.02½

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., Nov. 23.—Gardner & Co. report closing quotations for to-day and Saturday as follows:

	Monday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.
Acacia	5	6	5	6
American	1½	1¾	1½	1¾
Anaconda	9¾	11¼	9¾	11¼
Blue Bell	5	6¼	5	6¼
C., C. & L.	18	19½	20	22
C. C. Consolidated	2½	3½	2½	3½
Coriolanus	1	1¾	1	1¾
C., L. & M.	1	1¾	1	1¾
Dante	1	2	1	2
Doctor Jackpot	5	6¼	4	6¼
Elkton	40¾	42	40¾	41¾
El Paso	45	50	48	50
Gold Dollar	2¾	3¼	2¾	3¼
Golden Cycle	58	60	56	60
Golden Fleece	4	6	4	6
Gold Bond	1	2	1	2
Gold Sovereign	2¾	3	2¾	3
Isabella	6	6¾	6½	6¾
Jackpot	3	6	3	5
Keystone	2	2¾	1½	2¾
Last Dollar	40	45	40	45
Lexington	3½	4¼	3½	4¼
Little Puck	1¾	2	1¾	2
Little Bessie	2	3½	2	2½
Mollie Gibson	5	6	5	6
Mary Cashen	1	1¾	1	1¾
Moon Anchor	9	11	9	11
New Haven	2	2¾	2	2½
Old Gold	9½	9¾	9½	9¾
Pharmacist	2½	3½	2½	3½
Portland	100	110	100	110
Rose Maud	1¾	2	1¾	2
Rose Nicol	3½	4	3½	4
Sunset Eclipse	1¾	2	1¾	1¾
Vindicator	80	85	80	85
Work	3½	4¼	3½	4¼

FINANCIAL.

THE TEXAS & PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.

TO THE HOLDERS OF
First Mortgage Eastern Division Bonds
OF THE
Texas and Pacific Railway Co.,
DATED MAY 15TH, 1875.

The holders of the following Texas & Pacific Railway Company, First Mortgage Eastern Division bonds secured by mortgage, dated the 15th day of May, A. D. 1875, are hereby notified to present them to the Mercantile Trust Company, No. 120 Broadway, New York City, for payment at par value, the same having been designated by lot for redemption, in accordance with the terms of the Sinking Fund of the said Mortgage:

This holders of the bonds so designated can present the same for redemption at the par value thereof any time before, and up to the date of the next interest payment, March 1st, 1904, after which interest on the same will cease.

14	670	1225	1834	2426	3004	3656
57	694	1254	1870	2447	3009	3664
72	706	1288	1889	2577	3050	3684
74	734	1318	1895	2579	3093	3694
82	749	1330	1978	2582	3097	3703
118	774	1353	1749	2662	3107	3709
144	780	1394	1836	2682	3138	3788
158	770	1383	1910	2694	3172	3816
205	772	1408	1921	2706	3232	3826
208	784	1456	1974	2731	3244	3837
277	807	1464	2004	2737	3265	3847
405	3000	1468	2159	2813	3284	3860
512	1010	1470	2180	2814	3304	3866
552	1042	1471	2177	2867	3317	4080
553	1049	1477	2211	2907	3417	4086
601	1053	1478	2228	2963	3474	4115
593	1114	1529	2231	2965	3519	4135
608	1156	1548	2270	2977	3553	4147
631	1172	1560	2414	2980	3611	4184

GEORGE D. KRUMBHAAR, C. E. SATTERLEE, } Trustees.
New York, October 1st, 1903.

THE CERTIFIED AUDIT CORPORATION
of New York
Certified Public Accountants and Auditors
FOR
Appraisals, Examinations, Audits, Reports,
170 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Telephone 6047 Cortlandt.

The United States Leather Company.
To the Preferred Stockholders:

Pursuant to the powers and rights given this Committee by Article XIV. of the Agreement, dated May 20, 1903, between Assenting Preferred Stockholders of The United States Leather Company, the Morton Trust Company of New York, and the Preferred Stockholders Committee of The United States Leather Company, notice is hereby given that the time for the assignment of stock thereunder has been extended to and including the first day of January, 1904.

GEORGE FOSTER PEABODY,
A. P. DAVIDGE,
EUGENE HORTON,
GEORGE A. VAIL,
THEODORE R. HOYT,
NATHAN ALLEN,
FRANK HEALY,
Committee.

E. D. MURPHY,
Inactive Securities,
81 Wall St., N. Y. Telephone 3629 Broad.
American Ax? & Loc Co. Stock,
American Bank Note Co. Stock,
Coahuila & Pacific R. R. Bonds.

DIVIDENDS.

THE PEOPLE'S GAS LIGHT AND COKE CO. (of Chicago.)

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. has been declared on the Capital Stock of this Company, payable to the Stockholders on November 25th, 1903.

The transfer books will close in New York on November 14 at 12 M., and will reopen November 27th at 10 A. M.

L. A. WILEY, Secretary.

HAVANA TOBACCO COMPANY.

Five Per Cent. Twenty-Year Bonds.

New York City, November 23, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that the next maturing interest coupons, due December 1st, 1903, on the above-mentioned bonds, will on that date be paid upon presentation of coupons by holders to Morton Trust Company, No. 38 Nassau Street, New York City. H. D. KINGSBURY, Treasurer.

LOST AND FOUND.

Taken by mistake from express wagon at West 104th St. and Columbus Av.: a canvas gross suit case containing papers of no value except to owner; suitable reward if returned, and no questions asked. MacKlonger's Express, 234 6th Av.

Lost.—Bank Book No. 111,822, issued by Franklin Savings Bank to Delia Heath. Finder please return to the bank.

Lost—Bank Book No. 65,100, issued by the Franklin Savings Bank to Bell V. Sidwell. Finder please return to bank.

FINANCIAL.

BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES.

Phenix National Bank
49 Wall Street.

Washington Trust Company
Stewart Building, 280 Broadway.

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

C. E. GOODMAN & CO.
2 Wall St., New York
Investment Securities
Bank Stocks a Specialty

SIMON BORG & CO.,
BANKERS.
No. 20 Nassau St., New York.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

E. CLARENCE JONES & CO.,
BANKERS.
New York, 1 Nassau St. Members N. Y. & Phila. Stock Exchanges. Philadelphia, 112 So. 4th St.
Investment Securities.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 63 WALL ST.
Issue international cheques, commercial and traveller's credits available in all parts of the world.

FINANCIAL.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON
OFFICE 55 WILLIAM STREET,
CORNER OF PINE ST.,
WEDNESDAY, NOV. 25TH,
at 12:30 o'clock, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, 163 Broadway.

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
$10,000 Michigan & Lake Superior Powder Co. 1st 5s, 1940.
200 shs. Consolidated Lake Superior Co. Pfd., 1st assessment paid.
600 shs. Consolidated Lake Superior Co. common, 1st assessment paid.
$5,000 Danbury & Harlem Traction Co. 1st 5s, 1931.
50 shs. Metropolitan Trust Co.
50 shs. Natl. Bank of Commerce.
$5,000 Passaic Steel Co. 1st 5 p. c. Bds.
$10,000 American Ice Co. 6 p. c. Sig. Fund Col. Bds.
50 shs. Mechanics' Natl. Bank.
50 shs. Title Insurance Co. of N. Y.
10 shs. Natl. Bank of Commerce.
$61,000 The Detroit & Toledo Shore Line R. R. Co. 1st 4s, 1953, Principal and Interest Guar. by Grand Trunk, Western R'way & Pol. St. Louis & Western R. R.
100 shs. Union Typewriter Co. common.
20 shs. Northern Natl. Bank.
1,250 shs. N. Y. & Honduras Rosario Mining Co.
$4,000 Havanatraw Light & Fuel Gas Co. Genl. Mtge., 1942.
85 shs. Phenix Insurance Co. of B'klyn.
65 shs. Ramapo Water Co.
25 shs. Lawyers' Mtge. Ins. Co.
100 shs. United States Steel Corpn. common.
$4,000 Westchester Traction Co. 1st Mtg. 5 p. c. Bds., 1962.
2,500 shs. United Gold & Platinum Mines Co. com.
100 shs. United Gold & Platinum Mines Co. pfd.
$40,000 Cross Country R'way Co. 4 p. c. Bds.
10 shs. Hamilton Trust Co.
20 shs. American Chicle Co. pfd.
25 shs. Empire State Surety Co.
$15,000 Brooklyn Ferry Co. of N. Y. 1st Cons. 5s, 1948.
15 shs. North American Trust Co.
10 shs. Natl. Bank of Commerce.
65 shs. Union Ferry Co.
100 shs. Philippine Transportation & Construction Co.
10 shs. American Wood Working Machinery Co.
$21,000 Union Pacific R. R. 1st lien Convt. 4s, 1911.
$20,000 Metropolitan St. Ry. Coll. 5s, 1907.
$10,000 St. Louis & San Francisco R. R. Refdg. 1951.
$5,000 Consolidated Tobacco 4s, 1951.
$15,000 Union Pacific R. R. 1st 4s, 1947.
100 shs. Anaconda Copper Co.
100 shs. Illinois Central R. R.
100 shs. American Locomotive Co. common.
100 shs. Detroit Southern R. R. common.
100 shs. Detroit Southern R. R. pfd.
100 shs. St. Joe & Grand Island R. R. 1st pfd.
100 shs. St. Joe & Grand Island R. R. 2d pfd.
100 shs. St. Louis & So. Western R. R. common.
100 shs. United States Realty Co. common.
100 shs. Chicago Union Traction Co. common.
30 shs. St. Joe & Grand Island R. R. common.
30 shs. Southern Ry. common.
400 shs. Century Mercantile Co. 6 p. c. non-cum. pfd.
100 shs. United Copper Co. pfd.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

BANK OF THE MANHATTAN COMPANY,
Chartered 1799.
New York, Oct. 23, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that an election for twelve Directors of the Manhattan Company will be held at their banking house, No. 40 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the first day of December next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.

By order of the Directors.

D. H. PIERSON, Cashier.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Metropolitan Securities Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 32 Liberty Street, New York City, on Wednesday, December 9th, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of five Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

The transfer books of the Company will be closed November 28th, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon, and will be reopened December 10th, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon. E. W. SAYRE, Secretary.

New York, November 17th, 1903.

New York, November 17th, 1903.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the International Ocean Telegraph Company will be held at the Executive Office of the Company, Room No. 60, No. 195 Broadway, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the first day of December, 1903, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

A. R. BREWER, Secretary.

New York, Nov. 23, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of A. G. Hyde & Sons will be held at the office of the company, No. 903 Broadway, New York City, on the 8th day of December, 1903, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing five Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

A. F. DARGUE, Secretary.

The Germania Life Insurance Company.

The annual election of Directors of The Germania Life Insurance Company will be held at the principal office of the Company, No. 39 Nassau Street, in the City of New York, on Wednesday, the 9th day of December, 1903, from 12 M. to 1 P. M. CARL HEYE, Secretary.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, APPELLATE DIVISION, First Judicial Department.—In the matter of the application of the BOARD OF RAPID TRANSIT RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS for the City of New York for the appointment of three Commissioners to determine and report whether a railroad or railroads for the conveyance and transportation of persons and property ought to be constructed and operated.—Modification of Park Avenue section:

Public notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 4 of the Laws of 1891 as amended, the undersigned Board of Rapid Transit Railroad Commissioners for the City of New York will apply to the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a term thereof to be held at the Appellate Division Court House, at Madison Avenue and Twenty-fifth Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the eleventh day of December, 1903, at one o'clock in the afternoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for the appointment of three Commissioners in the above-entitled matter to determine and report, after due hearing, whether a railroad or railroads in the said city for the conveyance and transportation of persons and property ought to be constructed and operated. The paper upon which the aforesaid application will be made are the petition of the said Board of Rapid Transit Railroad Commissioners, dated October 29, 1903, the affidavits and other papers accompanying the same, all of which were filed in the office of the Clerk of the said Appellate Division on or about the 5th day of November, 1903, and in addition, such other papers as shall be presented to the said Court by the said Board.

A description of the route and general plan of construction of the said railroad or railroads formed a part of the papers filed as aforesaid in the Appellate Division. Following is a brief and substantial synopsis of the said route in the Borough of Manhattan:

From Thirty-third Street to Forty-second Street under Park Avenue.

The object of the aforesaid application is to obtain the appointment of Commissioners who shall determine, after public hearing of all parties interested, whether such railroad or railroads ought to be constructed and operated, and shall report the evidence taken to the Appellate Division aforesaid, together with a report of their determination, which report if in favor of the construction and operation of such railroad or railroads (as this Board will ask that it shall be) shall, when confirmed by said Court, be binding upon the owners of the property along the line of said railroad or railroads.

Dated New York, November 12, 1903.

BOARD OF RAPID TRANSIT RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

(Signed) A. E. ORR, President.
(Signed) SION L. BURROWS, Secretary.

FINANCIAL. | FINANCIAL.

NEW LOAN
$2,000,000
New York City
3½% Gold Bonds
TAX EXEMPT
NOVEMBER 1, 1953.
Price and particulars on application.

Harvey Fisk & Sons, 31 NASSAU ST., NEW YORK.
Farson, Leach & Co., 35 NASSAU ST., NEW YORK.

THE TRUST CO. OF AMERICA,
149 Broadway, New York.
(NORTHWEST CORNER LIBERTY STREET.)

Capital $2,500,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits $3,214,621.93

Allows Interest on Daily Balances subject to check and on Certificates of Deposit.

Acts as Trustee, Receiver, Committee, Executor, Guardian, Administrator, Assignee, Registrar, Transfer and Fiscal Agent.

OFFICERS:

ASHBEL P. FITCH, President. WILLIAM HARBOUR, V.-Pres.
WILLIAM H. LEUFF, V.-Pres. H. I. MANNING, V.-Pres.
RAYMOND J. CHATRY, Sec'y. ALBERT L. BANISTER, Treas.

DIRECTORS:

Abbot P. Fitch,	James M. Donald,	James Campbell,	George Blumenthal,
William Barbour,	Jesse Spalding,	H. H. Rogers,	Frank J. Gould,
H. I. Manning,	George Crocker,	Jas. R. Plaut,	William A. Clark,
Samuel A. Maxwell,	Edward C. Schmidt,	George C. Boldt,	John W. Griggs,
Myron T. Herrick,	H. C. T. Dodd,	C. I. Hudson,	Edwin Gould.
Thomas McMillin.	Joel F. Freeman.	Philip Lehman,	

EMPIRE STATE TRUST CO
Capital and Surplus, $1,000,000.
84 WALL ST., NEW YORK CITY.
Issues certificates of deposit bearing interest at special rates.
Le Roy W. Baldwin, Pres. Duncan D. Parish, V. Pres.
L. M. Gough, Treasurer. C. E. Bruce, Secretary.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE HOUSES

W. E. Woodend & Co.,
Bankers & Brokers,
MEMBERS CON. STOCK EXCHANGE.
Broad Exchange Bldg., 25 Broad St.
City Branches: 28 West 33rd St., Hotel Endicott, 401 West 81st St., 413 Broadway, Temple Bar Bldg., Brooklyn.
Issues Daily Market Letter and Weekly Review.

FLOYD, CRAWFORD & CO.,
25 BROAD ST., N. Y.
Members: New York Cons. Stock Exchange. Chicago Board of Trade. Milwaukee Chamber of Commerce.
STOCKS, BONDS, AND GRAIN.
Branch Offices: 5th Ave., West 34th St. 230 Grand St., Bowery Bank Bldg. 256 Fulton St., Brklyn.

BROOKLYN BANKS.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.
Nov. 17, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Loans and investments	$4,375,926.42
Due from banks and bankers	48,226.27
Clearing House exchanges	207,157.68
Cash and reserve	1,192,789.80
Total	$5,824,100.17

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$300,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits	582,866.99
Deposits	4,940,889.18
Unpaid dividends	244.00
Total	$5,824,100.17

OFFICERS.
J. G. JENKINS, President.
W. A. FIELD, Cashier.
I. HAMBURGER, Asst. Cashier.

PENNSYLVANIA BANKS.

THE PEOPLES NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Nov. 17th, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Loans and investments	$9,290,456.06
Overdrafts	1,365.33
United States bonds to secure circulation	1,000,000.00
United States bonds to secure United States deposits	750,000.00
Banking house	200,000.00
Other real estate	102,000.00
Exchanges for Clearing House	198,446.54
Due from banks and reserve agents	1,345,356.64
Cash	1,007,424.51
	$13,999,578.08

LIABILITIES.

Capital	1,000,000.00
Surplus	1,000,000.00
Undivided profits	405,396.70
Circulation	1,000,000.00
Deposits	10,593,981.38
	$13,999,578.08

ROBT. WARDROP, President.
D. E. PARK, Vice President.
HERVEY SCHUMACHER, Cashier.
W. DWIGHT BELL, Asst. Cash. and Secty.
FRANK L. BOGGS, Second Assistant Cashier.

NEBRASKA BANKS.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF OMAHA, NEB.
United States Depository.
Nov. 17, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Time loans	$3,526,477.52
Banking house	125,000.00
United States bonds to secure circulation	200,000.00
Due from banks and United States Treasurer	983,454.41
United States bonds	213,325.00
Other bonds	329,241.01
Call loans	245,274.90
Cash	2,323,122.41
	$8,041,895.55

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$500,000.00
Surplus	100,000.00
Undivided profits	197,829.55
Circulation	200,000.00
Deposits	7,044,066.00
	$8,041,895.55

HERMAN KOUNTZE, President.
T. A. CREIGHTON, Vice Pres't.
F. H. DAVIS, Cashier.
C. T. KOUNTZE, Asst. Cashier.
L. L. KOUNTZE, Asst. Cashier.

NEW JERSEY BANKS.

[No. 1,186.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
First National Bank of Morristown,
at Morristown, in the State of New Jersey, at the close of business Nov. 17, 1903:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$1,407,072.59
Overdrafts unsecured		397.18
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		25,000.00
Stocks, securities, &c.		484,630.05
Banking house		70,000.00
Due from National banks (not reserve agents)		21,522.32
Due from State banks and bankers		96,170.25
Due from approved reserve agents		187,462.55
Checks and other cash items		3,152.98
Notes of other National banks		7,000.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents		348.73
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$55,347.60	
Legal-tender notes	53,814.00	
		109,161.60
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)		1,250.00
Total		$2,420,672.55

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$100,000.00
Surplus fund	100,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	140,790.72
National banknotes outstanding	23,150.00
Due to other National banks	25,000.71
Due to State banks and bankers	11,210.48
Individual deposits subject to check	62,025,580.16
Certified checks	5,631.48
	2,030,511.64
Total	$2,420,672.55

State of New Jersey, County of Morris, ss.:

I, D. H. VAN DOHEN, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. D. H. VAN DOHEN, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 21st day of November, 1903.

EDWARD K. MILLS, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
THEO. F. KING,
RUDOLPH H. KISSEL,
ALBERT H. VERNAM,
} Directors.

UNION NATIONAL BANK
OF NEWARK, N. J.,
Tuesday, Nov. 17, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$7,082,920.02
Real estate	300,000.00
United States bonds	210,000.00
Other bonds and stocks	358,569.04
Due from banks	396,608.58
Cash and reserve	1,917,145.93
Total	$10,864,938.57

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$1,500,000.00
Surplus fund	1,500,000.00
Undivided profits	279,024.89
National bank notes outstanding	200,000.00
Deposits	6,966,593.89
Due to banks	416,720.29
Total	$10,864,938.57

OFFICERS.
WILLIAM SCHEERER, President.
LESLIE D. WARD, Vice President.
UZAL H. McCARTER, Vice President.
ARCHIBALD W. CONKLIN, Cashier.
ALBERT HARFELL, Assistant Cashier.
ERWIN D. FARNSWORTH, Asst. Cashier.

National Newark Banking Co.,
NEWARK, N. J.
Nov. 17, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Loans and investments	$5,582,784.30
Due from banks and bankers	350,965.47
Real estate	155,057.99
Cash and reserve	1,345,096.84
Total	$7,433,804.60

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$1,000,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits	1,062,463.54
Deposits, individuals and banks	5,321,341.26
Circulation	50,000.00
Total	$7,433,804.60

OFFICERS:
E. S. CAMPBELL, President.
D. H. MERRITT, Vice President.
A. H. BALDWIN, Second Vice Pres.
H. W. TUNIS, Cashier.

THE PATERSON NATIONAL BANK,
PATERSON, N. J.,
Close of Business Nov. 17, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Loans and investments	$2,010,321.74	
From other banks	30,136.95	
Treasurer U. S. redemption fund	5,000.00	
Cash and reserve	459,279.05	$2,504,336.74

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$200,000.00
Surplus and profits	305,936.97
Circulation	100,000.00
Deposits	1,899,399.77
	$2,504,336.74

John W. Griggs, Pres. John S. Cooke, Vice Pres.
E. E. Halsted, Cash. D. H. Murray, Asst. Cash.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR PURCHASE OF OBSOLETE CLOTHING.—Phila. Depot, Q. M. Dept., 1423 Arch St., Phila., Pa., Nov. 23, 1903.—Sealed proposals in triplicate will be received here until 11 o'clock A. M. Monday, December 21, 1903, for the purchase at sale or all of 51,072 Cork Helmets and 8,378 pairs Arctic Overshoes, more or less. Representative samples of the articles can be examined at Schuylkill Arsenal. Government reserves the right to reject or accept any or all proposals or any part thereof. A GUARANTEE in 10 per cent. of the value of the articles bid for must accompany all proposals. UNGUARANTEED BIDS will not be considered. Blanks for proposals will be furnished upon application to this office. Envelopes containing proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for purchase of Clothing," and addressed to COL. J. M. MARSHALL, Asst. Q. M. General, U. S. A., Depot Quartermaster.

REPORTS OF NATIONAL BANKS.

[No. 38.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF
THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
at New York City, in the State of New York, at the close of business November 17th, 1903:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$62,495,072.67
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		221.12
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		8,704,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		400,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand		104,240.00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		21,344.07
Stocks, securities, &c.		27,946,310.73
Banking house		1,000,000.00
State and municipal bonds to secure U. S. deposits		3,050,000.00
Due from National banks (not reserve agents)	$1,234,836.86	
Due from State banks and bankers	85,285.89	
Checks and other cash items	691,473.25	
Exchanges for Clearing House	6,406,879.90	
Notes of other National banks	5,866.00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	139.73	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	11,510,587.00	
Legal-tender notes	1,418,000.00	
		20,852,449.07
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation)		435,200.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer, other than 5% redemption fund		23,139.74
Total		$105,452,906.06

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$10,000,000.00
Surplus fund	10,000,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	5,501,884.01
National banknotes outstanding	8,641,597.50
Due to other National banks	225,404,149.65
Due to State banks and bankers	1,067,443.16
Due to trust companies and savings banks	8,365,905.21
Dividends unpaid	1,370.00
Individual deposits subject to check	25,347,992.22
Demand certificates of deposit	2,257.27
Certified checks	1,792,900.51
Cashier's checks outstanding	1,067,358.60
United States deposits	2,078,000.00
U. S. bonds borrowed	3,624,000.00
State and municipal bonds borrowed	3,050,000.00
Total	$105,452,906.06

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, GEO.

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD.

Property Bought for Large Building Operation on West 116th Street—The Day's Dealings by Brokers and at Auction.

Details will be found in another column relative to the proposed reconveyance of the Trinity Building, at 111 Broadway, by the Equitable Life Assurance Society, to the United States Realty and Construction Company.

Lefer & Berinser have sold for John D. Crimmins and Thomas F. Ryan the plot of nine lots, 225 by 100, on the south side of One Hundred and Sixteenth Street, between Fifth and Lenox Avenues. The buyers are Lederer & Block, builders, who will erect high class apartment houses on the property.

Sale of West 125th Street Flats.

Charles Griffith Moses & Brother have sold for Samuel L. Lederer the three five-story triple flats, with stores, 440, 442, and 444 West One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street, each 25 by 90 by 100.11.

Max Marx has purchased, through William A. White & Sons, from Henry D. Sedgwick, 2,208 Seventh Avenue, 23 feet north of One Hundred and Thirty-third Street, a five-story flat, with stores, 25 by 75.

Mr. Marx has also purchased from William Mayn the five-story triple flat, with stores, 2,918 Eighth Avenue, 75 feet north of One Hundred and Fifty-fourth Street; also, from Frank Thompson, 502 to 508 West One Hundred and Forty-fifth Street, 86 feet west of Amsterdam Avenue, four five-story flats, each 29 by 100.

R. C. Vanderbilt a Buyer.

Reginald C. Vanderbilt appeared in yesterday's official records as a buyer of Washington Heights property. He took title from John H. Mouse to the vacant block front on the north side of Two Hundred and Eleventh Street, between Broadway and Amsterdam Avenue, which Alfred G. Vanderbilt is a member of a syndicate which made large purchases on Washington Heights something over a years ago.

West End Avenue Deal.

Leopold Hutter has bought from Benjamin Wertheimer & Co. the five-story flat, with stores, 103 West End Avenue, 25 by 80.

Third Avenue Corner in a Trade.

John D. Beals transferred yesterday to Harry C. Hart the six-story elevator apartment house at the northwest corner of Third Avenue and Eighty-first Street, 52 by 95. Mr. Hart gives in part payment the five-story business building 224 Canal Street, running through to 43 Lispenard Street, 25.8 by 101.1 by 25.1 by 94.8. It is reported that the former property figured in the deal to about $140,000, and the latter at about $70,000.

First Avenue Corners Change Hands.

Samuel Greenstein has bought from Charles Weinstein the northeast corner of First Avenue and Eighty-eighth Street, a plot 75.6 by 86, upon which two six-story tenements, with stores, will be erected.

Simon Adler has bought from Leonard Weil 856 and 858 First Avenue, northeast corner of Forty-eighth Street, two five-story flats on plot 50.3 by 75.

Upper East side Dealings.

Edward J. Welling, Jr., as broker, has sold to Louis Lese 131 East One Hundred and Ninth Street, a three-story dwelling 20 by 160. Mr. Lese is also the buyer of 66 East One Hundred and Fourteenth Street, a five-story flat, 23.4 by 100.11, sold by Cornelius W. H. Elting, and of 221 East One Hundred and Eleventh Street, a four-story tenement 25 by 100.11.

Joseph Murray has bought 133 East Eighty-seventh Street, a two-story brick dwelling 16.5 by 100.8.

Christopher Byrnes has sold to Martin Kempner the two five-story flats 72 and 74 East One Hundred and Third Street, 50 by 100.11. Minnie Berger is the buyer of the two adjoining houses, Nos. 68 and 70, the sale of which was recently reported.

Leopold Hutter has resold the three-story dwelling 435 East Seventy-eighth Street, 16.8 x 102.2, which he bought at auction recently for $8,400.

A 3½ Per Cent. Mortgage.

The property 9 Beaver Street, northwest corner of New Street, 30 by 110.6, the sale of which was reported several months ago, was conveyed yesterday by Robert M. Ireland to J. Walter McClymonds, as executor, for a nominal consideration. Mr. Ireland takes back a purchase money mortgage for $225,000, due Nov. 1, 1908, and bearing 3½ per cent. interest.

Lower East Side Sales.

Solomon Kaplan has sold for Lowenfeld & Prager to a Mr. Grossman, for improvement, 157 and 159 Suffolk Street, 50 by 100. The price is reported at $48,500.

S. Steingut & Co. have sold 415 East Sixth Street, a four-story dwelling, 21.10 by 90.10, to Alfred Engel.

Buyers for Morris Avenue Houses.

Clement H. Smith has sold for Herman Himecke 2,060 Morris Avenue, a two-and-a-half-story brick dwelling, 25 by 100, to a Mr. Tyler; also, the similar adjoining house, No. 2,062, to a Mr. Lynch.

Lease of Fifth Avenue Dwelling.

The McVickar Realty Trust Company has leased for Mrs. Susan G. Main to Joseph W. Ogden the dwelling 666 Fifth Avenue.

White & Phipps have leased for Mrs. E. S. Knapp of Babylon, L. I., 19 West Thirty-seventh Street, a four-story dwelling, furnished, to Rudolph H. Kissel of Morristown, N. J., for the season.

There were no sales at auction scheduled yesterday at 161 Broadway.

To-day's Auction Sales.

The following sales at auction are down for to-day at 161 Broadway:

By Herbert A. Sherman, sale to close an estate, 149 Spring Street, north side, 75 feet west of Wooster Street, 25 by 100, eight-story business building.

By Herbert A. Sherman, foreclosure sale, Charles S. Simpkins, trustee, 133 and 137 East Fifty-seventh Street, northwest corner of Lexington Avenue, 40 by 60.2, five-story brick flat with store. Due on judgment, $56,954.

By Richard V. Harnett & Co., public auction sale, 347, East Eighty-third Street, north side, 116.8 feet west of First Avenue, 16.8 by 102.2, three-story brownstone-front dwelling.

By Richard V. Harnett & Co., executors' sale, 46 Cornelia Street, south side, 100 feet south of One Hundred and Forty-fourth Street, 20 by 100, three-story brick and stone dwelling.

By Bryan L. Kennelly, foreclosure sale, Charles Simonds, referee, 504 East One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Street, north side, 100 feet west of Amsterdam Avenue, 50 by 100, six-story brick tenement; 508 and 509 West One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Street, north side, 150 feet west of Amsterdam Avenue, adjoining the foregoing, 50 by 100, six-story brick tenement. Due on judgment, on each, $70,186.

By Bryan L. Kennelly, foreclosure sale, G. A. Litthauer, referee, Elmwood Park, southwest corner of Adee Park, 27.4 by 101. Due on judgment, $2,512.

By Bryan L. Kennelly, partition sale, Wilbur Larremore, referee, 432 West Nineteenth Street, south side, 375 feet east of Tenth Avenue, 50 by 92, four-story brick building.

By Herbert A. Sherman, foreclosure sale, Eugene V. Somerby, referee, 1,454 and 1,456 Lexington Avenue, west side, 38.11 feet south of Ninety-fourth Street, 36.9 and 16.7, respectively, by 75, two-four-story stone-front tenements. Due on judgment, on each, $11,683.

By Joseph P. Day, foreclosure sale, C. Wentworth, referee, Lincoln Avenue, northeast corner of One Hundred and Thirty-sixth Street, 100 by 100, vacant. Due on judgment, on each parcel, $26,000.

By Joseph P. Day, foreclosure sale, C. Wentworth, referee, 321 East One Hundred and Thirty-fourth Street, north side, 116.6 feet east of St. Ann's Avenue, 16.8 by 100, three-story brick dwelling. Due on judgment, $6,561.

By Joseph P. Day, foreclosure sale, Charles L. Guy, referee, 321 West One Hundred and Forty-first Street, north side, 414 feet east of Broadway, 16 by 99.11, four-story brick dwelling. Due on judgment, $13,810.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures and Alterations.

No. 218 East Eleventh Street, for a six-story brick tenement with stores 25 by 84.10; Rothfeld & Ruppert of 234 Grand Street, owners; Bordstein & Bernstein of 72 Trinity Place, architects; cost, $25,000.

Cortona Park South, junction of Prospect Avenue, for a four-story brick tenement, 61.9 by 80; Margaret Street, Boston Road and Prospect Avenue, owners; A. J. Weidenbaum, Jerome and Burnside Avenues, architect; cost, $30,000.

Alterations.

Nos. 366 to 372 West One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Street, to four four-story brick flats, 25 by 60; W. M. Moran of 1,988 Madison Avenue, owner; Webster & Moran of 302 West One Hundred and Forty-third Street, architects; cost, $1,200.

Grand and Norfolk Streets, northwest corner, to a six-story brick tenement with stores; W. Borcschek of 49 East Fifty-sixth Street, owner; Bernstein & Bernstein, architects; cost, $800.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Monday, Nov. 23.

ALBANY ROAD, e s, 140 ft s of 231st St, 140x115x101.8x134.8; Albany Road, n e corner of 231st St, 72.8x56.8x58.9x140. Lots 109, 110, 113, 114, and 23, Map 1,067, at King's Bridge; Jacob Schrady and others, executors and trustees, to John Schrady $6,500

ALBANY ROAD, e s, 140 ft s of 231st St, 140x115x101.8x134.8; Albany Road, n e corner of 231st St, 73.8x56.8x58.9x140. Lots 109, 110, 113, 114, and 23, Map 1,067, at King's Bridge; George F. Shrady and others to John Schrady; quitclaim ..... Nom.

ALBANY ROAD, e s, 140 ft s of 231st St, 140x115x101.8x134.8; Albany Road, n e corner of 231st St, 73.8x56.8x58.9x100. Lots 109, 110, 113, 114, and 23, Map 1,067, at King's Bridge; Archibald M. Shrady and others to John Schrady,

REAL ESTATE.

Holds 100 to 150 ft. of line. Reel folds up quickly and can be taken in to keep line clean. Fits any slope of roof. Can't blow down. Ask landlord to provide one. Write for Catalog R.

HILL DRYER CO., 373 Broadway, City, or Worcester, Mass.

The Lawyers' Title Insurance Company of New York

37 Liberty St., Manhattan,
38 Court St., Brooklyn.

Examines and insures titles
Makes searches
Lends money on bond and mortgage
Sells real estate mortgages
Furnishes appraisements of real estate
Furnishes surveys and engineering data
Furnishes tax assessment and water rate bills

CAPITAL and SURPLUS $8,000,000

MONEY FOR BUILDING AND PERMANENT LOANS. MANHATTAN AND BRONX. JOHN SIMPSON, 349 BROADWAY.

APARTMENTS TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

NORTHEAST CORNER 44TH ST. & MADISON AVE.

MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE. ONE SUITE, 3 ROOMS AND BATH. Steam and Electric Service. Also light office on ground floor, suitable for Dentist, Dentist, Broker, or light business. BARDS, 341 MADISON AV.

The BRAENDER,

CENTRAL PARK WEST, SOUTHWEST CORNER 102D ST. Most Attractive Apartment Houses. Suites 5 to 12 rooms, with 1 to 3 baths; modern appointments; rents, $600 to $2,200. Furnished Apartments if desired; rents from $1,500 upwards. SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES. Telephone Call, 3455 Riverside.

2 AND 3 ROOMS

In the most conducted elevator house in Harlem. 1,867 SEVENTH AVE. DRIVE, Between 113th and 114th Streets. SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

"NORTHPORT" and "SOUTHPORT," 50 West 103d St. and 51 Manhattan Av. Six and seven large, sunny, outside rooms, hardwood trim, private telephones, hall service, steam heat, &c. One block from Park; two blocks from elevated station. Rents $48 and upwards.

BURK & CRAWFORD, 208 5th Av., or Janitor.

2,067-69 Seventh Avenue,

One door above 125th St. Eight rooms and bath; all improvements; and desirable apartments; attractive and modern style; best of hot water; gas range; resident Janitor; reasonable rent. Inquire on premises or of Horace S. Ely & Co., 21 Liberty St., and 25 West 45th St.

THE "STUYVESANT" NO. 17 LIVINGSTON PL., COR. 17TH ST.

Fronting on Stuyvesant Park; suites of six to nine rooms and bath; elevator, telephones, electric lighting, and all modern conveniences; rents, $600 to $1,200.

JOHN S. FOLSOM, No. 14 Bible House. Send for booklet.

45TH ST., 159 WEST

Adjoining Long Acre Square; six and seven rooms; all improvements; elevator and electric light; suitable bachelors or families; only $900 and $1,000 rental; central location. Inquire of Leonard Morgan, 1,541 Broadway, (45th St.)

THE "TREVYLLIAN" NO. 126-142 EAST 17TH ST.

Eight, 6, 7 and 8 rooms and bath; all-night elevator service; electric lighting, telephones, and other modern conveniences. Rents, $450 to $770.

JOHN S. FOLSOM, No. 14 Bible House.

THE NORMA,

Northwest Corner Park Ave. & 62d St. Modern corner apartments; seven large rooms and bath; light and airy; windows fronting street; all improvements; rent, $1,000 per year. Inquire on premises or of I. S. Korn, 61 Nassau St.

CLEMENT COURT.

Handsome apartments of 7 rooms, every improvement; elevator; moderate rents. Apply office, 1,440 Madison Av., 98th St.

FAIRFAX, 1,322 Madison Av., Corner 94th St.—Corner apartment, seven rooms, bath; elevator, electric light, &c. ERNEST TRIEBELHORN, 1,679 Madison Av.

"THE MILDRED," 306 East 92d St., cor. Lexington Av. Elegant 6 room bath; elevator; every improvement; rent $720.

73 Central Park West.—Single apartments of eight rooms, tiled bath, steam heat, hot water, hall service, &c.; $760. Apply on premises, or Ernest Triebelhorn, 1,679 Madison Av.

60th St., 37 and 39 East.—Single flat, steam heat, &c., $40 month; double flat, $80 month. Ernest Triebelhorn, 1,679 Madison Av.

Fillmore, 301 West 120th St.—Five rooms, bath, hot water, elevator, $42.50. Ernest Triebelhorn, 1,679 Madison Av.

A.—A.—Attractive bachelor apartments, elevator and latest improvements; furnished or unfurnished; $450. 125th West 45th.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &C.

Established 1867.
VAN TASSELL & KEARNEY'S
Auction Sales
OF HORSES AND CARRIAGES ARE HELD REGULARLY EVERY WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY
(Commencing at 10 o'clock.)
AT THEIR HORSE AUCTION MART, 150 and 152 East 13th St.
Horses, Wagons and Harness Always on Hand at Private Sale.
Consignments received every morning of each sale. Purchasers will always find a large and interesting list to select from.
Those desiring to sell can make entries at any time up to 5 P. M. the day before the sale.

At Barrette.—Elegant top buggy, pneumatic tires, rubber-tired coupe, rockaway, canopy-top family surrey, rubber-tired runabout, elegant single and double harness; sell separately. Owner, private stable, 602 West 46th St.

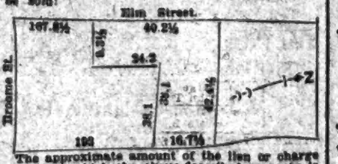
BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. In the matter of ALEXANDER C. MacNULTY, bankrupt.—No. 6418.
To the creditors of Alexander C. MacNulty, of the City, County and State of New York and of the Borough of Manhattan.
Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of November, A. D. 1903, the said Alexander C. MacNulty was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at No. 115 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 7th day of December, A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
STANLEY W. DEVER, Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, November 20th, 1903.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK.—In the matter of DAVID M. WINNER and JOHN SILVERMAN, the name "John Being Doubtful, individually and as co-partners doing business under the name of DAVID M. WINNER, bankrupt.
Pursuant to the order of Morris S. Wise, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, the trustee in bankruptcy will offer for sale at the highest bidder for cash, outstanding and unpaid accounts due to the said bankrupt estate, at the office of the trustee, No. 115 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 8th day of December, 1903, at 10 o'clock A. M.
Dated New York, November 23d, 1903.
WALTER F. WOOD, Trustee.
HARTMAN & GLEASON, Attorneys for Trustee, No. 115 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—JOSEPH GALLO, plaintiff, against MEYER GREENBERG and others, defendants.
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the thirtieth day of October, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 141 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 9th day of November, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Bryan L. Kennelly, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:
All those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, in Section 2, Block 462 on the Land Map of said city, now known by the street numbers 236 and 238 Elm Street and 14 Marion Street, which, taken together, are bounded and described as follows, to wit:
Beginning at a point in the easterly line of Elm Street, distant 107 feet 8½ inches northerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the said easterly line of Elm Street with the northerly line of Canal Street; running thence northerly along the said easterly line of Elm Street 34 feet 2 inches; thence at a right angle or nearly at a right angle with the said easterly line of Elm Street 90 feet 8½ inches; thence running southerly and parallel or nearly parallel with Elm Street 34 feet 2 inches; thence easterly again at right angles or nearly at a right angle with Elm Street and part of the distance through the centre of an old four-inch party wall standing in part on the premises No. 238 Marion Street and partly on the premises No. 14 Marion Street, 36 feet 1-inch to the westerly line of Marion Street, at a point in said westerly line of Marion Street distant 106 feet northerly from the corner formed by the intersection of said westerly line of Marion Street with the northerly line of Broome Street; thence northerly along said westerly line of Marion Street 16 feet 7½ inches; thence westerly again at a right angle or nearly at a right angle with Elm Street 42 feet 4½ inches to said easterly line of Elm Street; thence southerly along said easterly line of Elm Street 40 feet 5¼ inches to the point or place of beginning.
Dated New York, November 6th, 1903.
GEORGE EDWARD KENT, Referee.
RICHARD W. HORNER, Attorney for Plaintiff, 16 Exchange Place, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $8,314.80, with interest thereon from the 9th day of October, 1903, together with costs and allowance amounting to $296.67, with interest thereon from October 30th, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is one hundred and six 20-100 ($106.20) dollars and interest.
Dated New York, October 31st, 1903.
JAMES P. SULLIVAN, Referee.
no8stawtuThS

SURROGATE NOTICES.

HESSE, CATHARINE.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against CATHARINE HESSE, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Henry E. Frankenberg, his attorney, No. 10 Wall street, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on or before the 21st day of December, next.
Dated, New York, the 18th day of June, 1903.
JOHN JOSEPH HESSE, Administrator.
HENRY E. FRANKENBERG, Atty. for Administrator, 10 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
jel9-law6mTu

McCORMICK, JAMES M.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JAMES M. McCORMICK, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at his place of transacting business, the office of Mr. Matthew P. Doyle, No. 25 Nassau Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 26th day of February next. Dated New York, the 17th day of August, 1903.
THOMAS O'ROURKE, Administrator.
MATTHEW P. DOYLE, Attorney for Administrator, 25 Nassau Street, New York City.
au18.law6mTu

STUART, HENRY W., ALSO KNOWN AS STUART ROSSON.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HENRY W. STUART, also known as STUART ROSSON, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at her place of transacting business, the office of Leon Laski, her attorney, Nos. 12-21 Park Row, Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 30th day of November next. Dated New York, the 30th day of May, 1903. MAY HUGHES STUART, Administratrix. LEON LASKI, Attorney for Administratrix, 12-21 Park Row, Manhattan, City of New York. my26-law6mTu

FREERICHS, FRIEDRICH W., otherwise known as FREDERICK W.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against FRIEDRICH W. FREERICHS, otherwise known as FREDERICK W. FRERICHS, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, the office of Euring & Geiger, No. 200 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 24th day of May next. Dated New York, the 24th day of October, 1903. CHRISTOPHER F. FRERICHS, Executor. EURING & GEIGER, Attorneys for Executor, 200 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

STATIONS foot of West TWENTY-THIRD STREET AND DESBROSSES AND CORTLANDT STREETS.

☞The leaving time from Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets is five minutes later than that given below for Twenty-third Street Station, except where otherwise noted.

7:55 A. M. FAST MAIL.—Parlor, Sleeping, and Dining Cars. For Chicago, Indianapolis, and Louisville.

9:00 A. M. ST. LOUIS LIMITED.—Pullman Sleeping, Smoking and Observation Cars. Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis. Dining Car.

10:05 A. M. PENNSYLVANIA LIMITED.—Pullman Sleeping, Dining, Smoking, and Observation Compartment Cars. For Chicago, Cleveland, Toledo and Detroit.

1:55 P. M.—CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS EXPRESS.—For Toledo, Nashville, (via Cincinnati and Louisville) Indianapolis, Chicago, St. Louis. Dining Car.

4:55 P. M. CHICAGO LIMITED.—Pullman Sleeping, Smoking, and Observation Cars. For Chicago, Toledo, and Cleveland. Dining Car.

5:55 P. M. ST. LOUIS EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis. Dining Car. For Gary, W. Va., (via Shenandoah Valley Route).

6:05 P. M.—PACIFIC EXPRESS.—For Chicago. For Toledo, except Saturday. Dining Car.

7:25 P. M.—PACIFIC EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg and Chicago. For Knoxville, daily, (via Shenandoah Valley Route. Connects for Cleveland, except Saturday.

8:35 P. M. CLEVELAND AND CINCINNATI EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, and St. Louis.

WASHINGTON AND THE SOUTH.

7:55, 8:25, *10:25, 10:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, *10:20), *10:35 A. M., *12:15, 2:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 2:00), (2:35 "Congressional Limited," all Parlor and Dining Cars,) *3:25, *4:25, 4:55 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 5:15,) 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night daily.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.—Express, 4:25 P. M., 12:10 night daily.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.—Express 9:25 A. M. and 12:10 night daily.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.—Express, 10:45 P. M. and 12:10 night daily.

NORFOLK AND WESTERN RAILWAY.—For Roanoke, Bristol, Knoxville, Memphis and Birmingham, 9:25 A. M. daily.

CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILWAY.—7:55 A. M. week-days and 4:55 P. M. daily.

FOR OLD POINT COMFORT and NORFOLK.—7:55 A. M. week-days and 6:55 P. M. daily.

ATLANTIC CITY.—9:35 A. M., and 3:55 P. M. week-days. Sundays, 7:55 A. M. Through Sleeping, Smoking and Observation Cars. Connections at Camden with Express Trains for Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, Long Branch, Manasquan, Point Pleasant, Bay Head, Beach Haven, Sea Isle City, Ocean City, Wildwood, Cape May, Anglesea, Holly Beach, Avalon, Stone Harbor, and Cape May Court House.

For Points on New York and Long Branch Railroad. (from West Twenty-third Street Station.) 8:52 A. M., 12:10, 3:25, 4:10, and 4:55 P. M. week-days. Sundays, 9:23 A. M. and 4:55 P. M. (from Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets.) 9:00 A. M., 12:20, 3:40, 4:20, and 5:10 P. M. week-days. Sundays, 9:45 A. M., 5:00 P. M.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

6:05, 7:25, 7:55, 8:25, 8:35, 9:00 (9:35, St. Louis Limited,) 10:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, *10:20,) 10:25 (Pennsa. Limited,) *10:55, 11:25 A. M., 12:35, *1:35, 2:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 2:00), (2:35 "Congressional Limited," all Parlor and Dining Cars,) *3:25, *4:25, *4:55, (4:55, Chicago Limited for Germantown Jct. only,) *5:30, 6:55, 7:55, 9:25 P. M. (12:10 night week-days. Sundays, 6:55, 7:55, 9:25, 9:55 P. M. Night, 12:10 night.

*Dining Car.

Ticket offices: Nos. 461, 1,354, 113, and 261 Broadway; 182 Fifth Avenue (below 23d St.); 366 Fifth Avenue (corner 29th St.); 1 Astor House, and stations named above; Brooklyn, 4 Court Street; 390 Fulton Street. 390 Broadway, and Pennsylvania Station, Jersey City. The New York Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences through to destination.

Telephone "200 Eighteenth Street" for Pennsylvania Railroad Cab Service.

W. W. ATTERBURY, Gen'l Manager. J. R. WOOD, Pass'r Traffic Manager.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.
10-5-1903.

NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER R. R.

THE FOUR-TRACK TRUNK LINE.
VIA NIAGARA FALLS.

Trains arrive at and depart from Grand Central Station, 42d Street, New York, as below:
North and west bound trains, except those leaving at 8:45 A. M., 12:10 noon, 2:45 P. M., will stop at 125th Street to receive passengers ten minutes after leaving Grand Central Station.

12:10 A. M.—MIDNIGHT EXPRESS.—Due Albany 6:35 A. M., Troy 6:50 A. M.
7:54 A. M.—SYRACUSE LOCAL.—Stops at all important stations.
8:30 A. M.—EMPIRE STATE EXPRESS.—Most famous train in the world. Due Buffalo 4:40 P. M., Niagara Falls 5:35 P. M.
8:45 A. M.—FAST MAIL.—24 hours to Chicago. Due Buffalo 7:10.
10:36 A. M.—DAY EXPRESS.—Makes local stops. Due Rochester 6:10 P. M.
11:30 A. M.—LOCAL EXPRESS.—For Albany and Troy. Local stops.
12:50 P. M.—BUFFALO LIMITED.—Due Buffalo 11:00 P. M.
1:00 P. M.—SOUTHWESTERN LIMITED.—Due Cincinnati 10:30, Indianapolis 11:30 A. M., St. Louis 3:45 P. M.
1:00 P. M.—CHICAGO LIMITED.—24 hours to Chicago via Lake Shore and C. & N. W.
2:45 P. M.—"The 20th CENTURY LIMITED."—20-hour train to Chicago via Lake Shore. Electric lights and fans.
3:30 P. M.—ALBANY AND TROY EXPRESS.—Due Albany 6:40, Troy 7:05 P. M.
3:40 P. M.—ALBANY AND TROY EXPRESS.—Local stops.
4:00 P. M.—GRAND RAPIDS and CHICAGO SPECIAL.
5:30 P. M.—LAKE SHORE LIMITED.—20½ hour train to Chicago. All Pullman cars. Due Cleveland 4:45, Toledo 8:05, Chicago 11:20, Indianapolis 2:10, Chicago 4:00, St. Louis 9:45 P. M. next day.
6:00 P. M.—WESTERN EXPRESS.—39 hours to Chicago, both limited and fast.
7:00 P. M.—MONTREAL EXPRESS.—Due Albany 10:40 P. M. Rutland 2 A. M.
7:38 P. M.—ADIRONDACK AND MONTREAL EXPRESS.
8:00 P. M.—BUFFALO AND TORONTO SPECIAL.
9:15 P. M.—SPECIAL MAIL LIMITED.—Stopping for mail only. Due Albany 1:40 A. M.
9:20 P. M.—SOUTHWESTERN SPECIAL.
9:30 P. M.—PACIFIC EXPRESS.—Chicago 24 hours by M. C. 29 hours by N. Y. C.
11:30 P. M.—CHICAGO THEATRE TRAIN.—Watertown, Ogdensburg, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and St. Louis.
*Daily. †Daily, except Monday.

HARLEM DIVISION.

9:06 A. M. and 3:32 P. M. daily, ex. Sunday, to Pittsfield and North Adams: Bunkers 3:30 A. M. Pullmans run on all through trains.
Trains illuminated with Pintsch light.
Ticket offices at 107, 261, 413, and 1,216 Broadway, 125 Union Square, 366 Columbus Av., 275 West 125th Street, Grand Central and 125th St. stations. Also 338 and 726 Fulton St. and 166 Broadway, Brooklyn.
Telephone "200 28th Street" for New York Central Cab Service. Baggage checked from hotel or residence by Western Express Company.
A. H. SMITH, Gen'l Manager. GEORGE H. DANIELS, Gen'l Pass'r Agent.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS

BOSTON AND POINTS IN NEW ENGLAND

FALL RIVER LINE, via Newport and Fall River. Leave Pier 19, N. R., foot of Warren St., week days only, 9:00 P. M. Steamers PURITAN and PRISCILLA, finest Steamers in the world. Orchestra on each. STONINGTON LINE, via Stonington. Live Pier 40, N. R., foot Clarkson St., week days only at 5:00 P. M. Steamer MAINE and NEW HAMPSHIRE. NORWICH LINE, via New London. Leave Pier 40, N. R., foot Clarkson St., week days only at 5:00 P. M. Steamers CITY OF LOWELL and CITY OF WORCESTER.
NEW HAVEN LINE, for New Haven, Hartford, Springfield and the North. Leave Pier 40, N. R., foot of Clarkson St., week days only at 4:00 P. M. Steamer RICHARD PECK.
BRIDGEPORT LINE, from Pier 35, N. R., near Market St., week days only, at 5:00 P. M.

JOY LINE

PROVIDENCE, $1.50, EVERY WEEK DAY AT 5 P. M.
BOSTON, OUTSIDE LINE, DIRECT.
From Pier 28, East River. Phone 809 Orchard

PEOPLES LINE

FOR ALBANY
ADIRONDACK AND DRAKE SHORE EXCURSIONS.
Leaves Pier 24, N. R., foot Canal St., at 6 P. M. week days, connecting with trains (Sunday included) for points North, East and West. Excursion $2.00.

CENTRAL HUDSON BOATS.

For NEWBURGH, POUGHKEEPSIE and RONDOUT, from Franklin Street, daily, except Sunday, at 5 P. M.
For NEWBURGH, CRANSTON, WEST POINT, COLD SPRING and CORNWALL, week days at 5 P. M. Sundays, from Franklin St., at 9:30 A. M.; West 129th St. at 10:00 A. M.

TROY LINE. "SARATOGA" or "CITY OF TROY" leaves West 10th St. Pier daily, 5 P. M. Direct landing for Delaware and Hudson railroad connection at Troy for all points north and east. Sunday steamers direct to Albany.

Catskill, Hudson & Coxsackie Boats every week day at 6 P. M. from Pier 40 N. R.

REAL ESTATE ADVERTISING.

Real estate, house, flat and apartment announcements occupied 814,600 lines of space in THE NEW YORK TIMES during the year 1903—a gain of 75,173 lines over the previous year.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—RAILROADS.

READING SYSTEM
NEW JERSEY CENTRAL R. R.
Liberty Street and South Ferry (time from South Ferry five minutes earlier than shown below).

EASTON, BETHLEHEM, ALLENTOWN, AND MAUCH CHUNK—*4:00, (7:15 Easton only), 9:15 A. M., 1:20, 4:40, 6:06, (6:45 Easton only), P. M. Sundays, *4:25 A. M., 1:05, 5:30 P. M.

WILKESBARRE AND SCRANTON—*4:00, 9:15 A. M., 5:00 P. M. Sundays, *4:25 A. M., 5:30 P. M.

LAKEWOOD, LAKEHURST, TOMS RIVER AND BARNEGAT—*8:00, *9:40 A. M., 1:05, (3:40, 4:30, Lakewood and Lakehurst only), 5:00 P. M. Sundays, 9:40 A. M.

ATLANTIC CITY—*9:40 A. M., 12:40 P. M.

VINELAND AND BRIDGETON—*9:40 A. M., 12:40 P. M. Sundays, *9:40 A. M.

LONG BRANCH, ASBURY PARK, OCEAN GROVE, POINT PLEASANT AND SEASHORE POINTS—*8:00, 8:30, 11:30 A. M., 3:15, 4:45, 5:30, 6:30, (11:30 Asbury Park only) P. M. Sundays, except Ocean Grove, 9:00 A. M., 4:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA—(READING TERMINAL) *2:20, †7:00, †8:00, *9:00, †10:00, *11:00 A. M., *12:02, *1:00, †1:30, *2:00, *3:00, *4:00, *5:00, †6:00, †7:30, 9:00 P. M. *12:15 mdt.
30TH AND CHESTNUT STREETS—*1:25, †6:30, *10:30, *11:45 A. M., *1:00, †2:40, *5:00, †6:25 P. M. *10:20 mdt.
READING, HARRISBURG, POTTSVILLE AND WILLIAMSPORT—*4:00, 8:40, 10:00, 11:10, (10:40, 11:00 A. M., Reading only), *12:00, *1:30, 6:00 P. M. Reading, Pottsville and Harrisburg only, 4:00, 10:00 P. M.
sFrom Liberty Street only. *Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. ‡Sunday only. ‖Parlor cars only. ¶Via Tamaqua. xSaturdays.
Offices: Liberty St. Ferry, South Ferry, 8 Astor House, 167, 261, 434, 1,300, 1,354 Broadway, 182 5th Ave., 26 Union Square West, 153 East 125th St., 273 West 125th St., 245 Columbus, Av., New York; 4 Court St., 344, 960 Fulton St., B'klyn; 390 B'way W'mburg, N. Y. Transfer Co. calls for and checks baggage to destination.
W. G. BESLER, C. M. BURT,
Vice Pres. and Gen. Mgr. Gen. Pass'r Agt.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.
NEW JERSEY CENTRAL R. R., PHILADELPHIA AND READING RY. and BALTIMORE AND OHIO R. R.
Leave South Ferry, Liberty St. Ferry, South Ferry.
Balto.-Washington...*12:01A.M. 8:30AM Buffet
Balto.-Washington...*8:01AM *10:30AM Diner
Balto.-Washington...*11:28AM *11:45AM Diner
Balto.-Washington...*12:55PM * 1:00PM Diner
* Royal Limited. * 3:55PM * 3:40PM Diner
Balto.-Washington...*5:01PM * 5:00PM Diner
Balto.-Washington...* 9:56PM * 7:00PM Buffet
Balto.-Washington... 12:10nt. *12:10nt. Sleepers
*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.
Offices: Liberty St. Ferry, South Ferry, Astor House, 167, 261, 434, 1,300, 1,354 Broadway, 182 5th Ave., 26 Union Square West, 153 East 125th St., 273 West 125th St., 245 Columbus Ave., New York; 4 Court St., 344, 960 Fulton St., Brooklyn; 390 Broadway, Williamsburg, New York Transfer Co. calls for and checks baggage to destination.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD

Leave New York City, south Ferry, Liberty St. Chicago, Pittsburg... *12:10nt. *12:16nt.
Chicago, Columbus... *12:55pm. * 1:00pm. Diner.
Pittsburg, Cleve.... * 2:35pm. * 3:40pm. Limited
*Pittsburg Limited.. * 4:35pm. * 5:00pm. Buffet
Cincinnati, St. Louis *12:10nt. *12:10nt. Sleeper
Cincinnati, St. Louis *10:25am. *10:30am. Diner
Cincinnati, St. Louis * 2:55pm. * 7:00pm. Buffet
Newark..... *10:25am. *10:30am. Diner
Washington..... * 4:00pm. * 4:00pm. Diner
*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.
Offices: 261, 434, 1,300 Broadway, 8 Astor House, 108 Greenwich St., 23 Union Square W., 943 Grand Street, N. Y.; 849 Fulton Street, Brooklyn; South Ferry, and Liberty Street. Baggage checked from hotel.

LEHIGH VALLEY.

Foot of West 23d St. Cortlandt and Desbrosses Sts. ‖ Daily. †Except Sunday. Sunday changes: 11th 27, 28, 29, 30.

	Lv. N.Y.	Ar. Phila.	Ar. Bfalo.
Manch Chunk Local	7.10 AM	9.40 AM	
Buffalo Express	*7.15 AM	*9.40 AM	4.40 AM
20th CENTURY LIMITED	*10.30 AM	*12.40 PM	7.40 PM
Manch Chunk and Easton Local	*12.40 PM	*4.10 PM	10.25 PM
Wilkes-Barre & Scranton Exp.	*2.30 PM	*5.00 PM	1.00 AM
Easton Local	5.10 PM	7.40 PM	
Chicago & Toronto Vestibule Exp.	*5.40 PM	*8.40 PM	8.00 AM
'PHILA. & BUFFALO TRAIN.	*7.55 PM	*10.55 PM	6.00 AM

Tickets and Pullman accommodations at 161, 261, 298, 434, 1234 and 1354 Broadway, 10 5th Ave., 23 Union Square West, 543 Columbus Ave., N. Y.; 180 Fulton St., 4 Court St., 504 Broadway, and 1 Fulton St., Brooklyn; 8 Astor House, N. Y. Transfer Co. will call for and check baggage.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—SHIPPING.

To the ORIENT

OUR ORIENTAL TRIPS

have become a most perfect undertaking, after 15 years of valuable experience. It is no longer an experiment. We take you to FUNCHAL (Madeira,) GIBRALTAR, side trips to Granada, and the Alhambra, MALAGA, ALGIERS, GENOA, (Riviera, Nice, Monte Carlo, San Remo, etc.) VILLEFRANCHE, SYRACUSE, MALTA, ALEXANDRIA, (Cairo, the Pyramids of Ghizeh and Sakkarah, Luxor, etc.) BEYROUTH, (Damascus and Baalbec,) JAFFA, (Jerusalem, Bethlehem, Jericho, The Jordan, The Dead Sea,) CONSTANTINOPLE, PIRAEUS, (Athens,) KALAMAKI, (Greece, overland trip via Corinth, Mycenae, Argos, and Tiryns,) NAUPLIA, PALERMO, NAPLES, GENOA, NEW YORK.

S. S. Auguste Victoria,

a palatial floating hotel, from New York Feb. 2, 1904. Number of passengers limited.

74 Days—$450 & up.

Send for illustrated Booklets A No. 2.

Hamburg-American Line,
35-37 Broadway, N. Y.

North German Lloyd.

FAST EXPRESS SERVICE.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN.
From New Pier foot of 3d St., Hoboken.
Kaiser...Nov. 24, 10 AM|K. Wm. II...Jan. 26, 9 AM
Kronprz...Dec. 1, 1 PM|Kaiser...Feb. 2, 10 AM
K.Wm.II..Dec. 15, 9 PM|Kronprinz...Mar. 1, 4 AM
Kronprinz..Jan. 5, 1 AM|Kaiser...Mar. 8, 10 AM
THE NEW TWIN-SCREW EXPRESS
S. S. "Kaiser William II."
707 FEET—19,500 TONS—40,000 HORSE-POWER.
SAILS DEC. 19, JAN. 26.
TWIN SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN.
From New Pier foot of 3d St., Hoboken.
Kurfurst..Nov. 26, 10 AM|*Neckar...Jan. 12, 1 PM
*Neckar...Dec. 3, 10 AM|Ernest...Jan. 21, Noon
Rhein...Dec. 10, 10 AM|Main...Jan. 28, 10 AM
*Main...Dec. 17, 1 PM|*Neckar...Feb. 16, 10 AM
*To Bremen direct.
MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.
GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA.
From New Pier foot of 3d St., Hoboken.
F. Irene...Dec. 1, 11 AM|Neckar...Jan. 30, 11 AM
Hahn....Dec. 10, 11 AM|Hohenst'n..Feb. 13, 11 AM
Hohenst'n..Jan. 2, 11 AM|Hahn....Feb. 20, 11 AM
Neckar...Jan. 9, 11 AM|Irene....Mar. 5, 11 AM
GELRICHS & CO., No. 5 Broadway, N. Y.
Louis H. Myer, 45 South Third St., Phila.

Hamburg-American.

Bi-weekly Twin Screw Service
FOR PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG, HAMBURG
Patricia..Nov. 28, 11 AM|*Moltke...Dec. 10, 10 AM
Pretoria...Dec. 5, 4 PM|Waldersee..Dec. 19, 6 AM
*Has grill room and gymnasium on board.

Mediterranean Service

New York—Naples—Genoa.
By superb new Twin-Screw Steamers.
S. Adelbert..Dec. 8, 10 AM|Deutschld'..Jan. 19, 4 PM
Palatia...Dec. 8, 10 AM|*Aug. Victoria..Fe. 6, 10 AM
Pr. Irene...Dec. 15, 10 AM|Adelbert..Feb. 6, 10 AM
Cabin, $50, $60, $75, $90, upward.
According to Steamer.
*Via Gibraltar and Algiers. †Grill room on board.

S. S. Deutschland to Italy.

LESS THAN 8 DAYS TO NAPLES.

Around the World

By the PRINZESSIN VICTORIA LUISE. 4½ months' trip—$1,125 upward.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE.
Offices, 35 and 37 Broadway. Piers Hoboken, N. J.

CUNARD LINE
MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE

Carpathia...now with screw 13,333 tons.
FROM NEW YORK NOV. 24, AT 11 A. M. for Naples, Palermo, and the Adriatic. Calling at Gibraltar and Algiers, to be followed by
AURANIA, Dec. 8, Jan. 26. CARPATHIA, Jan. 12.
Cabin, $60 and upward. Splendid accommodations. Apply for particulars; interesting itinerary.
VERNON H. BROWN & CO., 29 B'way, N. Y.

CUNARD LINE.

TO LIVERPOOL VIA QUEENSTOWN.
Lucania..Nov. 28, 11 AM|Umbria...Dec. 19, 6 AM
Etruria...Dec. 5, 4 AM|Lucania..Dec. 26, 10 AM
Campania..Dec. 12, 11 AM|Etruria...Jan. 2, 9 PM
From Pier 51-53 North River.
VERNON H. BROWN & CO., Gen. Agents, 29 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

AMERICAN LINE.

NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON—LONDON.
St. Paul..Nov. 25, 9:30 AM|St. Louis..Dec. 16, 9:30 AM
Philadelphia..Dec. 2, 9:30 AM|New York..Dec. 16, 9:30 AM

RED STAR LINE.

NEW YORK—ANTWERP—PARIS.
Zeeland..Nov. 28, 10:30 AM|Vaderl'd..Dec. 12, 10:30 AM
Finland..Dec. 5, 10:30 AM|Kroon'd..Dec. 19, 10:30 AM
Piers 14 and 15 N. R. Offices, 19 Broadway, N. Y.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS

for all lines, choice cabins at lowest prevailing rates, sailings, plans, &c., full information, foreign money, letters of credit, travelers' cheques, &c. Passports secured.
RAYMOND & WHITCOMB CO., 31 Union Square, 'Phone 6960—18 St. New York.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

WATERS PIANOS

Are strictly high-grade, artistic pianos and have a proud record of 58 years' standing. No pianos so celebrated as the "Waters" are sold at such low prices and on such easy terms. Send postal for catalogue. Both stores will remain

OPEN EVENINGS

until January first.

HORACE WATERS & CO.,
134 Fifth Ave., near 18th St.
254 West 125th St., near 8th Ave.
CAUTION — WATERS PIANOS are not sold in a Department Store.

PEASE PIANOS

STANDARD OF EXCELLENCY.
70,000 in use. Cash or payments. Renting, exchanging. Used pianos, $125 up. Write for catalogue and special list.
1,256 WEST 125TH ST., near B'way.

JAMES & HOLMSTROM
23 EAST 14TH ST.

SMALL PIANOS for rent; magnificent tone; handsome in used Steinway, Vose and other standard makes; easy payments; rents, $2 up.

SMALL PIANOS FOR SMALL ROOMS.

A dainty gem, with full, rich tone; complete assortment of Grands and Uprights; easy payments; rents applied on purchase. Catalogue free.
MATHUSHEK & SON, B'WAY, COR. 47TH ST.

STURZ PIANOS.

Sold on Easy Terms Direct from FACTORY WAREROOMS, AT 1442 LINCOLN AVE., 124th St., Block East of 3d Ave.

THE OPERA PIANO.

EASY TERMS. RENTS. Phone, 1045—38th.
1569 BROADWAY, Cor. 47th St

MARSCHEI

TRINITY BUILDING TO BE RECONVEYED

U. S. Realty Co. Takes the Property Back from the Equitable Life.

Reason for the Transaction Not Explained—New Structure, It Is Insisted, Will Be Erected.

The Trinity Building property, at 111 Broadway, which was sold several months ago by the United States Realty and Construction Company to the Equitable Life Assurance Society, will be reconveyed by the latter to the realty company in the near future.

In view of the silence of all the parties interested in this transaction, it is impossible to state the underlying reasons. It was said yesterday, however, in well-informed circles, that the proposed transfer has no deeper significance than that the Equitable, delayed in the improvement of the property by labor troubles, has simply changed its mind, so to speak, and is not unwilling to have the valuable but now unproductive site taken back by its former owners. It has been figured that the property, as it stands to-day, reckoning loss of interest, taxes, and other charges, must cost between $150,000 and $200,000 a year to carry. The Equitable, it is said, will reconvey the parcel at substantially the price for which it was purchased, and will realize no profit on the deal.

There was a disposition in some quarters yesterday to associate the proposed transfer in some way with plans of the Stockholders' Committee of the United States Realty Company, which were made public on Friday. What reason existed for the connection of the two events beyond possibly the fact that James H. Hyde, Vice President of the Equitable Life, is also a member of the United States Realty Stockholders' Committee was not apparent to those who talked about the Trinity Building developments. Nothing that is known as to the plans of this committee seemed to furnish any reason why the Equitable should be willing to hand back to its former owners what is admittedly the finest piece of unimproved property in the downtown district.

Some talk about the transaction seemed to be based upon the belief that it would involve nothing more than the cancellation of a contract, whereas the Equitable has taken title to the property and announced in some detail the facts concerning the purchase and projected improvement. In fact, for several months the old Trinity Building has borne an immense sign telling that the insurance company had bought the property and would erect on the site a modern office building—an operation which everybody has supposed was being put off only until the labor situation assumed some settled state.

The United States Realty and Construction Company has held the contract for the erection of the new building on the Trinity site. Whether this fact has any connection with the possible change in the property's ownership is not known, but it was pointed out yesterday that, in view of recent gossip about the George A. Fuller branch of the United States Realty Company, some question may have arisen as to the carrying out of this contract, and that, failing to reach a satisfactory agreement, the Equitable has seen fit to return the property.

"We have nothing to say," was the only reply of Messrs. Flake and Dowling of the United States Realty Company yesterday to various forms of inquiry regarding the present and future of the Trinity Building. "We have the contract to put up a new structure on the site," added Mr. Flake, "and it will be put up."

The United States Realty and Construction Company acquired the Trinity Building about a year ago for about $2,200,000. The price in the resale to the Equitable Life is never made public. The property has frontages of about 40 feet on Broadway and 45 feet at the rear on Trinity Place, and has a depth of about 260 feet, flanked on either side by Trinity Churchyard and Thames Street.

DE VEAU TAKES STAND.

Accused Denies Statements of Witnesses for Prosecution—Ready to Sum Up.

Edgar E. De Veau, the private detective of 870 Broadway, who was arrested on a charge of conspiring to assault and rob Samuel Lewis, a shirt manufacturer of 117 Mercer Street, as he left his factory on Nov. 4, took the stand at his trial, which was continued before Recorder Goff, in the Court of General Sessions yesterday.

He contradicted the testimony of Oliver Nelson, who betrayed the alleged scheme to District Attorney Jerome, and that of County Detective Mullen, who had testified that De Veau, to whom he had been introduced as an ex-convict, had given him a piece of lead pipe incased in a length of rubber hose, and had promised him $15 if he would strike Mr. Lewis on the head with it as the merchant stepped out on the stairs after leaving his private office.

De Veau said that he had lent Nelson $170 on various stories of hard luck which Nelson had told him, the first loan of $100 being made ten days after their first meeting through detective work, in which Nelson was also engaged. He admitted buying the rubber hose two days before he was arrested, but said he did it for Nelson, who wanted it to make a water connection. The prisoner also denied owning a phial containing chloroform and another of chloral, which were found in his room after his arrest, and which the witnesses against him said he told them he was keeping for another robbery after Lewis should have been struck down.

He gained a point on this, as Recorder Goff refused to permit Dr. Joseph A. Daghuee, chemist for the Board of Health, to testify regarding their contents, saying the bottle might have been in other hands since Nelson first saw them. Ella Eagan, a former employe of Mr. Lewis, denied having informed De Veau of his movements and habits of carrying valuables, as has been stated, although she admitted that she had known the prisoner very well. The lawyers will sum up this morning.

CANNOT PAINT HIS HOUSE.

Thwarted by Neighbor, Bronx Owner Appeals to Court, but in Vain.

Frederick Jager, an architect, owns a little three-story frame house at 1,777 Weeks Avenue, and three weeks ago he decided he would paint it yellow. In a few days three of its sides had been painted, but the fourth had not, and thereby hangs this tale that Mr. Jager told Magistrate Baker in the Morrisania Police Court yesterday morning:

"My next-door neighbor is George H. Schroeder," said Mr. Jager, "and about a year ago we had a disagreement. Therefore, when I tried to paint the side of my house that runs along the alleyway he took all kinds of steps to stop me.

"In the first place, I started to paint the house in the usual way, by using ladders. The bottom of them rested on Schroeder's ground, and he made me take them off. I then tried a swinging scaffold, but he thwarted me there, as he did when I tried a swinging chair, although with that I managed to get a small portion of the wall painted.

"As soon as he saw what I was doing, however, he got a laborer and put a lot of long posts in the ground next to the wall, so that the swinging chair painting had to be discontinued. I then gave it up as a bad job and decided to appeal to you to help me."

Magistrate Baker said he was very sorry, but would do nothing, and Mr. Jager went away.

FLOATING DELEGATE CAPTURES SHIP'S CREW

Seven Ablebodied Seamen Compelled to Leave Schooner.

Vessel Boarded While Lying Off Elizabethport—Twelve Men Assisted in the Kidnapping—Prosecution Threatened.

Twelve members of the Atlantic Coast Seamen's Union went to Elizabethport on Sunday afternoon, and there by force compelled seven able-bodied seamen to leave a schooner on which they had shipped, because they were not members of the union. While the men were being taken off the Captain, Joseph Smith, was held against the rail by four of the boarders, so that he could not move to help his men.

The schooner is the W. E. and W. L. Tuck, a ninety-nine-ton vessel, hailing from Houlton, Me. She finished loading coal for Boston on Saturday, and was to have sailed Sunday afternoon. At about 2 o'clock Capt. Smith went ashore at Elizabethport, where he was to meet C. W. Crane, the agent of the vessel, and from whom he was to get the bills of lading. With him in the small boat were two members of his crew. After finishing his business, Capt. Smith started to return to his vessel, and when he neared her he was surprised to see the steam launch Rex tied up alongside, and men from her boarding his vessel.

As soon as he got aboard he started for the forecastle, to which the men had gone, but before reaching there he was seized from behind by several of the men from the launch, and held to the rail. He asked for an explanation, but instead of receiving it was told to keep quiet. The men with him were led to the forecastle and told to prepare to leave the vessel. Capt. Smith soon saw his men, each carrying his bag of personal goods, coming out of the forecastle and being urged toward the launch by the other men. He called to his own men, asking them to stand by him. Some of them dropped their bundles and started to fight for liberty, aided by the mate, the steward, and the carpenter. For a time a lively scuffle continued on the deck of the vessel, during which Capt. Smith tried to liberate himself, but without success.

Finally, the men from the launch, who were all of large size, overcame the non-union men, and led them to the waiting vessel. When the seven had been removed from the schooner Capt. Smith was liberated with the warning not to try any "funny work." The twelve men also left the schooner and, boarding the launch, sailed away for New York.

Yesterday morning Capt. Smith went before the Shipping Commissioner at the Battery and complained of the action of the union, but was told that the Commissioner had no jurisdiction over the matter. He was advised, however, to go to New Jersey and get warrants for the men who had boarded the vessel and other warrants for assault against the men who had held him.

"All of the seven men had signed papers with me," said Capt. Smith, "and under no condition were they supposed to leave the ship. I understand that when they arrived in New York they were taken to the union office and made to sign articles whereby they would not again ship with a master not a member of the union."

After Capt. Smith had finished his tale to the Commissioner he walked up South Street, where he met three of the men who had been in his crew. All were anxious to return to his ship, but said that they could not because their bags were held by the union at headquarters, 37 South Street. Taking the men with him, the Captain went to the Oak Street Police Station, where he asked for a police escort to protect the men while they got their baggage.

The escort was furnished, and the three sailors regained their property, which was in a room filled with union men, who made threats against them should they refuse to obey the dictates of the union. With the Captain the sailors then returned to the schooner.

At the union headquarters Otto Parson, who said that he was a delegate of the union, denied that the organization had taken any part in the kidnapping.

"The union is not responsible," he said, "and whatever may have taken place was done without any authority from it. We have never yet adopted such means for getting men into our organization, and we deny now that we had any part in it."

"How, then, does it happen that the bags of the kidnapped men were brought here for safekeeping?" was asked.

"Well," he answered, "the men came in here to join the union, and they left their bags until they could get positions. You see, we allowed them to take the bags when they called for them."

John Williams, the shipping master who signed the men for Capt. Smith, said yesterday that the union had kidnapped the men, and that it was done in an effort to ruin him.

"That expedition which went down to Elizabethport on the launch was under the personal direction of the floating delegate of the union, whose name is Petersen," said Williams. "It is not the first job of the kind that he has engineered. He went with a boatload of men to the schooner Adele Thackara, lying off the Jersey Flats, a few days ago, and tried to take three men off of her. The men fought him, however, and he only succeeded in scaring off one boy, who jumped overboard and swam ashore.

"Last week he went down to Easton's Point and pulled off a couple of men from a schooner lying there. These are cases of which I have personal knowledge."

C. W. Crane, the agent of the W. E. & W. L. Tuck, said that he had a clear case against the kidnappers, and that he would press it in the courts.

SEAMEN'S UNION CONVENTION.

Opens at the Ashland House with Forty-two Delegates.

The International Seamen's Union began its annual convention at the Ashland House yesterday, it being the first convention of the union ever held in this city. Forty-two delegates were present, representing 27,000 organized sailors, firemen, stewards, sea cooks, and fishermen from the Atlantic and Pacific Coasts, the Great Lakes, and the Gulf districts.

The convention was opened by President William Penje of Chicago. Treasurer Anderson said one of the most important things to be considered by the convention will be the thorough organization of the sea cooks, marine stewards, and marine firemen in this port. They are thoroughly organized, he says, on the Pacific Coast. A movement for a uniform scale of wages in all the branches will also be started.

PENNSYLVANIA TUNNEL BIDS.

Omission of Strike Clause in Contract Deprecated by Some Contractors—The Company's View.

Owing to the fact that the form of contract which is to govern the construction of the Pennsylvania Railroad's tunnel across the North and East Rivers and under Manhattan Island contains no strike clause, some contractors have expressed the opinion that few, if any, bids are likely to be made for the job. They say that provision should be made in the contract granting a reasonable length of time to contractors to finish their work without fine in case delays arise from trouble with their employes.

The penalty fixed by the Pennsylvania Company for failure to complete the work within the period agreed upon amounts to one-fiftieth of 1 per cent. of the total amount to be paid the contractor for each day's delay. In support of their views, those who have criticised the nature of the contract point to the experience of the company which has been building the rapid transit subway, and which has suffered a setback of over six months in one year.

The date which has been set for the opening of bids is Dec. 15, when they will be received at the offices of the Pennsylvania Company, at 85 Cedar Street.

At the office of the chief engineer, at 20 West Thirty-fourth Street, Manhattan, it was said yesterday that the contract had been drawn up after due deliberation, and it was deemed inadvisable to include in it a strike clause. What would be the result of omitting such a provision could not, it was said, be foretold, but the company believed that contractors who wanted the work would not be deterred from bidding on it for this reason. It was added that, in any event, the form of the contract would remain as it was.

Jaeger
PURE WOOL UNDERWEAR

Science devised it
Experience perfected it
Prudence prescribes it
Health requires it.

Maximum of Warmth with Minimum of Weight.

"Chill November" has no terrors for the wearer of a Jaeger undersuit.

All Weights for All Wants.

Catalogue and Samples Free.

Sold in New York at the
Jaeger Co.'s Own Stores Only
MAIN RETAIL
306 Fifth Avenue
DOWNTOWN BRANCH
157 Broadway

Two of a kind.

"Fine feathers make fine birds."

Even a dead turkey without his plumage demands good dressing.

Don't fool yourself into thinking your dressing won't be noticed at the Thanksgiving table.

Do you want our assistance?

Dress Suits, $30 to $38.
Tuxedo or Dinner Coats, $17 to $23.
Paddock or Frock Overcoat, $28 to $45.
Belted-back Overcoat, $20 to $35.
Suits in worsteds and cheviots, $12 to $30.
Special sale of Gloves, oak and cedar tan shades, $1.50 value. At $1.00.
Thanksgiving Neckwear up to $2.50. Our English Square at 50c. good value.

Hackett, Carhart & Co.
Three BROADWAY Stores.
Cor. 13th St.
Cor. Canal St.
Near Chambers.

NEELY CANNOT GET HIS $20,000

Judge Lacombe Dismisses Motion to Vacate Attachment of Bail.

Judge Lacombe, in the United States Circuit Court, yesterday handed down an opinion dismissing the motion made by Charles F. W. Neely, who was convicted in Cuba of appropriating $45,875 of postal funds, while acting as Director of Finances in the Department of Posts during the military occupation of Cuba by the United States, to vacate the attachment filed by the United States against $20,000 in cash deposited by Neely as bail with the Register of the United States Circuit Court in this district.

In his opinion Judge Lacombe, however, states that the legal questions involved are too important to be finally passed upon on a mere motion, and suggests that the questions be properly raised on the trial, when the merits can be fully gone into, exceptions taken, and a review had by the appellate tribunals.

The chief question raised involves an interpretation of the act of amnesty passed by the Cuban Congress in May, 1902, whereby all Americans convicted of crime in Cuba during the occupancy of the island were pardoned. In his opinion Judge Lacombe says:

"It is difficult to understand by what process of reasoning a provision as plain as this (amnesty act) can be so construed as to transfer the title to property from the true owner to the thief who stole it."

CEDARHURST HOUSE LOOTED.

Plumbing Torn Out and Valuable Carpets and Rugs Destroyed.

The Summer home of Patrick E. Paisley on Cedarhurst Avenue, Cedarhurst, has been looted by thieves within the last few days. Mr. Paisley and family returned to their home some weeks ago in New York, leaving the premises in charge of W. S. Vanderwater, a real estate agent at Cedarhurst. Mr. Vanderwater visited the cottage on Saturday and found the rear door open and the house in disorder. Every faucet in the house, together with other plumbing and copper lining of a bathtub in the second story, was missing, as well as some brasswork.

A number of valuable rugs and carpets had been slashed and cut. There were a number of similar thefts in Cedarhurst last Fall and Winter, and private detectives were employed to catch the perpetrators, but no arrests were made. It is thought the same gang may have begun operations again.

HELD FOR HUSBAND'S MURDER.

Mrs. Della Lupo Tried to Poison Herself at Time of the Tragedy.

Mrs. Della Lupo, widow of Morris Lupo, a sewing machine agent, who was found dead in his room at 270 West Fourth Street, on the morning of Nov. 3, with bullet wounds in his chest, head, and back, was held without bail by Coroner Scholer and a Coroner's jury yesterday afternoon, to await the action of the Grand Jury.

At the time of the tragedy Mrs. Lupo, who tried to kill herself by taking laudanum, said that her husband had committed suicide and that she, seeing that his death would leave her alone and unsupported, had determined to follow him.

The principal witness at the inquest was Francis McGlynn, who occupied a room next to that of the Lupos. He testified that on the night before the murder he heard his neighbors quarreling and talking of divorce. At 6:30 o'clock in the morning he was awakened by a shot. Listening, he heard Lupo utter an oath. This was followed by four more shots. Then he heard something being dragged across the room. McGlynn's story was corroborated by Thomas H. Whalen, whose room also adjoined that of the Lupos.

Queens Official Honorably Discharged.

Michael J. O'Sullivan, a Deputy Tax Commissioner of Queens Borough, was honorably discharged by Justice Wyatt, in the Court of Special Sessions, yesterday afternoon. O'Sullivan was arrested on Oct. 20, charged with obtaining money from men with the promise to get them positions on the police force. Assistant District Attorney Lord appeared for the prosecution, and stated that there was absolutely no evidence against O'Sullivan, and he requested his honorable discharge. The specific charge against O'Sullivan was the alleged receipt of $200 to secure a police force position for one Eric Erickson.

LEGAL NOTES.

REFORMATION OF CONTRACTS.—It was the understanding of Irving McCausland, an insurance agent, in taking a fire risk on certain property for the Lion Fire Insurance Company, Limited, of London, that he was insuring Catherine Dougherty. The latter's daughter, in an action to reform the fire policy, on the ground that it should have been made out to her, claimed, however, that she told McCausland that her mother was dead. While Justice Cochrane of the Supreme Court does not doubt the veracity of Miss Dougherty, he decides that, giving the testimony of both witnesses its proper weight, the entire evidence fails to satisfactorily show that the agent knew of Mrs. Dougherty's death. The Justice, therefore, holds that, without a finding that McCausland knew of the fact in question, there could have been no mistake mutual or common to both parties, and hence no basis for a reformation of the policy. Justice Cochrane said in part: "It is fundamental that, to justify a court in reforming a contract on the ground of a mistake, such mistake must be one which is mutual and common to both parties to the contract. To enable the plaintiffs to maintain this action, it was incumbent upon them to show that there was a mistake; that it was mutual, and one made by all the parties to the agreement, so that the intention of neither was expressed. If it was such a contract as one of the parties intended to make, and the one it understood the others also intended to make, the court had no power to reform it, as, under such circumstances, it would be making a new contract for the parties, and unjust to the ones who made no mistake."

***

DELAY IN ADMINISTERING ESTATES.—Surrogate Heaton of Rensselaer County has given the decision holding that the conduct of an executor who delays the settlement and distribution of an uncomplicated estate for nine years, and keeps no accounts of it, is to be condemned severely. The Surrogate said of the case: "It would not be proper to overlook the fact that the money of the estate in his hands was not put in bank in a special deposit, but was during all these nine years mingled with the funds of the executor. Too many executors and administrators pursue such a course, and when such a case is brought to the attention of the court it must meet with prompt condemnation. But, as nearly all of the balance of the estate has been actually paid out by the executor, although many of such payments have not been allowed on this accounting, and as it appears that Mr. Barry has acted honestly and in good faith, his account may be surcharged with interest upon such sums as have remained in his hands at the rate of 4 per cent., with annual rests."

Stern Brothers

Gold Jewelry

BROCHES, RINGS, SCARF PINS, HAT PINS, KNIVES, KEY RINGS, CHAINS, ETC.

Large Assortments of Watches Swiss and American Movements

Boys' Watches — Gun Metal and Silver Cases, $3.00 to 8.45
Men's Watches — Gun Metal and Silver Cases, $8.50 to 12.75; Solid Gold Cases, $22.25 to 55.00
Women's Watches — Gun Metal and Silver Cases, $5.00 to 17.75; Fancy Enamelled Cases, $4.95 " 27.50; Solid Gold Cases, $12.00 " 37.00

A Special Offering of
Men's Fine Neckwear
Choice assortment of White, Black and Colored Silks
Squares, Flowing-End Scarfs Four-in-Hand, Tecks and Puffs, Value $1.00 — 50c

Fancy Flannel & Cheviot Pajamas
Large variety of designs, military collars, best finish and perfect fitting, Value $4.00 — $2.45

West Twenty-third Street

A LOT of men who had been trying on suits and overcoats in the different stores came into OUR stores last week and bought—told us what they had been doing—that's how we found out.

Have you time to do the same? Could you spare five minutes to be sure of the best?

"It's easy if you know how."

Broadway at 31st St., N. Y.
Fulton St. at Flatbush Ave.
Broadway at Bedford Ave.
Brooklyn

SMITH GRAY & CO.

The ORCHESTRELLE
A SOLO ORCHESTRA
WHICH ANYONE CAN PLAY.
PRICES $600 TO $3,500.
The Orchestrelle is on exhibition and for sale,
AEOLIAN HALL, 362 Fifth Avenue.

Lots of men and boys who like to wear our clothes can't get to our stores and don't realize that we've a mail order department.

All the same, we've filled mail orders lately from Sitka, Alaska; Sydney, New South Wales; Caracas, Venezuela; Manila, P. I.; Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic; Beirut, Syria; and Guam.

Just as easy to fill yours from Brooklyn, the Bronx, or beyond—and it's easy to send back what you don't want.

ROGERS, PEET & COMPANY

258 Broadway, opposite City Hall, and 7 and 9 Warren St.
842 Broadway, cor. 13th, and 140 to 146 4th Ave.
1260 Broadway, cor. 32d and 54 West 33d St.
We fill orders by mail.

DRY COOKING. We dry-cooked choice wheat in 1880 making the unequalled wheat breakfast food—WHEATENA. We are now raising the oats to the highest standard in BESTOVOTES.
HEALTH FOOD CO., 61 5th Ave.

Madame
Adelina Patti
may be like most public singers, a frequent user of Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar—as her voice seems to be always in condition. Those who use the voice in public know the value of this simple old-time remedy that does not fail. It quickly and pleasantly cures hoarseness, coughs and colds. Do not be without it. Your druggist sells it.

TRUNKS, BAGS, SUIT CASES

Everything for the Traveler. Large selection of Novelties for Xmas Gifts. Buy direct from the manufacturers.
The American Trunk Co.
17 Union Square West, opp. Tiffany's
Factory, 28 Vesey St., N. Y.

BASS & CO.'S FINEST PRODUCTION
BARLEY WINE
In bottle only at Hotels and Restaurants and ACKER, MERRALL & CONDIT CO.'S Stores.

AMUSEMENTS. AMUSEMENTS.

CHARLES FROHMAN'S LEADING NEW YORK THEATRES

NEW EMPIRE THEATRE, B'way & 40th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mat. Sat. 2:15.
CHARLES FROHMAN ..... Manager
"Handsomest of New York's Theatres."—Herald.
Miss Adams' Engagement Ends Jan. 2.
EXTRA MATINEE THURSDAY.
Seats on Sale for All Performances.
CHARLES FROHMAN Presents
MAUDE ADAMS
in Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett's Play,
THE PRETTY SISTER of JOSE
Evenings 8:15. Mat. Saturday, 2:15.

NEW LYCEUM 45th St., E. of B'way. Begins 8:15.
WILLIAM Mat. Thanksgiving & Sat., 2.
GILLETTE THIS ADMIRABLE CRICHTON.

SAVOY THEATRE, 34th St. & B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. 2:15.
CHARLES FROHMAN ..... Manager
THIS WEEK ONLY.
EXTRA MATINEE THURSDAY.
CHARLES FROHMAN Presents
MME. CHARLOTTE WIEHE
and FRENCH COMPANY,
from the VAUDEVILLE THEATRE, W. 44 St.
Presenting Tricks of Nerine, the Wedding Night, La Poupee, the Farewell Supper.
Next Week Vaudeville Theatre.
REGULAR MATINEES SATURDAY.
Next Week: MAXINE ELLIOTT in Clyde Fitch's HER OWN WAY. Begins Thurs.

GARRICK THEATRE, 35th St. & B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. 2:15.
CHARLES FROHMAN ..... Manager
EXTRA MATINEE THURSDAY.
CHARLES FROHMAN Presents
George Fleming's Dramatization of Mrs. Humphry Ward's Novel,
Lady Rose's Daughter
WITH FAY DAVIS
and Members of Charles Frohman's Empire Stock Company, including GUY STANDING.
Regular Mat. Sat. No Wed. Mat. This Week.

CRITERION THEATRE, B'way & 44th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mat. Sat. 2:15.
CHARLES FROHMAN ..... Manager
CHARLES FROHMAN Presents
WM. FAVERSHAM
in a play in 4 acts,
MISS ELIZABETH'S PRISONER
by E. L. Sweet and R. N. Stephens, with cast including Hilda Spong, Percy Lyndell, Charles Harbury, Ira Hards, John Armstrong, Charles Avery, George Goldsford, Maude Hosford.
MATINEES THURSDAY & SAT.

HUDSON THEATRE, 44th St., nr. B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. 2:15.
HENRY B. HARRIS ..... Manager
EXTRA MATINEE THURSDAY.
LAST WEEK.
CHARLES FROHMAN Presents
ETHEL BARRYMORE
in Hubert Henry Davies' Play,
COUSIN KATE
SPECIAL—At 8 o'cl. Thurs., Fri. & Sat. Evs. and Sat. Mat. at 2, Cousin Kate, preceded by Carrots.
Last Matinee Saturday.
NEXT WEEK: MARIE TEMPEST.
MONDAY: THE MARRIAGE OF KITTY.
Seats on sale to-morrow at 9 A. M.

HERALD SQ. THEATRE, B'way & 35th St. 8:15 sharp. Mat. Sat. 2:15.
CHARLES FROHMAN ..... Manager
CHARLES FROHMAN & GEORGE EDWARDES Present the Farcical Comedy, with Music,
THE GIRL FROM KAY'S
With Enormous Cast, including Sam Bernard.
EXTRA MATINEE THURSDAY.

GARDEN THEATRE, 27th St. & Mad. Ave. Evgs. 8. Mats. 2.
CHARLES FROHMAN ..... Manager
EXTRA MATINEE THURSDAY.
DIRECT FROM DALY'S.
Charles Frohman & George Edwardes' London Comedy,
Three Little Maids
SAME FAVORITES. NEW SONGS.
REGULAR MATINEE SATURDAY.

NEW AMSTERDAM 42d St., west of B'way. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Wed., Th'k'g & Sat. at 2:15.
KLAW & ERLANGER ..... Managers
Charles B. Dillingham presents
Last Week MAXINE ELLIOTT
This Theatre in Clyde Fitch's HER OWN WAY
Dec. 2—MOTHER GOOSE. Seats Friday.

BROADWAY THEATRE, 41st St. & B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Th'k'g & Sat. 2:15.
JACOB LITT ..... Prop.
"THE PIT OF THE TOWN."
Charles B. Dillingham presents
FRITZI SCHEFF,
IN BABETTE.
A New Romantic Comic Opera,
by Victor Herbert & Harry B. Smith
Note—Two performances Thursday, (Thanksgiving Day.) Afternoon, Ida Hawley as Babette; evening, Fritzi Scheff as Babette.

DALY'S THEATRE B'way & 30 St. Eve. at 8:15. Mats. this week Thurs. (Th'k'g Day.) & Sat. Next Week Wed.
DANIEL FROHMAN ..... Manager
Klaw & Erlanger present
A Japanese Nightingale.
A Story of Modern Japan.

NEW YORK B'way, 44 to 45 St. Evgs. at 8. Mats. Wed., Th'k'g, & Sat. 2.
KLAW & ERLANGER ..... Managers
Last 3 weeks. PRICES 50c., $1, $1.50
BEN-HUR.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way 38th St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Th'k'g & Sat. 2:15.
Forbes ROBERTSON Gertrude ELLIOTT
"THE LIGHT THAT FAILED."

VICTORIA 42d St., E. of 7th Av. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Sat'y.
FRANK DANIELS
in The Office Boy
Spec. Mat. Thurs.

NEW AMSTERDAM Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Wed., Th'k'g & Sat. at 2:15.
424 St., west of B'way.
KLAW & ERLANGER ..... Managers
Charles B. Dillingham presents
Last Week MAXINE ELLIOTT
This Theatre in Clyde Fitch's HER OWN WAY
Dec. 2—MOTHER GOOSE. Seats Friday.

BROADWAY THEATRE, 41st St. & B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Th'k'g & Sat. at 2:15.
JACOB LITT ..... Prop.
"THE PIT OF THE TOWN."
Charles B. Dillingham presents
FRITZI SCHEFF,
IN BABETTE.
A New Romantic Comic Opera,
by Victor Herbert & Harry B. Smith
Note—Two performances Thursday, (Thanksgiving Day.) Afternoon, Ida Hawley as Babette; evening, Fritzi Scheff as Babette.

DALY'S THEATRE B'way & 30 St. Eve. at 8:15. Mats. this week Thurs. (Th'k'g Day.) & Sat. Next Week Wed.
DANIEL FROHMAN ..... Manager
Klaw & Erlanger present
A Japanese Nightingale.
A Story of Modern Japan.

NEW YORK B'way, 44 to 45 St. Evgs. at 8. Mats. Wed., Th'k'g, & Sat. 2.
KLAW & ERLANGER ..... Managers
Last 3 weeks. PRICES 50c., $1, $1.50
BEN-HUR.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way 38th St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Th'k'g & Sat. 2:15.
Forbes ROBERTSON Gertrude ELLIOTT
"THE LIGHT THAT FAILED."

VICTORIA 42d St., E. of 7th Av. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Sat'y.
FRANK DANIELS
in The Office Boy
Spec. Mat. Thurs.

LYRIC 42d & 43d Sts., B'way & 7th Av. To-night, 8:15. Mat. Sat. 2:15.
GRACE VAN STUDDIFORD
in "RED FEATHER"
with GUERRERO—The Hit of the Season.
EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING DAY.

PRINCESS THEATRE B'way & 29th St. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30.
KYRLE BELLEW
as "Raffles, the Amateur Cracksman."

Madison SQUARE. Last week. Mats. Thurs. & Sat.
Seats on Sale Wednesday for Jessie Millward in "A Clean Slate."
LITTLE PRINCESS

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Saturday, 2:15.
FRANCIS WILSON'S ERMINIE
Extra Mat. Thanksgiving Day.
Seats on Sale Wednesday for PAULA EDWARDES Winsome Winnie.

CARNEGIE HALL, NEXT SUNDAY AT 3.
N. Y. SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA,
WALTER DAMROSCH ..... Conductor.
Soloists: Fanny Bloomfield Zeisler, Pianist, and Leo Schuls, 'Cello. Brahms Symphony No. 1; Concerto, Grieg, and other important selections. Prices, 25, 50, 75, and $1.00, at Carnegie Hall and Ditson's.

WALLACK'S
B'way & 30th St. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
TO-NIGHT 8:15
HENRY W. SAVAGE OFFERS
GEORGE ADE'S QUAINT COMEDY,
THE COUNTY CHAIRMAN
Extra Matinee Thanksgiving Day.

BELASCO THEATRE Evs. at 8. Mats. Thur. & Sat., 2.
DAVID BELASCO presents MRS. LESLIE CARTER in his play DU BARRY
NEXT WEEK Mon., Tue., Wed., ZAZA. Thur., Fri., Sat. (Mat. & Eve.) Du Barry.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. 14th St. & Irving Pl.
MATINEE THANKSGIVING DAY.
THE BEST OF FRIENDS.
Prices 25, 50, 75, 1.00. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2. Eve. 8:15.

PROCTOR'S 23d St. Cont. Vaude. 56th St. Denny Dan Daly & Big War Plays. COMEDY & VAUD. Every Aft. & Eve 25c., 50c. Res. 75c. Sat. Mat. $1. 5th "Mat. Same Show" 125th "Incheater." "One Error." Big Vaudeville.

KEITH'S B'way and 14th St. BEST SHOW IN TOWN. 20—GREAT ACTS—20. PRICES 25c. and 50c.

FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE
AMONG YE CHINA CLOSETS.
Our old-fashioned china closets are quaint, artistic and charming. They keep one's china where it makes a cheerful show of glinting light and color. No up-to-date dining-room should be without one.
Here are some in Golden Oak—plain with wooden shelves, $17; others elaborately carved with glass shelves and mirror back.
Old Dutch shapes in Weathered Oak, $22 and $64, in Antwerp Oak, $90. Colonials in Mahogany, $45, some resting on graceful legs, high-boy fashion, or made with upper and lower parts separated by an open cove.
Renaissance and Art Nouveau, even—each an example of the best furniture art, and all this excellency is at the factory price, when you
"BUY OF THE MAKER"
GEO. C. FLINT CO.
43, 45 and 47 West 23rd St.
NEAR BROADWAY.
CARRIAGE ENTRANCE, 29 WEST 24th ST.
Factories: 509 to 515 West 23d St.

CRITERION THEATRE, B'way & 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Sat. 2:15.
CHARLES FROHMAN ..... Manager
CHARLES FROHMAN Presents
WM. FAVERSHAM
in a play in 4 acts,
MISS ELIZABETH'S PRISONER
by E. L. Sweet and R. N. Stephens, with cast including Hilda Spong, Percy Lyndell, Charles Harbury, Ira Hards, John Armstrong, Charles Avery, George Goldsford, Maude Hosford.
MATINEES THURSDAY & SAT.

HUDSON THEATRE, 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. 2:15.
HENRY B. HARRIS ..... Manager
EXTRA MATINEE THURSDAY.
LAST WEEK.
CHARLES FROHMAN Presents
ETHEL BARRYMORE
in Hubert Henry Davies' Play,
COUSIN KATE
SPECIAL—At 8 o'cl. Thurs., Fri. & Sat. Evs. and Sat. Mat. at 2, Cousin Kate, preceded by Carrots.
Last Matinee Saturday.
NEXT WEEK: MARIE TEMPEST.
MONDAY: THE MARRIAGE OF KITTY.
Seats on sale to-morrow at 9 A. M.

HERALD SQ. THEATRE, B'way & 35th St. 8:15 sharp. Mat. Sat. 2:15.
CHARLES FROHMAN ..... Manager
CHARLES FROHMAN & GEORGE EDWARDES Present the Farcical Comedy, with Music,
THE GIRL FROM KAY'S
With Enormous Cast, including Sam Bernard.
EXTRA MATINEE THURSDAY.

GARDEN THEATRE, 27th St. & Mad. Ave. Evs. 8. Mats. 2.
CHARLES FROHMAN ..... Manager
EXTRA MATINEE THURSDAY.
DIRECT FROM DALY'S.
Charles Frohman & George Edwardes' London Comedy,
Three Little Maids
SAME FAVORITES. NEW SONGS.
REGULAR MATINEE SATURDAY.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE.
GRAND OPERA SEASON 1903-1904.
Under the direction of Mr. Heinrich Conried.
Tomorrow, Wednesday, Eve., Nov. 25th, at 8, DIE WALKUERE. Gadski, Fremstad (debut), Homer, Kronold, Ralph, Heidedach, Van Dyck, Jacoby, Bouhy, Goritzmann, Kraus, Van Rooy, Blass. Conductor, Mottl (debut).
Friday Eve., Nov. 27th, at 8, LA BOHEME. Sembrich, Viafni (debut), Caryna, Scheppard, Journet, Rossi (debut), Masiero, Dufriche. Conductor, Viana.
Sat. Aft., Nov. 28th, at 2, RIGOLETTO. Sembrich, Homer, Buttermeister, Mapleson, Beemsen, Caruso, Scotti, Journet, Bevani, Cosimaro, Masiero, Dufriche. Conductor, Vigna.
Sat. Eve., Nov. 28th, at 8, (First Performance at Popular Prices.) DIE WALKUERE. Gadski, Fremstad, Homer, Kronold, Ralph, Heidedach, Van Dresser, Jacoby, Bouhy, Goritzmann, Stippel, Van Rooy, Blass. Conductor, Mottl.
Seats for the above performances also for the Performances of PARSIFAL.
Taking place on Thursdays, December 24th, 31st, January 7th, 14th, 21st.
NOW ON SALE AT BOX OFFICE.
WEBER PIANOS USED.

IRVING PLACE THEATRE. Ev. Exc. & Sat. Mat., the Great Success, "IM HUNTEN ROCK." Thanksgiving Day Mat. "ALT HEIDELBERG."

SYMPHONY CONCERT
For Young People.
Frank Damrosch ..... Director
SATURDAY N V 28, AT 2:30.
(13th to 18th Century.) Works by Bach, Handel, Rameau, Gretry, Monsigny, Purcell, Palestrina, di Lasso, Josquin de Pres, Meley.
Choir of the Musical Art Society.
Tickets at office, 362 5th Av., and at box office, Carnegie Hall.

MENDELSSOHN HALL.
Second Concert TO-NIGHT AT 8:15.
KNEISEL QUARTET
Assisted by FERDINAND VON INTEN
Programme: CAESAR FRANCK, quartet in D major; SMETANA, trio for piano, violin, and violoncello in G minor, op. 15; C. von DITTERSDORF, quartet in E flat major.
Res. Seats, $1.50, at Ditson's, 867 B'way.

CARNEGIE LYCEUM